

## Life series

سلسلة مذكرات **لايف** للمرحلتين الابتدائية والاعدادية

أقوى سلسلة شرح ومراجعات نهائية في اللغة الانجليزية

**الثمن جنيه ونصف**

تحتوى على كلمات كل وحدة منفصلة

تمارين متدرجة على جميع اسئلة الامتحان

20 نموذج امتحان

إضافة الى كتاب المراجعة النهائية والذي يحتوى على 31 إمتحان

بسعر 2.5 جنيه

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# Unit 1

## Vocabulary

Arabic	اللغة العربية	English	اللغة الانجليزية
geography	الجغرافيا	German	الألمانية
history	التاريخ	maths	الرياضيات
science	العلوم	social studies	الدراسات الاجتماعية
art	الرسم	computer studies	دراسات الحاسب الآلى
music	الموسيقى	subject	مادة دراسية
favourite	المفضل	apartment	شقة
parents	الوالدين	proud	فخور
preparatory	الإعدادى	trousers	البنطلون ( pl. )
T-shirt	تي شيرت	a day	يوم
programmes	برامج	never	أبداً
often	غالباً	sometimes	أحياناً
usually	عادة	occasionally	بين الحين والآخر
always	دائماً	radio	راديو
exams	إمتحانات	o'clock	الساعة ... تماماً
DVDs	أقراص فيديو	internet	الانترنت
past	الماضى	numbers	أرقام - أعداد
cities	مدن	countries	دول
before	قبل	after	بعد
friends	أصدقاء	tomorrow	غداً
Egyptian	مصرى	blog post	مدونة إلكترونية
library	مكتبة للاستعارة	card	بطاقة
application	طلب - إستمارة	form	نموذج
first name	الإسم الأول	surname	اللقب
date of birth	تاريخ الميلاد	address	العنوان
telephone number	رقم التليفون	favourite books	الكتب المفضلة
painting	الرسم	free time	وقت الفراغ
too	أيضاً	but	لكن ..
karate	لعبة الكاراتية	football team	فريق كرة القدم
languages	اللغات	very well	جيد جداً
cousin	ابن العم	England	إنجلترا
happy	سعيد	new	جديد
everybody	كل واحد - كل شخص	friendly	ودود
kind	طيب - عطوف	each other	بعضهم البعض
unkind	غير عطوف	helpful	معين - مساعد
help	مساعدة	class	فصل
correct	صحيح	sports	ألعاب رياضية

good at university Village	ماهر فى جامعة قرية	every morning work religion	كل صباح العمل مادة الدين
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### Regular verbs

want - wanted	يريد	spell - spelled / spelt	يتهجى
repeat - repeated	يعيد - يكرر	like - liked	يحب
live - lived	يعيش - يسكن	love - loved	يحب
ask - asked	يسأل	play - played	يلعب
talk - talked	يتكلم	laugh at - laughed	يسخر من
share - shared	يشارك	listen - listened	يستمع
help - helped	يساعد	work - worked	يعمل
watch - watched	يشاهد	rain - rained	تمطر
use - used	يستخدم	wash - washed	يغسل
listen - listened	يستمع	walk - walked	يمشى
stop - stopped	يتوقف - يقف	paint - painted	يدهن - يرسم بالألوان
arrive - arrived	يصل	study - studied	يذاكر

### Irregular verbs

think - thought	يعتقد	do - did	يفعل - يعمل
speak - spoke	يتحدث (غالباً لغة)	say - said	يقول
hurt - hurt	يجرح	drive - drove	يقود - يسوق
take - took	يأخذ	can - could	يستطيع
go - went	يذهب	do homework - did	يعمل الواجب
get up - got up	ينهض من الفراش	have - had	يمتلك
draw - drew	يرسم	wake up - woke up	يوقظ - يستيقظ
take - took	يأخذ	wear - wore	يلبس
study - studies	يدرس	get dressed - got	يرتدى
get home - got	يصل المنزل	Learn - learnt (ed)	يتعلم

## Unit 2

### Vocabulary

architect	مهندس معمارى	farmer	مزارع - فلاح
doctor	طبيب	grandparents	أجداد
family	عائلة	countryside	الريف
grandfather	الجد	because	لأن - بسبب - من أجل
there are	يوجد للجمع	lots of	كثير من
jobs	وظائف - مهام	farm	مزرعة
father = dad	الأب	mother = mum	الأم
buildings	مبانى	at the moment = now	فى الحال
hospital	مستشفى	today	اليوم
sick people	المرضى	sister	أخت
teacher	مدرس / مدرسة	brother	الأخ - الشقيق

engineer	مهندس	still	ما زال
bridge / s	كوبرى - كبرى	dam / s	سد - سدود
road / s	طريق - طرق	each	كل
ill = sick	مريض - عليل	piano	آلة البيانو
a school trip	رحلة مدرسية	an e-mail	بريد إلكتروني
potatoes	بطاطس	story	قصة
outside	بالخارج	village	قرية
animals	حيوانات	vegetables	خضروات
proud of	فخور	office	مكتب
café	مقهى	library	مكتبة
family tree	شجرة العائلة	aunt	العمة - الخالة
cars	سيارات	cousin	إبن العم
wife	الزوجة	grandmother	الجدة
uncle	العم - الخال	husband	الزوج
mechanic	ميكانيكي	barber	حلاق
accountant	محاسب	chef	طاه - طباط
tour guide	مرشد سياحي	scientist	عالم
hair	شعر	laboratory	معمل - مختبر
restaurant	مطعم	famous places	أماكن مشهورة
shopping	التسوق	music	الموسيقى
older than	أكبر من	younger than	أصغر من
baby girl	طفلة صغيرة	food	طعام
headache	صداع	better at	أفضل في
is called	يُسمى - يُسمى	next door	البيت المجاور
daughter	ابنة	son	إبن

### Regular verbs

watch - watched	يشاهد	work - worked	يعمل
design - designed	يصمم	help - helped	يساعد
study - studied	يدرس	want - wanted	يريد
practise - practised	يمارس	stay - stayed	يبقى - يقيم
listen to - listened to	يستمع إلى	play - played	يلعب
cook - cooked	يطبخ - يطهو	show - showed	يعرض
repair - repaired	يصلح	plan - planned	يخطط

### Irregular verbs

teach - taught	يُدرس - يُعلم	sit - sat	يجلس
go - went	يذهب	grow - grew	يزرع
get up - got up	ينهض من الفراش	do - did	يفعل - يعمل
build - built	يبني	run - ran	يجري
write - wrote	يكتب	drive - drove	يقود - يسوق
read - read	يقرأ	take - took	يأخذ

has / have got - had

عنده - لديه

cut - cut

يقص - يقطع

## Unit 3

## Vocabulary

bread	خبز	dates	تمر - بلح
fish	سمك	lamb	لحم الخروف - الضأن
lentils	عدس	nuts	سوداني ( مكسرات )
pasta	مكرونة	rice	أرز
salad	سلطة	soup	شوربة
tomato sauce	صلصة طماطم	molokhia	ملوخية
meat	لحم	koshari	كشري
okra	بامية	vegetables	خضروات
onions	بصل	carrots	جزر
potatoes	بطاطس	cheese	جبنة
famous for	مشهور بـ	delicious	لذيذ - شهى
healthy	صحي	popular	شعبى - محبوب - رائج
main ingredients	مكونات رئيسية	on the top	على الجزء العلوى
dish	طبق	fresh	طازج
there are	يوجد للجمع	sweets	حلوى
best wishes	أطيب التمنيات	good for you	جيد بالنسبة لك
street	شارع	many people	العديد من الناس
water	مياه	another	آخر
also	أيضاً	menu	قائمة الطعام
bottle	زجاجة	kitchen	مطبخ
chicken	لحم الدجاج	orange juice	عصير برتقال
tea	شاي	apples	تفاح
falafel	فلافل ( طعمية )	spice mixture	خلطة توابل
ful medames	فول مدمس	dukkah	دقة - خليط من الملح والتوابل
coffee	قهوة	broad beans	الفول
kofta	كفتة	herbs	خضرة ( بقلونس )
yoghurt	زبادى	lemon	ليمون
yellow lentils	عدس اصفر	London	لندن ( عاصمة إنجلترا )
New York	نيويورك	areas	المناطق
shops	محلات	Australia	أستراليا
supermarket	سوبر ماركت	other countries	دول أخرى
long history	تاريخ طويل - عريق	pharaohs	الفراعنة
big pots	أواني كبيرة	ancient Egypt	مصر القديمة
fourth century	القرن الرابع	at night	ليلاً
breakfast	الإفطار	first dish	الطبق الأول
still	ما زال - لا يزال	recipe	وصفة الطعام
international	دوالى - عالمى	waiter	جرسون - نادل
good afternoon	تحية بعد الظهر	such as	مثل

pencils	أقلام رصاص	ruler	مسطرة
rubber	محاة - أستيكة	bedroom	غرفة النوم
outside Egypt	خارج مصر	bed	سرير
cupboard	دولاب	parts	أجزاء
newspaper	جريدة	little Egypt	مصر الصغيرة

### Regular verbs

include-included	تتضمن - تشمل	like - liked	يحب
visit - visited	يزور	cook - cooked	يطبخ - يطهو
try - tried	يحاول	love - loved	يحب
use - used	يستخدم - يستعمل	cook - cooked	يطبخ - يطهو
enjoy - enjoyed	يستمتع	love - loved	يحب

### Irregular verbs

eat - ate	يأكل	have/ has - had	يتناول
let - let	يدع	drink - drank	يشرب
find - found	يجد	meet - met	يقابل
buy - bought	يشترى	drink - drank	يشرب

### Vocabulary

## Unit 4

Cairo metro	مترو القاهرة	the biggest city	أكبر مدينة
millions	الآلاف	thousands	الآلاف
tourists	الساكنين	Egyptian Museum	المتحف المصري
interesting	ممتع - مشوق	places	أماكن
beautiful	جميل	Old Cairo	مصر القديمة
Egypt's past	ماضي مصر	busy	مزدحم - مشغول
don't worry	لا تقلق	ways	طرق
taxi	تاكسي	Nile	نهر النيل
boat	قارب	quickest	أسرع
easiest	أسهل	cheap	رخيص الثمن
easy	سهل	special	خاص - مخصوص
metro system	نظام مترو	Africa	أفريقيا
the trains	القطارات	tickets	تذاكر
one pound each	جنيه واحد لكل	passengers	الركاب
amazing	مدهش - مذهل	ticket office	مكتب التذاكر
machine	آلة - ماكينة	underground	قطار الانفاق
mobile phone	تليفون محمول	without	بدون
paying	دفع - مدفوع	expensive	غالي الثمن
person	شخص	town	مدينة - بلدة
left	يسار	right	يمين
full of	ملء بـ	signs	علامات

about	حوالى	facts	حقائق
map	خريطة	lines	خطوط
station	محطة	corner	زاويه - ركن - ملتقى شارعين
straight on	مباشرة على	opposite	الجهة المقابلة
El Geish	شارع الجيش	Orabi	محطة عرابى
Ghamra	محطة غمرة	Abbasaya	العباسية
Road el-Farag	روض الفرع	Syayda Zeinab	السيدة زينب
El- Demerdash	الدمرداش	Al-Shohadaa	الشهداء
hospital	مستشفى	Ataba	العتبة
How much?	كم تكلفة؟ - ما ثمن؟	clothes shop	محل ملابس
library	مكتبة غالباً للاستعارة	park	حديقة - منتزه
north street	الشارع الشمالى	post office	مكتب البريد
west street	الشارع الغربى	east street	الشارع الشرقى
south street	الشارع الجنوبى	between	بين
queue	صف - طابور	elderly people	كبار السن
gate	بوابة	next to	بجانب
Be polite	كن مهذباً	river	نهر
hotel	فندق	What colours?	ما ألوان؟
Which station?	اى محطة؟	then	ثم
seat	مقعد ثابت	bank	بنك
along	بطول - إلى الامام	market	سوق
bookshop	مكتبة لبيع الكتب	café	مقهى
bus station	محطة أتوبيس	help	مساعدة

### Regular verbs

travel - travelled	يسافر - يرحل	cycle - cycled	يقود دراجة
cross - crossed	يعبر - يمر	turn - turned	ينعطف - يستدير
live - lived	يعيش	visit - visited	يزور
learn - learned /t	يتعلم	worry - worried	يقلق
stop - stopped	يتوقف	carry - carried	يحمل
miss - missed	يفقد - يفوت	pay - paid	يدفع
change-changed	يغير	open - opened	يفتح
wait - waited	ينتظر	walk - walked	يمشى
help - helped	يساعد	want - wanted	يريد
cross - crossed	يعبر - يمر	push - pushed	يدفع

### Irregular verbs

get around - got	يلتف حول	drink - drank	يشرب
come - came	يأتى	see - saw	يرى
catch - caught	يمسك - يلحق	run - ran	يجرى
know - knew	يعرف	cost - cost	يتكلف
sit down-sat down	يجلس	stand up - stood up	يقف

put - put	يضع	buy - bought	يشترى
mean - meant	يعنى	grow - grew	ينمو
take - took	يأخذ	get from - got from	يصل من
say - said	يقول	give - gave	يعطى
get to - got to	يصل الى	let - let	يدع

## Vocabulary

## Unit 5

clean	نظيف	dirty	قذر - متسخ
polluted ( adj.)	ملوث	beautiful	جميل
ugly	قبيح - بشع	unhealthy	غير صحي - ضار بالصحة
canals	قنوات	Nile	نهر النيل
important	مهم - هام	drinking	الشرب
farms	مزارع (جمع مزرعة)	problem	مشكلة
rubbish	قمامة	weather	الطقس - حالة الجو
local school	مدرسة حكومية	picnic	نزهة
kilometre	كيلومتر	journalist	صحفي
sick	مريض	pollution	التلوث
before	قبل	posters	ملصقات - إعلانات
trucks	الشاحنات	area	منطقة
while	بينما	text message	رسالة نصية
garden	حديقة	last night	الليلة الماضية
flowers	زهور	tall	طويل
windows	نوافذ - شبابيك	hotel	فندق
jumper	بلوفر	the game	اللعبة
through	من خلال - خلال	tennis	لعبة التنس
yesterday	أمس	tree	شجرة
park	حديقة - متنزه	rubbish bags	أكياس القمامة
jacket	جاكيت - سترة	bananas	موز
cold	بارد للجو - بردان للأشخاص	box	صندوق
hot	حار للجو - حران للأشخاص	man	رجل
woman	إمرأة	children	أطفال
bus driver	سائق الأتوبيس	building	مبنى
museum	متحف	windy	عاصف
shopping bags	أكياس التسوق	phone	تليفون
in the street	في الشارع	What time?	ما الوقت ؟
what happened?	ماذا حدث؟	grass	عشب
his parents	والديه (الأب - الأم)	half past	الثانية عشر والنصف
Saturday	السبت	twelve	
Monday	الاثنين	Sunday	الأحد
		Tuesday	الثلاثاء



<b>Wednesday</b> ante meridiem = a.m. post meridiem = p.m. plane next	الأربعاء صباحاً مساءً طائرة التالي	<b>Thursday</b> <b>Friday</b> bus photo homework	الخميس الجمعة أتوبيس صورة فوتوغرافية واجب منزلي
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### Regular verbs

use - used move - moved collect - collected decide - decided look - looked phone - phoned carry - carried clean - cleaned happen - happened wave - waved work - worked	يستخدم - يستخدم يتحرك يجمع يقرر ينظر يتصل هاتفياً يحمل ينظف يحدث يلوح - يشير يعمل	pollute - polluted agree - agreed clean - cleaned brush - brushed rain - rained walk - walked play - played ask - asked talk - talked arrive - arrived open - opened	يلوث يوافق ينظف يغسل أسنانه تمطر يمشي يلعب يسأل يتحدث يصل يفتح
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### Irregular verbs

become - became send - sent have - had sit - sat walk - walked take - took run away - ran away see - saw find - found	يصبح يرسل يملك - لديه - يتناول يجلس يمشي يأخذ يهرب يرى يجد	get - got wear - wore am/ is/are - was - were drive - drove can - could buy - bought fly - flew draw - drew cut - cut	يحصل على يرتدي يكون يقود - يسوق يستطيع يشترى يطير يرسم يقطع
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### Vocabulary

## Unit 6

water months a little shower litre expensive two thirds fridge living room butter	المياه شهور - أشهر قليل ولكن يكفي دش - حمام لتر غالي ثلثي الثلاجة غرفة المعيشة زبدة	homes a lot of How much? tap a year the earth any CDs hours honey	منازل كثير من كم للكمية؟ صنبور - حنفية في السنة الأرض أى أقراص مدمجة ساعات عسل
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**TERM 1**

**9**

**PREP 1**

most rains	معظم - أغلب	careful	حذر - حريص
summer	أمطار	other ways	طرق أخرى
probably	الصيف	too much	كثير جداً
drops	من المحتمل	very little	قليل جداً
turning on	قطرات	more than	أكثر من
roof	تشغيل	turning off	إطفاء
slowly	سطح - سقف	some more	المزيد
New	ببطء	airport	مطار
clean	جديد	near	قريب
fresh	نظيف	new	جديد
ways	طازج - نقي	other people	ناس / أشخاص آخرين
flood	طريق	drought	جفاف
charity	فيضانات	safe to	أمن لـ
shopping	جمعية خيرية	posters	ملصقات اعلانية
good idea	التسوق	possible	ممکن - محتمل
metre = m	فكرة جيدة	millimetre = mm	ملليمتر
centimetre = cm	متر	kilometre = km	كيلومتر
plants	سنتيمتر	soil	ترربة - طمي
High Dam	النباتات	for example	على سبيل المثال
south of Egypt	السد العالي	length	طول
full	جنوب مصر	across	عبر
Aswan	ملء	the walls	الحوائط - جدران
ninety	أسوان	sixty = 60	ستون
one thousand	90	two hundred	200
twenty-one	1000	three hundred and seventy	370
one thousand six hundred and thirty	21	How far?	كم المسافة؟
western	1630	four hundred and seventy-five	475
London	غربي	Australia	أستراليا
very dry	لندن	March	شهر مارس
dirty water	جاف جداً	very difficult	صعب جداً
111 m high	مياه قذرة	polluted water	مياه ملوثة
more than	111 متر ارتفاعاً	dangerous	خطير
mountains	أكثر من	India	الهند
hundred	جبال	the news	الأخبار ( مفرد )
	100	river	نهر

### Regular verbs

need - needed	يحتاج	waste - wasted	يضيع - يهدر
turn off - turned off	يطفىء	turn on - turned on	يشغل
save - saved	حفظ - أنقذ	remember - remembered	يتذكر
drip - dripped	يقطر	repair - repaired	يصلح
use - used	يستخدم - يستعمل	pour - poured	يصب

cover - covered	يغطي	live - lived	يعيش
collect - collected	يجمع	prefer - preferred	يُفضل
rain - rained	تمطر	carry - carried	يحمل
decide - decided	يقرر	open - opened	يفتح
stop - stopped	يقف - يوقف	live - lived	يعيش
pollute - polluted	يلوث	cook - cooked	يطهو - يطبخ
look after - looked	يعتني بـ	flood - flooded	يفيض - يغمر

### Irregular verbs

grow - grew	ينمو - ينزعج	drink - drank	يشرب
forget - forgot	ينسى	cost - cost	يتكلف
spend - spent	يقضي	make - made	يصنع
think - thought	يعتقد - يفكر	leave - left	يغادر
go - went	يذهب	get - got	يحصل على
read - read	يقرأ	have - had	يملك - يتناول
give - gave	يعطي	build - built	يبني
let - let	يسمح	do - did	يفعل - يعمل

## Unit 7

### Vocabulary

supermarket	سوبر ماركت - متجر كبير	chemist	صيدلي
shoe shop	محل أحذية	bakery	مخبز - فرن
florist	بائع الزهور	clothes shop	محل ملابس
computer shop	محل كمبيوتر	weekend	عطلة نهاية الاسبوع
shopping center	مول/ مركز تجاري	one place	مكان واحد
hotels	فنادق	tablet	تابلت ( كمبيوتر لوحى )
laptop	كمبيوتر محمول	medicine	دواء
different	مختلف	kinds	أنواع
camel	جمل	last summer	الصيف الماضي
garden	حديقة ( منزل )	yesterday	أمس
breakfast	الإفطار	bread	خبز
cake	كعكة - كيك	dress	فستان
hair brush	فرشاة للشعر	lentils	عدس
Luxor	الأقصر	lamb	حمل - لحم الضأن
show	عرض	shopper	متسوق
local shops	المتاجر المحلية	bakery	مخبز - فرن
question	سؤال	notebook	مفكرة
magazine	مجلة	nice day	يوم لطيف
large	كبير	jacket	جاكيت - سترة
small	صغير	size	حجم - مقاس
medium	متوسط	shirt	قميص
tie	رباطة عنق - كرافطة	sweatshirt	قميص ثقيل

all year	طوال العام	beach	شاطيء
sentence	جملة	exams	إمتحانات
dictionary	قاموس	cotton jumper	بلوفر قطن
black	اسود	red	أحمر
green	أخضر	orange	برتقالي
yellow	أصفر	blue	أزرق
grey / gray	رمادي	brown	بني
white	أبيض	pink	وردي
bit	جزء	a bit	قليل - بعض الشيء

### Regular verbs

need - needed	يحتاج	want - wanted	يريد
travel - travelled	يسافر - يرحل	watch - watched	يشاهد
try - tried	يجرب - يقيس	thank - thanked	يشكر
like - liked	يحب	agree - agreed	يوافق
ask - asked	يسأل	talk to - talked to	يتحدث إلى

### Irregular verbs

drive - drove	يقود - يسوق	eat - ate	يأكل
read - read	يقرأ	see - saw	يرى
swim - swam	يعوم - يسبح	wear - wore	يرتدي
buy - bought	يشترى	sell - sold	يبيع
meet - met	يقابل	put - put	يضع
ride - rode	يركب	sit - sat	يجلس
write - wrote	يكتب	can - could	يستطيع أن
know - knew	يعرف	make - made	يصنع

### Vocabulary

## Unit 8

city	مدينة كبيرة	country	بلد - دولة
village	قرية	apartment	شقة - وحدة سكنية
city life	حياة المدينة	noisy	صاخبة - كثير الضوضاء
polluted	ملوث	exciting	مثير - شيق
farm	مزرعة	the countryside	الريف
quiet	هادئ	enough	كاف
quieter	أكثر هدونا	slower	أبطأ
friendly	ودود	green areas	مساحات خضراء
friendlier	أكثر وداً	trees	أشجار
fields	حقول	cleaner	أكثر نظافة
relaxing	مريح	noisier	أكثر ضوضاءاً
tight	ضيق	strong	قوي
too high	عالي / مرتفع جداً	curtains	ستائر

too low	منخفض جداً	everything	كل شيء
modern	حديث - عصري	old	قديم - عجوز
small	صغير	big	كبير - ضخمة
dark	مظلم	light	مضيء - خفيف
expensive	غالي الثمن	cheap	رخيص الثمن
around	حول	town	بلدة
chairs	كراسي	hill	تل - هضبة
the air	الهواء	that's why	لهذا السبب
population	عدد السكان	grandparents	الأجداد
too	أيضاً - جداً	million = 1000,000	مليون
busy	مزدحم	interesting	شيق - ممتع
beautiful	جميل	museum	متحف
airport	مطار	heavy	ثقل
easy	سهل	summer holidays	الاجازات الصيفية
different sports	رياضات مختلفة	libraries	مكتبات استعارة
TV programmes	برامج التلفزيون	railway line	خط سكك حديدية
farm	مزرعة	field	حقل
lake	بحيرة	unfriendly	غير ودود
railway station	محطة القطار	skyscraper	ناطحة سحاب
sports club	نادي ألعاب رياضية	forest	غابة
exercise	تمرين - تدريب	survey	دراسة ميدانية
traffic	مرور - حركة السير	cheaper	أرخص
healthier	صحي أكثر	enjoyable	ممتع
results	نتائج	Marriotiya Lake	بحيرة المريوطية
project	مشروع	not true	ليس حقيقى
opinion	رأى	website	موقع على النت
clearly	بوضوح	school day	اليوم الدراسي
better	أفضل	living	المعيشة
office	حجرة مكتب	tower	برج
useful	مفيد - نافع	longer	أطول
players	لاعبين	right	صحيح - يمين
dirtier	أقذر	desert	صحراء
shopping center	مركز تسوق	dangerous	خطير
difficult	صعب	classmate	زميل فى الفصل
area	منطقة	land	أرض

### Irregular verbs

live - lived	يعيش - يسكن	agree - agreed	يوافق - يتفق مع
walk up - walked up	يصعد	carry - carried	يحمل
lift - lifted	يرفع	clean - cleaned	ينظف
return - returned	يعود	love - loved	يحب
prefer - preferred	يفضل	remember - remembered	يتذكر

**TERM 1**

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**PREP 1**

agree - agreed	يرفض	يرفض
open - opened	يتمرن	يتمرن
stay - stayed	يساعد	يساعد

### Irregular verbs

say - said	يقول	sit down - sat down	يجلس
leave - left	يغادر - يرحل	drink - drank	يشرب
think - thought	يعتقد	learn - learnt	يتعلم
give - gave	يعطي	write - wrote	يكتب
swim - swam	يسبح - يعوم	grow - grew	ينمو - يزرع
eat - ate	يأكل	teach - taught	يعلم - يدرس

## Unit 9

### Vocabulary

calendar	تقويم - نتيجة	drum	طبل
DVDs	أقراص فيديو رقمية	football	كرة قدم
kite	طائرة ورقية	laptop	لاب توب ( كومبيوتر محمول )
plant	نبات	sewing machine	ماكينة خياطة
television	تلفاز	tennis racket	مضرب تنس
van	شاحنة صغيرة	possessions	ممتلكات
traditional music	موسيقى تقليدية	radio	راديو - مذياع
bicycles	دراجات	mine	ملكي - يخصني
bag	شنطة	a kind of	نوع من
pages	صفحات	pen	قلم حبر
book	كتاب	red	أحمر
pink	وردي	driving	القيادة
days	أيام	months	شهور
number	رقم - عدد	next door	البيت المجاور
house	منزل	making clothes	صنع الملابس
musical instrument	آلة موسيقية	small truck	شاحنة صغيرة
small computer	كومبيوتر صغير	men's team	فريق الرجال
phone	تليفون	object	شيء
the clarinet	مزمارة - كلارينيت	the piano	بيانو
the drum	الطبل	the oud	عود
the flute	فلوت - ناي	the guitar	جيتار
the trumpet	بوق	the violin	كمان - كمانجة
long ago	منذ عهد بعيد	still	ما زال
music traditions	تقاليد الموسيقى	Sawahli music	الموسيقى الساحلية
the simsimiya	آلة السمسمية	similar to	مشابه - مماثل لـ
Upper Egypt	صعيد مصر	Saidi	صعيدى
popular	شعبى - محبوب	weddings	حفلات الزفاف

<b>celebrations</b>	إحتفالات	<b>the rebaba</b>	ربابة
<b>tabla baladi</b>	طبلية بلدى	<b>the same</b>	نفس الشيء
<b>north of Egypt</b>	شمال مصر	<b>the shabbaba</b>	شبابية ( آلة موسيقية تشبه الناي )
<b>nice</b>	لطيف	<b>swimming</b>	الغوم - السباحة
<b>favourite</b>	مفضل	<b>salad</b>	سلطة
<b>really</b>	حقا - فى الواقع	<b>tall</b>	طويل
<b>boring</b>	ممل	<b>falafel</b>	فلافل ( طعمية )
<b>low</b>	منخفض	<b>classmates</b>	زملاء الدراسة
<b>classroom</b>	حجرة الدراسة ( فصل )	<b>interesting</b>	ممتع - مشوق
<b>basketball</b>	كرة السلة	<b>desert</b>	صحراء
<b>part</b>	جزء	<b>long ago</b>	منذ زمن بعيد
<b>important</b>	هام	<b>food and drink</b>	الطعام والشراب
<b>special</b>	خاص	<b>song</b>	أغنية
<b>traditions</b>	تقاليد		

### Irregular verbs

<b>move - moved</b>	يتحرك - ينتقل	<b>live - lived</b>	يعيش - يسكن
<b>help - helped</b>	يساعد	<b>sew - sewed</b>	يخيط - يحيك
<b>carry - carried</b>	يحمل	<b>belong to - belonged to</b>	يخص - ملك
<b>start with - started</b>	يبدأ بـ	<b>show - showed</b>	يعرض - يبين
<b>listen to - listened to</b>	يستمع الى	<b>play - played</b>	يلعب - يعزف
<b>love - loved</b>	يحب - يعشق	<b>like - liked</b>	يحب
<b>learn about - learned / t</b>	يتعلم عن	<b>mind - minded</b>	يمانع
<b>include - included</b>	تتضمن - تشتمل	<b>play - played</b>	يعزف
<b>prefer - preferred</b>	يفضل	<b>call - called</b>	ينادى

### Irregular verbs

<b>let - let</b>	يدع - يسمح	<b>hit - hit</b>	يضرب
<b>come - came</b>	يأتى	<b>find - found</b>	يجد
<b>put - put</b>	يضع	<b>hear - heard</b>	يسمع
<b>hear - heard</b>	يسمع	<b>write - wrote</b>	يكتب
<b>read - read</b>	يكتب	<b>think - thought</b>	يعتقد
<b>sing - sang</b>	يغنى	<b>make - made</b>	يصنع

## The novel The old man and the sea

### Chapter 1

<b>fisherman</b>	صياد سمك	<b>very poor</b>	فقير جدا
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little boy	الولد الصغير	kind	طيب - عطوف
in the evenings	في الأمسيات	baseball	لعبة البيسبول ( لعبة أمريكية )
boat	قارب	good luck	حظ سعيد
fishing line	خيوط الصيد	patient	صبور
turtles	سلحفاة	the past	الماضي
while	بينما	worried about	قلق على
afraid	خائف	sad	حزين
far at the sea	بعيداً في البحر	beautiful	جميل
for a long time	لفترة طويلة	stories	قصص - حكايات
teach - taught	يُعلم - يُدرّس	you are the best	أنت الأفضل
catch - caught	يمسك - يصطاد	parents	الأباء - الوالدين
help - helped	يساعد	carry - carried	يحمل
sit - sat	يجلس	talk - talked	يتكلم
tell - told	يخبر	need - needed	يحتاج
think - thought	يعتقد	sail - sailed	يبحر
look for - looked for	يبحث عن	know - knew	يعرف
move - moved	يحرك	watch - watched	يشاهد

## Chapter 2

carefully	بحرص - بعناية - بحذر	hold - held	يمسك
the marlin	سمكة المارلين	the biggest	الأكبر
difficult	صعب	very strong	قوى جداً
pull - pulled	سحب - شد	swim - swam	يسبح - يعم
a lot of money	الكثير من المال	onto the boat	على متن القارب
that night	تلك الليلة	sleep - slept	ينام
softly	بنعومة - برفق - بلطف	stay - stayed	يبقى - يقيم
sell - sold	يبيع	a long time	لمدة طويلة
a long way	طريق طويل	with one hand	بـيد واحدة
hope - hoped	يأمل	become - became	يصبح
tired	مرهق - متعب	hungry	جائع
hurt - hurt	يجرح	a small bird	طائر صغير
rest - rested	يستريح	jump - jumped	يقفز
high out of	عالي من	bigger than	أكبر من
suddenly	فجأة	wonderful fish	سمكة رائعة
like him	مثله	feel - felt	يشعر - يحس
soon	قريباً - بعد قليل	the second night	الليلة الثانية
again	مرة أخرى - ثانية	young man	شاب
stronger	أقوى	faster	أسرع
one of us	واحد منا	must stop	يجب ان يتوقف
until the end	حتى النهاية	cup	فنجان - كوب



a day

يوم

a night

ليلة

### Chapter 3

wake up - woke up	يستيقظ	swim - swam	يسبح - يعوم
swimming	العوام - السباحة	jump - jumped	يقفز
harder	أصعب	badly	بصورة سيئة
eat - ate	يأكل	around the boat	حول القارب
wait - waited	ينتظر	tail	ذيل
nearer	أقرب	harpoon (لصيد الأسماك)	رمح - حربون
enormous	ضخم - عملاق	start - started	يبدأ
behind	خلف	sail home - sailed	يبحر عائداً
feel - felt	يشعر	shark	سمك القرش
as big as	كبير مثل	later	فيما بعد
quickly	بسرعة	ruin - ruined	يدمر - يخرّب
both	كلاهما	half	نصف
kill - killed	يقتل	many others	كثيراً آخرين
attack - attacked	يهاجم	skeleton	هيكل عظمي
body	جسم	lake	بحيرة
rest - rested	يرتاح - يستقر	for long	لمدة طويلة
too big	كبير جداً	fast	سريع
towards	نحو - باتجاه	dead	ميت
put - put	يضع	slowly	ببطء
cut - cut	يقطع	hold - held	يمسك
see - saw	يرى	know - knew	يعرف
take - took	يأخذ	come - came	يأتي

### Chapter 4

soon	قريباً	lights	أضواء
houses	منازل	far away	بعيد
exhausted	منهك أو متعب	bed	سرير
get home - got	يعود للمنزل	drink - drank	يشرب - شرب
visit - visited	يزور - زار	café	مقهى
coffee	مشروب القهوة	lie down-lay down	استلقى
bring - brought	يحضر	look after - looked	يعتني بـ
smile - smiled	يبتسم - ابتسم	believe - believed	يصدق
respect - respected	يحترم	hard working	جاد في عمله
clean shirt	قميص نظيف	sleep - slept	ينام
just want	نريد فقط	the next day	اليوم التالي
by the boat	بجوار القارب	size	مقاس - حجم
slowly	ببطء	something	شيء ما

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## Structure & Grammar Reference

### ( The present Simple Tens )

يستخدم للتعبير دائماً عن الحقائق والعادات والأحداث اليومية والأفعال المتكررة

..... مصدر الفعل ( I, We, You, They ) + V. ( inf. )

..... { V. + ( s / es / ies ) } ( He, She, It ) + {

☞ I **wear** trousers and a school T-shirt. ☞ It **rains** in the winter.

### Negative

..... [ مصدر الفعل + ( doesn't / don't ) + فاعل ]

He → **doesn't** play tennis. I → **don't** hurt people.

She → **doesn't** shout in the class. They → **don't** fight.

It → **doesn't** say unkind things.

We → **don't** go to school on Friday.

You → **don't** do computer studies.

### Questions

.....? Does + ( he – she – it ) + مصدر الفعل

No, ..... doesn't.

Yes, ..... does. الإجابة تكون باستخدام

☞ **Does** Mohamed sleep early?

- Yes, he **does**.

Or No, he **doesn't**.

.....? Do + [ you – they – we ] + مصدر الفعل

No, ..... don't.

Yes, ..... do. الإجابة تكون باستخدام







☞ **Do** you study hard for the exams?

- Yes, I **do**.

Or No, I **don't**.

### Adverbs of Frequency ظروف التكرار

( always – usually – often – sometimes – occasionally – never )

		
100%	80%	70%
<b>always</b>	<b>usually</b>	<b>often</b>
		
50%	10%	0 %

sometimes	occasionally	never
-----------	--------------	-------

☞ Adverbs of frequency usually come after the subject.

- عادةً ما يأتي ظرف التكرار بعد الفاعل مباشرة.

- يأتي ظرف التكرار بعد ( V. to be )

☞ My sister **always** helps her mother at home.

☞ I **often** watch new films with my friends on Friday.

- ظروف التكرار ( **never** - **occasionally** ) يدلان على النفي.

☞ Samy **occasionally** visits his uncle in Alexandria.

☞ We **never** go to school on Fridays.

- نسأل عن ظرف التكرار باستخدام كلمة الاستفهام ( How often ) بمعنى ( كم مرة )

How often	does	( he - she - it )	..... ؟ مصدر الفعل +
	do	( we - you - they )	

- **How often** does Marwa laugh at her friend?

- She **never** laughs at her friend.

### Present Continuous Tense

زمن المضارع المستمر

### Usage

- We use the present continuous to talk about things that are happening now.. ( أثناء الكلام ) يستخدم زمن المضارع المستمر للحديث عن أشياء تحدث الآن.

### Form

..... { فعل + ing } + ( am, is, are ) + فاعل

- I ' m **staying** at home today. Now he **is growing** potatoes.

ملاحظات هامة:

إذا كان الفعل ينتهي بحرف ( e ) عند إضافة ( ing ) نحذف حرف ( e ) ثم نضع ( ing ).

practise → practising chase → chasing

- إذا كان الفعل ينتهي بحرف ساكن ويسبقه حرف واحد متحرك نضاعف الحرف الأخير ثم نضع ( ing ).

run → running swim → swimming

### Negative

..... { فعل + ing } + ( am not, isn't, aren't ) + فاعل

- She **isn't studying** Arabic now.

- They **aren't practising** the piano.

### Yes / No Question

..... { فعل + ing } + فاعل + ( Is, Are ) ؟

**Yes**, ... فاعل ... is / are. **No**, ... فاعل ... isn't / aren't.

- **Is** Miss Sara teaching the class?

- **Yes**, she is.

or \

**No**, she isn't.

- **Are** they staying at home?

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- **Yes**, they are. or \ **No**, they aren' t.

### Comparison between

	Present Continuous	Present Simple
<b>Usage</b>	يعبر عن فعل يحدث الآن مؤقت	يعبر عن فعل يتكرر او عادة او حقيقة ثابتة
<b>Form</b>	فاعل + ( am, is, are ) + { V. + ing }	( He, She, It ) + V. + s/es/ ies ( I, We, You, They ) + V.(inf)
<b>Helping words</b>	now – at the moment – today	always – usually – often – every sometimes – occasionally – never
<b>Negative</b>	فاعل + ( am not, isn't, aren't ) + { V. + ing }	( He, She, It ) + <b>doesn't</b> + V.(inf) ( I, We, You, They ) + <b>don't</b> + V.(inf)
<b>Yes / No Question</b>	Is, Are + فاعل + { V. + ing }...? Yes, ...فاعل... is / are. No, ...فاعل... isn't / aren't.	Does + ( he, she, it ) + فاعل + V.(inf) ? Yes, ..... does. No, ..... doesn't. Do + ( we, you, they ) + فاعل + V.(inf)? Yes, ..... do. No, ..... don't.

### How many+ ( اسم جمع ) ... ؟ ؟ كم عدد

- How many **cousins** have you got?
- I have got 5 **cousins**.

### have got \ has got

**has got :**

له , لديه , عنده

[ He , She , It , Ali , Heba ] → has got ...

☞ Salma **has got** one brother.

لاحظ ان ... has تختصر الى ' s ( وعند النفي نضع بعدها أداة نفي not )

☞ Emma **has not got** school on Saturday **or** Sunday .

☞ Yoko **has got** maths on Monday **and** Sunday .

في المثالين السابقين هل يمكنك ان تستنتج استخدام **and / or** ؟

**Have got :**

لديه , عنده

( I , you , we , they , Ali and Heba , ..... ) وتستخدم مع

☞ What subjects **have** you **got** on Monday ?

☞ I **haven't got** any brothers. .

### Negative

( I, We, You, They ) + haven't got .....  
( He, She, It ) + hasn't got .....

- They **haven't got any** brothers.
- He **hasn't got a** headache.

يسمى , يدعى : is / are called

☞ My grandfather **is called** Nabil . ( His name is ..... )

ماذا تريد أن تكون ؟ What do you want to be ?

يستخدم هذا السؤال كثيرا عندما نسأل شخص عما يريد أن يكون في المستقبل .

☞ **What do you want to be** when you leave school ?

☞ I want to be a **doctor / teacher / an engineer / .....**

يحب : like + noun اسم / v. + ing

☞ I **like** my job because I **like** helping people .

ويعبر هنا الفعل ( like ) عن حب شيء بصفة عامة وليس وقت الحديث فقط .

Possessive ( ' s )

📖 Using ( ' s ) to describe possession : وصف الملكية

تأتي ( ' s ) بعد الشخص الذي نصف ملكيته لشيء ما ( أو يخصه شيء ) .

☞ This is **Nabil's** book . كتاب نبيل

☞ What is your **aunt's** job ? ماهي وظيفة عممتك / خالتك ؟

Apostrophe ( ' )

- تستخدم الفاصلة العليا ( ' ) في الاختصارات مثل:

- 'm - 's - 're - isn't - aren't - don't - doesn't - 've got - 's got

Capital Letters

1- كلمة **I** بمعنى انا في أي مكان في الجملة.

- Samy and **I** go to the club every Friday.

2- أول حرف في الجملة دائما يكون كبير.

- **S**he sometimes asks her teacher for help.

3- أسماء العلم ( الأشخاص ) دائما تبدأ بحرف كبير.

- **D**alia often shares her things with her friend **M**ona.

- I was born in **M**ay.

4- أيام الأسبوع وشهور السنة دائما تبدأ بحرف كبير.

5- أسماء البحار والمحيطات والأنهار دائما تبدأ بحرف كبير . the **R**iver **N**ile – the **R**ed

**S**ea

## 6- أسماء البلاد والمدن والدول والقارات تبدأ بحرف كبير.

- **Cairo** is the biggest city in **Africa**.

### The comma ( , ) الفاصلة السفلية

تستخدم الفاصلة لكي تفصل بين الكلمات في قائمة واحدة بدلاً من كلمة **and**.

- I'd like **some chicken, rice, salad and bread**.
- There is **water, tea, milk and orange juice**.
- **Yes**, he does. - **No**, he doesn't.
- **Where do you go every morning, Ahmed?**
- **Dina, can wash the dishes, please?**

### Exclamation mark ! علامة التعجب

تستخدم علامة التعجب في أكثر من موضع وأهمها:

- 1- مع كلمات لفت الإنتباه مثل ثم وصف حدث في نفس اللحظة : **look ! Listen**
- 2- مع كلمات لفت الانتباه لخطر : **look out ! Watch out ! be careful !**
- 3- مع الجمل التعجبية : **What a mess! What a clean park! What a nice baby!**

### Speech marks علامات التنصيص

نستخدم علامات التنصيص "....." عندما نستخدم كلمات شخص ما بطريقة مباشرة

"I love the piano," said Dina.

The students said, "Welcome to our school."

### Countable & uncountable nouns

#### Countable nouns : الأسماء القابلة للعد

هي الأسماء التي يمكن أن تعد ( one , two , three ... ) مثل :

**boy – girl – book – apple – machine – town – city – cat  
medal – night – day – year – century – question – friend**

ويأتي قبل الأسماء القابلة للعد المفرد أداة تنكير ( a , an ) ، ومع الجمع نستخدم some

- ☞ Would you like **an apple** ? ( ..... **one apple** ..... ? )
- ☞ I can see **some boys** playing at the park .

عندما نتحدث عن الاسم المفرد نستخدم الفعل ( There is \ isn't )

- ☞ There **is a** tomato.
- ☞ There **isn't an** apple.

عندما نتحدث عن الاسم الجمع نستخدم الفعل ( There are \ aren't )

- ☞ There **are** three shops in the street.
- ☞ There **aren't** vegetables in the fridge.

☞ **Uncountable nouns** : (الاسماء الغير قابلة للعد ( الكمية )

هي الأسماء التي لا يمكننا عدّها بالواحد ولا تجمع (وتعامل معاملة المفرد) مثل :

oil – water – juice – lamb – salt – pasta – music – money  
soup – homework – time – rice – lentil

- ☞ There **isn't** any money on the table.
- ☞ I like to eat **some** salad and **some** bread.

عندما نتحدث عن الاسم الذي لا يعد نستخدم الفعل ( There is \ isn't )

- ☞ There **is** pasta in koshari.
- ☞ There **isn't** lamb in koshari.

**some & any & How much & How many**

☞ **some** : معناها (بعض) وتستخدم مع العدد والكمية

وتأتي في حالة الإثبات أو الطلب أو العرض ، وتعبر عن عدد قليل أو غير محدد .

- ☞ There **are some** students in the class .

☞ **any** : معناها ( أى ) وتستخدم في حالتي النفي والسؤال وتأتي مع العدد والكمية

- ☞ There **aren't any** sweets there .

☞ **How much** : كم للكمية ( للسؤال عن الكمية أي الأسماء التي لا تعد )

- ☞ **How much** money do you need ?

☞ **How many** : كم للعدد ( للسؤال عن الأشياء القابلة للعد )

- ☞ **How many** days are there in a week ?

☞ **a lot** : كثيراً ، ولا يستخدم معها حرف جر

- ☞ I've learnt **a lot** at my school . ☞ Thanks **a lot** .

☞ **a lot of** : = many , much كثيراً من ( ويأتي بعدها عدد أو كمية )

- ☞ I know **a lot of** ( much ) information about computers .
- ☞ She has bought **a lot of** ( many ) books and magazines .

N.B. I have got **many** ( **a lot of** / **lots of** ) cousins.

**would like** يود – يريد

هي صورة مهذبة من الفعل يريد ( **want** ) تستخدم في الطلب المهذب .

{ **would like** = **want** } + اسم { **would like to** = **want to** } + مصدر الفعل  
would you like ..... ? = do you want ..... ?

☞ **What would you like to have** ? ماذا تريد أن تتناول ؟

☞ عندما نسأل شخص عما يريد أن يتناوله من طعام **food** أو شراب **drink** .

- ☞ **What would you like to have** , Dina ?  
 ☞ **I' d like** to have some orange juice , please .  
 - What **would** you **like** to eat? = What do you **want** to eat?  
 - I **would like** some chicken. = I **want** some chicken.

### Likes & Dislikes

Do you **like** ..... ?

- Yes, I do. No, I don't.

Does your brother **like** soup?

- Yes, he does. No, he doesn't.

### Ordinal umbers : الأعداد الترتيبية

1 <sup>st</sup> = <b>the first</b>	الأول	2 <sup>nd</sup> = <b>the second</b>	الثاني
3 <sup>rd</sup> = <b>the third</b>	الثالث	4 <sup>th</sup> = <b>the fourth</b>	الرابع
5 <sup>th</sup> = <b>the fifth</b>	الخامس	6 <sup>th</sup> = <b>the sixth</b>	السادس
7 <sup>th</sup> = <b>the seventh</b>	السابع	8 <sup>th</sup> = <b>the eighth</b>	الثامن
9 <sup>th</sup> = <b>the ninth</b>	التاسع	10 <sup>th</sup> = <b>the tenth</b>	العاشر

ثم نضيف النهاية **th** إلى الأرقام حتى 20 وبعد ذلك نضيف النهايات **first** , .....  
**the twenty-first** / الواحد وعشرون / **the twenty-ninth** / التاسع وعشرون  
 لاحظ ... استخدام أداة التعريف **the** قبل الأعداد الترتيبية .

- ☞ People still use the **fourth**- century recipe to cook ful medames.  
 ☞ " C " is **the third** letter in English alphabet.

### Imperative : الأمر

- ☞ **Do it** . to مصدر الفعل . inf. في أول الكلام بدون to .  
 ☞ **Come to Cairo** . نعالى إلى مصر .  
 ☞ **Pick up the paper from the floor** . التقط الورقة من على الأرض .  
 ☞ **Don' t do it** . ولننعب عن أمر منفى ، نستخدم **Don' t + inf** في أول الجملة .  
 ☞ **Walk** . **don' t miss it** . ☞ **Don' t close the window** .

### By + وسيلة مواصلات

I go to school **on foot** on foot يأتى قبلها **by** تستخدم **by** قبل وسائل المواصلات عدا  
 Catch bus, go **by taxi** or travel on the Nile **by boat**.

☞ **What time** : متى , فى أى وقت ( للسؤال عن الساعة التى حدث فيها الفعل )

- ☞ **What time** have you got English on Tuesday ?  
 ☞ **It's at 10.15** (quarter to twelve / half past eleven / .....)  
 لاحظ استخدام حرف الجر **at** قبل الأوقات .  
 ☞ **What time** do trains stop at night ?



✎ The trains stop **at** 12.30 at night.

📄 **When :** متى ، فى أى وقت ( ونجيب عنها بأى تعبير عن الوقت )

✎ **When** do you go home ?

✎ **At** 3 o'clock . ( **In** the afternoon , ..... )

**Prepositions of place & direction:** للتعبير عن المكان أو الاتجاه

يمكننا استخدام حروف جر و أفعال وتعابير مثل :

near	بالقرب من	next to	بجانب
opposite	أمام ، مقابل	straight on	مباشرة على
in front of	أمام	go along	يسير بامتداد
on the right	على اليمين	on the left	على الشمال
between	بين ، وسط	behind	خلف ، وراء
turn right	ينعطف يمينا	turn left	ينعطف يسارا

✎ She **turned right** and **crossed** the square .

✎ The bakery **is next to** the post office .

✎ He **went straight on** and **turned left** .

**Past continuous tense** زمن الماضى المستمر

**was / were + v. فعل + ing**

يعبر عن فعل كان مستمرا فى الحدث فى وقت معين فى الماضى .

✎ She **was watching** TV **at** 10 o'clock yesterday .

✎ Ali **was sending** a text message yesterday .

وعند الاستفهام نقدم الفعل المساعد **was / were** على الفاعل .

**Was / Were + S. فاعل + v. + ing ..... ?**

✎ **Was** Salma **wearing** a red dress ?

✎ **Yes** , she **was** . ( إثبات )

✎ **No** , she **wasn't** . ( نفى )

وعند الاستفهام بكلمة استفهام :

**Ques. word + was/ were + subj. + v. + ing ..... ?**

**What were you doing** at 8 o'clock yesterday morning?

**I was brushing** my teeth.

**past cont. with ' when ' and ' while '**

► We use the past cont. and simple together when one ( **shorter** ) action comes in the middle of another ( **longer** ) one .

نستخدم زمن الماضى المستمر عند وصف حدث ( **طويل** ) كان مستمرا فى الحدث فى الماضى حين قطعه فعل آخر ( **أقصر منه** ) .

**When + past simple** ماضى بسيط , **past cont.** ماضى مستمر

✎ When the phone **rang** , he **was watching** TV .

☞ What **were** you **doing** when father **came** ?

ماضى بسيط **past simple** , ماضى مستمر **past cont.** + بينما **While**

☞ **While** they **were eating**. They **talked** about the problem.

☞ What **happened** while you **were watching** TV ?

ولكن عند حدوث فعلان متتاليان فى الماضى نستخدم **past simple** الماضى البسيط .

☞ **When** the policeman **arrived** , she **dropped** the camera .

☞ We **had** dinner **when** father **arrived** .

**who** الذى ، التى ( او جمعهم )

ضمير ربط او وصل ( يحل محل فاعل او مفعول عاقل ) .

☞ A teacher is a person **who** teaches students at school .

☞ People **who** never play sports are sometimes unhealthy .

### Telling the time

**What time** is it , please ? / **What** is the **time** , please?  
**What time** was it , please ? / **What** was the **time** , please?

للتعبير عن ساعة ( صحيحة بدون دقائق ) نستخدم :

[ It's + الساعة one , two , ..... + o'clock . ]

☞ It's three o'clock .



☞ It's seven o'clock .



وللتعبير عن ساعة ومعها دقائق نستخدم :

[ It's + الساعة + ( إلا ) to / ( و ) past + الدقائق ]

☞ It's quarter to ten .



☞ It's twenty past one .



**Some** ( بعض )

تستخدم مع العدد والكمية وتأتى فى حالة الإثبات أو الطلب أو العرض ، وتعبر عن عدد قليل أو غير محدد .

☞ **Some** people waste water by taking a long shower.

**some more** المزيد

We have some rice, but we need **some more**.

لدينا بعض الارز ولكننا نريد المزيد.



تستخدم في حالتى النفى والاستفهام وتأتى مع العدد والكمية معناها ( أى ) : **any**

- ☞ There aren't **any** sweets left . لا يوجد أى حلوى متبقية  
☞ Is there **any** tomato sauce in molokhia soup?

**little** : ( ومعناها قليل للكمية ولكن لا يكفى )

ويأتى بعدها اسم غير قابل للعد

- ☞ We have **little** sugar, so we need to buy some more.

**a little** : ( ومعناها قليل للكمية ولكن يكفى )

و يأتى بعدها اسم غير قابل للعد

- ☞ I like my tea with **a little** sugar . ( كمية قليلة ولكنها كافية )

**N.B** ☞ Do we have little or a little money to eat at the restaurant?

- ☞ We have **little money**, so we can't eat at the restaurant.

**Or** ☞ We have **a little money**, but we can eat at the restaurant.

والان هل يمكنك التفرقة بين **little** و **a little** فى المثال السابق ؟

لاحظ استخدام **so** و **but** فى المثالين السابقين .

**Revise too many / too much** :

- ☞ On holidays, **too many** cars stop at the park .  
☞ **Too many** people arrive at the same time .  
☞ There is **too much** litter on the ground .  
☞ Some people take **too much** food with them to the park .

**to + المصدر** ( للتعبير عن الغرض )

للتعبير عن الغرض من شيء ما نستخدم فعل مرتبط بـ **to** + مصدر بمعنى لى

- ☞ We all need water **to** wash , **to** drink and **to** grow plants.

**Giving suggestions** : تقديم الاقتراحات

What / How about + n. اسم / v. + ing ..... ?

- ☞ **How about getting** some flowers for mum ?

Why don't you + inf. مصدر ..... ?

- ☞ **Why don't you come** with me to the cinema ?

You could + inf. مصدر ..... .

- ☞ **You could buy** him a bike .

Let's + inf. مصدر ..... .

☞ Let's help charities.

Shall we + inf. مصدر ..... ?

☞ Shall we watch television?

☞ That's a good idea .

☞ Yes , all right .

نعم ، وهو كذلك

☞ That's not possible .

☞ I'd prefer to ..... .

☞ No , I don't really like..... .

الرد Reply

### ( The Past Simple Tense )

The simple past is used to talk about a completed action in a time before now.

### Form

☞ play ( played )

☞ watch ( watched )

☞ study ( studied )

☞ - am , is ( was )

☞ - can ( could )

☞ - go ( went )

☞ - arrive ( arrived )

☞ - use ( used )

☞ - cry ( cried )

☞ - are ( were )

☞ - eat ( ate )

☞ - wear ( wore )

☞ - has , have ( had )

☞ - meet ( met )

☞ - buy ( bought )

- وهناك أفعال شاذة لا ينطبق عليها القاعدة السابقة وتحفظ جيداً: مثل :

يغير عن شيء بدأ وإنتهى في الماضي و يستخدم مع الكلمات الآتية:

Yesterday أمس , in the past الماضي , last ..... الماضي

..... ago منذ , in 2010 في سنة ماضية .... ago منذ

Ex: - My uncle sold his car last Thursday.

- They walked to school yesterday .

### Questions

- في حالة السؤال نستخدم :

Q.W. + ....? مصدر + inf. + فاعل + did + كلمة استفهام

- What did you do yesterday ? - Where did you go last Friday?

Yes / No تكون الاجابة ب Did

☞ Did you meet anyone nice?

☞ Yes, I did. ( إثبات )

☞ No, I didn't . ( نفى )

لاحظ ... استخدام **anyone** في حالتى السؤال والنفي ، وتستخدم **someone** في الإثبات .

☞ **Someone** ate the cake **when** mother **went** out .

- وأحياناً في حالة الاستفهام نستخدم **was / were** إذا كانت الفعل الأساسى بالجملة :

- Where **was** Mohamed yesterday? - He **was** at the market.

**When:** متى؟

متى , فى أى وقت ( ونجيب عنها بأى تعبير عن الوقت )

☞ **When** do you go home?

☞ **At** 3 o'clock. ( **In** the afternoon, ..... )

**What :** ما , ماذا ؟ ( للسؤال عن الأشياء )

☞ **What** lesson has Dina got at nine on Monday?

☞ She **has** got history.

**Who :** من ؟ ( للسؤال عن فاعل أو مفعول عاقل )

☞ **Who** is looking at a lion?

نسأل عن الفاعل , ولا يحدث تقديم في السؤال

☞ **Who** did Ahmad play with ? نسأل عن مفعول , ونقدم الفعل المساعد على الفاعل

**How :** كيف ؟ ( للسؤال عن الحال أو الطريقة )

☞ **How** was the teacher? - He was very helpful.

☞ **How** do you go to work? - I go to work by bus.

**Why :** لماذا ؟ ( للسؤال عن السبب )

☞ **Why** is Ali's family happy?

- Because he got high marks.

**Where :** أين ؟ ( للسؤال عن المكان )

☞ **Where** did you have your lunch yesterday?

**so :** أداة ربط معناها ( لذلك )

يأتى بعدها نتيجة لسبب جاء قبلها

نتيجة **so** + سبب **reason** + **consequence**

☞ I needed a new T-shirt, **so** my mother and I went to a lot of

clothes shops.

- ☞ I don't have enough money, **so** I can't buy this mobile.
- ☞ This phone is cheap, **so** I'll buy it.
- ☞ Computers are too difficult to use, **so** I don't like them.

**because** : أداة ربط معناها (لأن)

يأتي بعدها سبب لنتيجة جاءت قبلها

**consequence** نتيجة + **because** + **reason** سبب

- ☞ I can't buy this mobile **because** I don't have enough money.
- ☞ I'll buy this phone **because** it is cheap.

**enough** + **noun** : صفة بمعنى (كاف)

يأتي بعدها اسم جمع أو لا يعد

- ☞ There are **enough** plates .
- ☞ There is **enough** sugar to make tea .

**adj.** صفة + **enough**

عندما يأتي قبل كلمة **enough** صفة ، تكون ظرف بمعنى (بدرجة كافية) .

- ☞ The questions were **easy enough** .
- ☞ The park isn't **clean enough** .
- ☞ Some bins are not **full enough** .

**.... adj.** صفة + **enough** + **to** + **inf.** ....

- ☞ He was **clever enough** to answer all the questions.
- ☞ My uncle is **rich enough** to buy a villa.

ويمكن كما نرى في المثال السابق استخدام **enough** مع **to + inf.**

- ☞ Mother didn't give me **enough** money to buy sweets .

ان **enough** عندما تأتي كصفة يكون معناها (كاف) .

تستخدم الصفة بين ( **enough** صفة **not** ) بمعنى ليس بدرجة كافية

- ☞ The tea isn't hot **enough**.

**not enough**

تستخدم قبل الاسم

- ☞ There are **not enough** books for all the students.
- ☞ There is **not enough** water.

أكثر من اللازم ... ( جدا للدرجة أنى لا أستطيع ) **too & very** جدا

عزيزى الطالب ... هيا بنا ندرس تلك الأمثلة لنلاحظ الفرق بين **very / too**.

The tea is **hot**, but I **can** drink it. [ adjective ]

معنى ذلك أن الشاى ساخن ، ولكنى أستطيع شربه بلا مشاكل .

The tea is **very hot**, but I **can** drink it. [ very + adj. صفة ]

وهى المثال السابق الشاى ساخن جدا ، ولكنى أستطيع أن أتجمل ذلك .

The tea is **too hot**, I **can't** drink it. [ too + adj. ]

ولكن عند استخدام **too** فى المثال السابق ترتب على ذلك نتيجة منفية .

أى أن الشاى ساخن جدا للدرجة أنى لا أستطيع أن أشربه .

ويمكننا التعبير عن المثال السابق باستخدام :

The tea is **too hot to** drink. ( not " to drink it " )

Heba is **too tired to** read the book.

أو باستخدام **for** مع **too** كالتالى :

**too + adj. صفة + for ( sb. ) / to + inf. مصدر**

The tea is **too hot for** me **to** drink.

استخدام **too + adj.** مع الأشخاص .

Heba is **very tired** . She **can't** read the book .

ترتب على الصفة **tired** فى المثال السابق نتيجة منفية أنها لا تستطيع قراءة الكتاب وعند ذلك نستخدم

**too** كالتالى

هناك استخدام آخر لـ **too** بمعنى أيضا وفى هذه الحالة تأتى فى نهاية الجملة ويسبقها ( , )

I like living in the city , **too**.

### Comparative adjectives صفات المقارنة

صفات ذات مقطعين أو أكثر

expensive / careful

صفات ذات مقطع واحد

tall / big / short

للمقارنة بين اثنين تضاف **er** للصفة القصيرة ويأتى بعدها **than**

Ahmed is **taller than** Amr.

للمقارنة بين اثنين نضع **more** أو **less** قبل الصفة الطويلة وبعدها **than**

Nada is **more beautiful** than Nesma.

Nesma is **less beautiful** than Nada .

★ عند التساوى فى الصفات .... نستخدم :

**TERM 1**

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**PREP 1**

as + adj. + as

Tamer is as clever as Hazem.  
The shark was as big as the marlin.

### Possessive adjectives & pronouns

Subject	فاعل	I	We	You	He It	She	They
Poss. adj.	صفة ملكية	my our		your	his its	her	their
Poss. pron.	ضمير ملكية	mine ours		yours	his -	hers	theirs

☞ This is **my** kite.

☞ This kite is **mine**.

لاحظ أن :

**my** : صفة ملكية ( تأتي لوصف الملكية ) و يأتي بعدها مباشرة اسم  
**mine** : ضمير ملكية ( يعبر عن الملكية ) ولا يأتي بعده اسم ( يذكر الاسم قبل ذلك )

[ He / bag ]

☞ This is **his** bag.

☞ This bag is **his**.

يمكن استخدام ( 's ) الملكية بعد اسم الانسان او الحيوان او الطائر المفرد للدلالة على ملكيته لشيء ما :

☞ They're **Salma's** books. ( or ) ☞ They're **Salma's**.

أما مع الاسم الجمع المنتهي بـ ( s ) الجمع فإننا نضع ( ' ) بعده فقط .

☞ I'm in a boys' school.

كما يمكننا أيضا استخدام belong to للتعبير عن الملكية .

☞ This ball **belongs to** Shady.

☞ Who does this pen **belong to**? ( Whose pen is it ? )

**Whose** : ( لمن ؟ ، ملك من ؟ )

وتستخدم للسؤال عن الملكية ( صاحب ، من يخصه الشيء ) . . وتحل محل صفات الملكية .

☞ **Whose** camera is this?

☞ It's **my** camera.

☞ It's **mine**.

☞ **Whose** books are those?

☞ They're **her** books .

☞ They're **hers** .

**Who's = Who is** من يكون ؟

يليه فعل مضاف إليه **ing** أو اسم أو ضمير يحل محل الاسم أو صفة



Who's speaking?

- **Samy is speaking.**

Who's good at English?

- **Maher is good at English.**

**Who's = Who has** من يمتلك ؟

تستخدم للسؤال عن الفاعل العاقل

**Who's** got a pen ?

- **Ahmad has** got a pen .

**Which?** أى أو أيهما للاختيار بين عاقل أو غير عاقل ؟

**Which** of the two students is good at maths?

## Language notes

 **wake up**

يوقظ - يستيقظ

- We sometimes **wake up** at 7 o'clock.

 **get up**

ينهض من الفراش

- I **get up** and wash my face.

 **wear**

تستخدم لوصف ما يرتديه الشخص من ملابس (قميص - حبيبة - .....)

- Salwa **wears** a new dress.

 **get dressed**

يرتدي ملابس كاملة

- Dina **gets dressed** and goes to school.

 **arrive at / in :**

يصل ( مع الأماكن )

ونستخدم ( **at** ) قبل مكان محدود أو قرية أو بلد صغيرة أو مبنى . 

- They **arrived at** Cairo Airport at two o'clock .

ونستخدم ( **in** ) قبل بلد كبيرة أو عاصمة أو قطر . 

- We **arrived in** Cairo in the afternoon .

ولكن إذا لم يأت بعد الفعل **arrive** مكان ، نستخدم حرف جر مناسب للجملة .

- You'll **arrive on** Friday evening .

- She **arrived with** her husband

ولكن إذا أتى بعد الفعل **arrive** كلمة **there** أى ( هناك ، إلى هناك ) ، 

أو جاء بعده كلمة **home** لا يأتى قبلهم حرف جر .

- What time will you **arrive there** ?

- Soha **arrived home** late .

 **like + ( noun ..... \ V. + ing ..... )**

- I like English very much.

- Dina likes speaking English.

 **live in + اسم المدينة أو الدولة**

- Ahmed lives in Aswan.

 **live at + عنوان المنزل**

- Akram lives at 11 Orabi Street.

- architect** مهندس معماري ( هو من يقوم بوضع التصميمات فقط )
- Architects design new buildings.
- engineer** مهندس مدني ( هو من يقوم بالاشراف على بناء الطرق والسدود والكبارى والمباني )
- Engineers help to build roads, dams and bridges.
- famous** مشهور ( ولا يأتي بعدها حرف جر إذا لم نذكر الشيء المشهور به )
- A tour guide shows people famous places.
- famous for** مشهور بـ ( ويأتي بعدها **for** ثم الشيء المشهور به )
- Egypt is famous for many thing, including its delicious food.
- Excuse me** عفوًا ، معذرة تستخدم للفت الانتباه ، أو عندما نوجه كلام لشخص لا نعرفه :
- Excuse me . Where is the metro station , please ?
- new** جديد
- I have got a new mobile phone.
- fresh** طازج - نقي
- It's difficult for people to find fresh water to drink.
- clean** نظيف **X** **dirty** قذر - متسخ
- Why is clean water so important?
  - After floods ,water covers the land with dirty water.
- safe to + inf.** آمن لـ ( adj.+ to + inf. )
- Polluted water isn't safe to drink.
- safe** آمن **X** **dangerous** خطير
- Something that isn't dangerous is safe.
- charity** جمعية خيرية
- A charity is a group of people that collects money to help others.
- flood** فيضان
- When there's a lot of rain and water covers the land, there's flood.
- drought** جفاف
- When there's no rain and the land becomes very dry, there's a drought .
- Some abbreviations**
- |                  |                  |                 |
|------------------|------------------|-----------------|
| millimetres = mm | centimetres = cm | kilometres = km |
| metres = m       | kilogram = kg    |                 |
- Let's + inf.** هيا بنا ( تعبر عن الاقتراح )
- Let's go shopping.
- Let us + inf.** اسمح لنا ( تعبر عن طلب )
- Let us go to the cinema, please dad.
- Let + مفعول + مصدر** يدع
- The Dam lets Egypt grow more food.
- was / were** كان / كانوا
- The water in the floods was very high.

**There was / There were** كان يوجد

اسم مفرد / اسم غير معدود + **There was**

- **There was** a dam across the river.

**There were + اسم جمع**

- **There were** floods in Egypt.

لاحظ الفرق بين

- I went to the **florist's** to buy flowers.

محل الزهور.

- The **florist** in that shop is helpful .

بائع الزهور.

ride

يمتطي - يركب ( حصان - دراجة )

- We **ride** horses near the pyramids.

drive

يقود سيارة

- Samy **drives** his car carefully.

**drive ( someone ) to ( a place )**

يوصل ..... بسيارته إلى .....

- My father **drives me to school** every day.

go shopping

يذهب للتسوق

My mother **went shopping** last Friday.

do shopping

يقوم بأعمال التسوق

- You can **do** all your **shopping** in one place.

local

محلى خاص بمنطقة في الدولة

- I go to **local** shops in my area to buy some goods.

national

قومي خاص بأمة أو شعب

- We should help the **national** income.

الدخل القومي.

international

دولي بين دولتين أو أكثر

There was an **international** match between Egypt and England yesterday.

bit ( n. ) جزء أو قطعة أو كسرة خبز

- I have **bits** of bread.

- I hurt my foot on a **bit** of glass.

a bit ( adj. ) تعتبر كمجزء للمقاسات والأشياء التي لا تعد

قليلا

- This shirt is a **bit** large. Have you got a medium one?

like + n. اسم / v. + ing :

يحب

- She **likes** music, but she doesn't **like** cooking.

enjoy + n. اسم / v. + ing :

يستمتع بـ

لاحظ ان ... الفعل **enjoy** لا يأتي بعده حرف جر ويأتي بعده اسم او ( v. + ing ).

- We enjoyed the **film**. - Do you **enjoy** **listening** to music?

small صغير medium متوسط large كبير

x-large كبير عن المعتاد

- Babies wear **small** clothes.

- Young people wear

**medium** clothes.

- The old wear **large** size clothes.

- The fat wear **x-**

**large** clothes.

📖 Can I help you ? تستخدم عندما نعرض مساعدة شخص ما ، وعند الرد نستخدم:

☞ Yes, please. (قبول)

☞ No, thanks. (رفض)

📖 Here you are.

تفضل ، إليك ما طلبت

- This is the mobile you want. Here you are.

📖 City : large and important group of buildings larger than a town and has many towns. مدينة كبيرة عاصمة المحافظة.

- I live in Alexandria and I love this city.

📖 Town : a group of buildings smaller than a city and has villages مدينة صغيرة.

- Cairo is a city but Mahala is a town..

📖 Village : a collection of houses smaller than a town. قرية

- Mahala is a town with 50 villages . المحلة مدينة صغيرة ويتبعها 50 قرية

📖 Country : a nation or state with its land and population دولة

- Egypt is an African country . مصر دولة افريقية.

📖 the country = the countryside الريف

- The country life is quieter than life in the city. حياة الريف اهدأ من حياة المدينة .

📖 quiet = calm

صاحب X هادئ

- The countryside is too quiet.

الريف هادئ جدا .

📖 quite :

تمام - إلى حد ما

- I am quite sure.

متأكد إلى حد ما.

📖 quit :

يقطع عن - يترك

- I have quitted smoking.

انا اقلعت عن التدخين .

📖 do a survey يقوم بعمل مسح احصائي

- I did a survey for our class project.

📖 do a quiz يجيب الطالب على امتحان موجز

- In Aone series, you have to do a quiz on the first two lessons.

📖 make a quiz يعد المعلم امتحان موجز للطلاب

- In Aone series, teachers make a quiz on the first two lessons.

📖 read ..... to يقرأ لـ

- I read three questions to five friends.

📖 traffic حركة المرور ( تعامل كمفرد )

- City streets have much traffic. - Traffic is heavy in Cairo.

📖 in the countryside في الريف

- In the countryside, there are lots of trees

## Asking for and giving opinions

طلب الرأي و اعطاء الرأي

Do you agree that .....	هل تتفق ان .....
What do you think about .....	ما رأيك فى .....
What's your opinion about .....	ما رأيك فى .....
Do you think .....	هل تعتقد .....
In my opinion, .....	في رأيي، .....
I think .....	اعتقد .....
I would rather ..... than .....	أنا أفضل ..... على .....

Agreeing الموافقة	Disagreeing عدم الموافقة
I agree with you. إنني موافق	I don't agree with you / that. لا اتفق معك- لا أوافق على ذلك
I think so. اعتقد ذلك	I disagree with you / that. أنا مختلف معك فى ذلك
You're right. انت على حق	I don't think so. لا أعتقد ذلك
That's true. ذلك صحيح	That isn't true. هذا ليس صحيح

## Asking about your opinion

السؤال عن الرأي

للسؤال عن رأى شخص ما، نستخدم التعبير اللغوى التالى:

What do you think about .....? بعدها إسم أو فعل + ing

I ( love ) ..... للإجابة نستخدم درجة من درجات الحب والكراهة

☞ What do you think about Saidi music?

☞ I love Saidi music. It's my favourite music.

☞ Do you think ..... ?

يليه فعل + فاعل ( جملة كاملة )

Yes, I think so.

No, I don't think so.

☞ Do you think it is important to learn about traditional music?

☞ Yes, I think so .

لاحظ أن so حلت محل جملة لا نريد تكرارها

## Talking about likes and dislikes

التحدث عن الحب والكراهة

عند التحدث عن الحب والكراهة فهناك درجات للتعبير عن الحب والكراهة، وهى بالترتيب كالتالى من الحب للكراهة:

1- I love .....

☞ I love basketball. It's my favourite.

2- I like .....

☞ I like tennis.

3- I like ....., but I prefer .....

**TERM 1**

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**PREP 1**



- ✍ I like swimming, but I prefer football.  
 = ( I like ..... more than ..... )  
 ✍ ( I like football more than swimming ).
- 4- I don't mind ..... ✍ I don't mind handball. رغم النفي فالعنى اننى موافق
- 5- I don't like ..... ✍ I don't like volleyball.
- 6- I really don't like .....

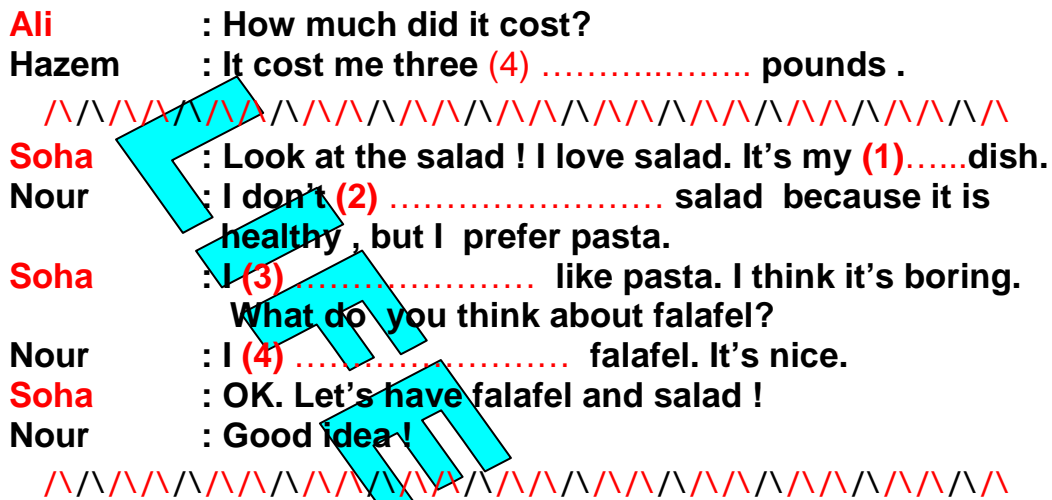
## Gradual exercises

### ① Listen and choose the correct answer from a, b or c :

نصوص الاستماع الخاصة بهذا السؤال فى نهاية التمارين المتدرجة

- 1 1- The sewing machine belongs to .....  
 a) aunt Mona      b) uncle      c) father
- 2- The ..... is my father's .  
 a) radio      b) car      c) sewing machine
- 2- The ..... is my uncle's .  
 a) radio      b) car      c) sewing machine
- 3- What's the car like?  
 a) old      b) modern      c) ancient
- 
- 2 1- How high is the dam?  
 a) 111 km      b) 111 m      c) 111 mm
- 2- Where did the engineers decide to build the dam?  
 a) In Luxor      b) In Cairo      c) In Aswan
- 3- The Aswan Dam opened in .....  
 a) In 1961      b) In 1971      c) In 1981
- 4- How long is the Aswan Dam ?  
 a) 3830      b) 3380      c) 3308
- 
- 3 1- Mai thought she left her phone on the .....  
 a) bus      b) taxi      c) train
- 2- Mai lost her phone in the .....  
 a) evening      b) morning      c) afternoon
- 3- Who lost the phone ?  
 a) Ahmed      b) bus driver      c) Mai
- 4- Why was Mai sad ?  
 a) Because she lost her phone.  
 b) Because she was sitting on the bus.  
 c) Because she was ill.
- 
- 4 1- Where did you go last weekend?  
 a) to the library      b) to the park      c) to the shops





a) Hala : How many eggs do you need to make a cake ?  
 Manar : .....  
 Hala : OK. Let's have some from the supermarket.

b) Esraa : Let's make a pie.  
 Amany : ..... ?  
 Esraa : Yes , there is honey in the kitchen cupboard .

a) Sherif : What were you doing at two o'clock yesterday afternoon?  
Taha : .....  
Sherif : That's great ! Did you enjoy your meal?  
Taha : Yes, I did. My grandmother made me my favourite dish, okra.

b) Tourist : ..... ?  
Amir : First, take line two, then change at Al Shohdaa. Ghamra is on line one.  
Tourist : Thank you very much.

a) Soha : What did you eat for lunch yesterday ?  
**Dina** : .....  
 Soha : I always eat lunch at 2p.m. What about you?  
**Dina** : I always eat at 3p.m.

b) Tamer : ..... ?  
**Ahmad** : I bought a new mobile at the shopping centre .  
 Tamer : Congratulations .



\/

**4 Read the following, then answer the questions :**

Yesterday at 8 a.m. I was watching some people in the street. There was a girl walking to shops when she saw her friend and they were waving to each other. There was a man waiting in queue when the bus arrived. There was a woman asked for some vegetables while the man was carrying a box of tomatoes . There was a tour guide talking to the tourists when the museum opened.

**A) Answer the following questions :**

**1-** What was happening when the bus arrived ?

**2-** What was happening when the museum opened ?

**B) Choose the correct answer :**

**4-** There was a man carrying a ..... of tomatoes.

- a) **shop**                      b) **bag**                      c) **box**                      d) **queue**

**5-** The two girls were ..... to each other.

- a) **wave**                      b) **waves**                      c) **waved**                      d) **waving**

**6-** The time was .....

- a) **8 p.m.**                      b) **8 a.m.**                      c) **9 p.m.**                      d) **7 a.m.**

\/

My name's Sally. I'm twelve years old. I have two sisters and one brother. Yesterday we talked about musical instruments. My elder sister Yomna likes the piano , but she doesn't like the drum because it's noisy. My younger sister Soha likes the violin , but she really doesn't like the clarinet. My brother Hatem doesn't like music. He likes computer studies , so he wants to be a programmer. He is still in the university. About me I love all musical instruments.

**A) Answer the following questions :**

**1-** What does the writer like ?

**2-** What doesn't Yomna like ? Why?

**B) Choose the correct answer :**

**3-** There are ..... people in the passage.

- a) **3**                      b) **4**                      c) **5**                      d) **6**

**4-** Hatem likes .....

- a) **art**                      b) **history**                      c) **computer studies**                      d) **science**

**5-** ..... is the youngest member in the family.

- a) **Soha**                      b) **Sally**                      c) **Hatem**                      d) **Yomna**

\/

My name is Nada Mousa Halim . I'm the youngest member in my family because I was born in 2004. My father is a teacher of English. I have a sister called Rawan . She got married to a good doctor. She is a doctor , too . My brother Ahmed is going to be an engineer. He is still in the university . I'd like to be an architect when I grow up to complete my father's dream.

A) Answer the following questions :

- 1- How old is Nada ?
- 2- What would Rawan like to be ?

B) Choose the correct answer :

- 3- Rawan is .....  
a) **student**      b) **single**      c) **married**      d) **engaged**
- 4- Ahmed is a / an .....  
a) **teacher**      b) **student**      c) **engineer**      d) **architect**
- 5- Nada's surname is .....  
a) **Rawan**      b) **Ahmed**      c) **Halim**      d) **Mousa**

\/

5 Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :

- 1- How ..... CDs have you got ?  
a) **many**      b) **any**      c) **much**      d) **some**
- 2- How ..... time do you spend doing homework ?  
a) **many**      b) **often**      c) **much**      d) **old**
- 3- A short shower uses only ..... water .  
a) **many**      b) **a little**      c) **much**      d) **a lot**
- 4- Water is very ..... for our life.  
a) **not important**      b) **important**      c) **import**      d) **importance**
- 5- We keep our books in the ..... room .  
a) **life**      b) **living**      c) **lives**      d) **live**
- 6- I drink much water when it is .....  
a) **drip**      b) **drop**      c) **hat**      d) **hot**
- 7- How ..... rice is in the cupboard ?  
a) **many**      b) **often**      c) **are**      d) **much**
- 8- I have got a lot of .....  
a) **CD**      b) **CDs**      c) **CD's**      d) **CDs'**
- 9- In many places there is not ..... rain .  
a) **many**      b) **any**      c) **some**      d) **a lot**
- 10- Do you use ..... water every day ?

- 
- a) **many**      b) **few**      c) **a lot**      d) **a little**  
 11- How ..... other ways are there to save water ?  
 a) **many**      b) **few**      c) **little**      d) **much**  
 12- Do you know how ..... water costs ?  
 a) **much**      b) **often**      c) **old**      d) **many**  
 13- There is ..... cheese in the cupboard .  
 a) **many**      b) **a lot**      c) **some**      d) **any**  
 14- There are ..... people in Cairo .  
 a) **much**      b) **little**      c) **a lot of**      d) **any**  
 15- In Cairo there are more than 18 ..... people .  
 a) **millions**      b) **million**      c) **million is**      d) **million's**  
 16- In the village life is .....  
 a) **slowly**      b) **slower**      c) **slowest**      d) **slow**  
 17- How ..... rain does Egypt get every year ?  
 a) **many**      b) **often**      c) **much**      d) **high**  
 18- How ..... cups of coffee do you drink a day ?  
 a) **high**      b) **often**      c) **much**      d) **many**  
 19- ..... there any cheese ?  
 a) **Does**      b) **Has**      c) **Were**      d) **Is**  
 20- It is very hot ..... summer .  
 a) **these**      b) **this**      c) **those**      d) **there**  
 21- I help mum ..... the house .  
 a) **in**      b) **out**      c) **on**      d) **at**  
 22- What is ..... to the water near Aswan now ?  
 a) **happened**      b) **happen**      c) **happens**      d) **happening**  
 23- Pupils like to ..... posters .  
 a) **make**      b) **do**      c) **bake**      d) **help**  
 24- It is difficult for people to find ..... water .  
 a) **fresh**      b) **drought**      c) **charity**      d) **flood**  
 25- To help people, we can give money to .....  
 a) **poster**      b) **flood**      c) **drought**      d) **charity**  
 26- There is one thousand metres in a .....  
 a) **centimetre**      b) **metre**      c) **millimeter**      d) **kilometre**  
 27- Salma is very good at tennis. She ..... every day .  
 a) **practices**      b) **makes**      c) **travels**      d) **changes**  
 28- How ..... people are visiting the museum today?  
 a) **much**      b) **many**      c) **a lot of**      d) **often**  
 29- They only spent ..... time in the shop because it  
 was closing when they arrived . (متفوقين)

- 
- a) **much**                      b) **little**                      c) **a little**                      d) **many**  
 30- It is sometimes difficult to ..... big cities.  
 a) **get around**                      b) **get on**                      c) **get over**                      d) **get up**  
 1- That's the house ..... I live in .  
 a) **which**                      b) **who**                      c) **when**                      d) **where**  
 2- Last week, I visited my uncle in Tanta . I went ..... a train.  
 a) **on**                      b) **by**                      c) **in**                      d) **with**  
 3- I'll take my exam ..... the third of July.  
 a) **to**                      b) **in**                      c) **on**                      d) **at**  
 4- Last week , I went to Alex ..... bus .  
 a) **to**                      b) **in**                      c) **on**                      d) **by**  
 5- I was in Luxor yesterday, I ..... a great time.  
 a) **have**                      b) **has**                      c) **had**                      d) **did**  
 6- I always go back home ..... the afternoon.  
 a) **to**                      b) **in**                      c) **on**                      d) **at**  
 6- Tourists like to ride ..... a horse at the Pyramids.  
 a) **to**                      b) **in**                      c) **on**                      d) **for**  
 7- How ..... loaves of bread do you want ?  
 a) **much**                      b) **many**                      c) **often**                      d) **long**  
 8- How ..... bread do you want ?  
 a) **much**                      b) **many**                      c) **often**                      d) **long**  
 9- The music teacher showed me ..... move my fingers  
 on the right place..  
 a) **to**                      b) **to how**                      c) **how to**                      d) **how**  
 10- I love the violin ..... its nice sound.  
 a) **so**                      b) **for**                      c) **because**                      d) **to**  
 11- Dad drives me to school ..... his car .  
 a) **by**                      b) **on**                      c) **in**                      d) **with**  
 12- I like the rebaba, she likes it .....  
 a) **also**                      b) **to**                      c) **too**                      d) **either**  
 13- How ..... bread do you want ?  
 a) **much**                      b) **many**                      c) **often**                      d) **long**  
 14- I want to learn ..... play the oud.  
 a) **to**                      b) **in**                      c) **on**                      d) **for**  
 15- I don't like the drums, she doesn't like it .....  
 a) **also**                      b) **to**                      c) **too**                      d) **either**  
 18- I love the violin ..... it has nice sound .  
 a) **so**                      b) **to**                      c) **because of**                      d) **because**  
 19- That's the house ..... I live .  
 a) **which**                      b) **who**                      c) **when**                      d) **where**  
 21- I went to the chemist's ..... buy some medicine .

- a) **so**                      b) **for**                      c) **because**                      d) **to**  
 22- How ..... villages are there in El Mahalla El Kubra ?  
 a) **much**                      b) **many**                      c) **often**                      d) **long**

\/

**6 Read and correct the underlined words :**

- 1- The book belongs to me. It's my .
- 2- The violin is Ahmad's favourite machine .
- 3- We asked five people questions.
- 4- Which two objects belongs to his mother ?
- 5- What do the van belong to ?
- 6- The simsimiya is similar to the drum .
- 7- The clarinet are my favourite instrument.
- 8- I made a survey for our class project.
- 9- I read three questions for five friends.
- 10- City streets have many traffic.
- 11- The countryside is much relaxing than the city.
- 12- On the countryside , there are lots of trees
- 13- TV programmes learn us interesting things .
- 14- It is better to travel on car .
- 15- Buses is not cheap enough .
- 16- Who's camera is that ?
- 17- These shoes aren't my .
- 18- Whose T-shirt are that ?
- 19- Where is you're father's jacket?
- 20- I don't like salad. It's healthy.
- 21- Is that your tennis rocket ?
- 22- Where did you went on holiday, last summer?
- 23- Mr Sami likes the hotel, but he thinks it's enough expensive.
- 24- The medium jacket is too big. Can I try large , please?
- 25- I like play football

\/

**7 Write a paragraph of five sentences :**

" Skyscraper "

**You may use these words.** ( tall – top – flats – new – city )

I live in a skyscraper.....

.....

.....

\/

" City life and country life "



- 6- The ..... showed Santiago where to find fish.  
a) **sharks** b) **birds** c) **fishing lines** d) **turtles**
- 7- Santiago was old, but he was .....  
a) **funny** b) **young** c) **strong** d) **weak**
- 8- Manolin visited the old man every .....  
a) **day** b) **week** c) **month** d) **year**
- 9- It is important to be ..... to catch fish.  
a) **unkind** b) **impatient** c) **patient** d) **kind**
- 10- The old man saw his fishing line .....  
a) **move** b) **play** c) **write** d) **carry**
- 11- Manolin ..... the old man with his boat .  
a) **wrote** b) **helped** c) **visited** d) **sailed**
- 12- The old man ..... the birds .  
a) **visited** b) **moved** c) **watched** d) **sailed**
- 13- Santiago knew the marlin was a good .....  
a) **health** b) **prize** c) **boat** d) **cloth**
- 14- The fish swam fast and ..... the boat far out to sea.  
a) **trapped** b) **smashed** c) **pushed** d) **pulled**
- 15- Santiago hoped the marlin became .....  
a) **big** b) **small** c) **tired** d) **afraid**
- 16- Santiago was ..... that Manolin wasn't with him.  
a) **glad** b) **happy** c) **tired** d) **sad**
- 17- The marlin was ..... than the old man's boat.  
a) **bigger** b) **smaller** c) **higher** d) **weaker**
- 18- The marlin was strong like Santiago, but he wasn't.....  
a) **big** b) **weak** c) **strong** d) **afraid**
- 19- Santiago was stronger and ..... when he was young.  
a) **faster** b) **happier** c) **older** d) **sadder**
- 20- The fish was strong and it ..... afraid.  
a) **weren't** b) **wasn't** c) **didn't** d) **doesn't**
- 21- The fish ..... become tired till now .  
a) **don't** b) **wasn't** c) **didn't** d) **weren't**
- 22- It was a ..... fish.  
a) **small** b) **tiny** c) **funny** d) **wonderful**
- 23- It was ..... to catch the fish because it was big and strong.  
a) **easy** b) **nice** c) **difficult** d) **careful**
- 24- Santiago ..... the fish.  
a) **liked** b) **helped** c) **visited** d) **ate**
- 25- Santiago didn't want to ..... and go home.

- a) **attack**      b) **continue**      c) **go on**      d) **stop**  
 26- Santiago could ..... the fish for a lot of money.  
 a) **buy**      b) **rent**      c) **sell**      d) **give**  
 27- Santiago ..... held the fishing line.  
 a) **careful**      b) **careless**      c) **care**      d) **carefully**  
 28- Santiago held the fishing line with ..... hand.  
 a) **two**      b) **one**      c) **double**      d) **once**  
 29- The ..... day, the old man was very hungry and his hand hurt.  
 a) **first**      b) **third**      c) **second**      d) **fourth**  
 30- The fish ..... high out of the water and the old man saw it.  
 a) **jumped**      b) **swam**      c) **sailed**      d) **stopped**

**B) Answer the following questions:**

- 1- Is the boat bigger than the fish ? **How do you know?**
- 2- What rested on Santiago's boat ?
- 3- What does the word enormous mean ?
- 4- Why couldn't the old man rest for a long time ?
- 5- How were birds helpful to Santiago ?
- 6- When did Santiago travel to Africa?
- 7- How did Santiago finally kill the fish?
- 8- Why was Santiago happy when he killed the fish?
- 9- How do you think Santiago is feeling?
- 10- Was the old man afraid of the sharks ?
- 11- Why did Santiago say "You are now half a fish"?
- 12- What happened in the end to the marlin ?
- 13- How was Santiago the next day?
- 14- Where did Santiago live?
- 15- How did Manolin help the old man?
- 16- What was Santiago?
- 17- What did Manolin's parents tell him?
- 18- Who said good luck? Why?
- 19- Why do you think Santiago wasn't afraid of the sea?
- 20- Who helped Santiago and carried things for him?
- 21- Do you think Manolin loved Santiago? Give examples.
- 22- What do you use to catch fish ?
- 23- How should you be to catch fish ?
- 24- Why did Manolin love the old man ?
- 25- Why do you think Santiago liked animals ?





- 26- Why did the fishermen feel sad for Santiago ?
- 27- Do you respect the old man ? Why ?
- 28- Why did Santiago smile before sleeping ?
- 29- Why did Manolin go to a café ?
- 30- Why was Santiago happy when he killed the fish?
- 31- Was the old man afraid of the sharks ?

**PREP 1**  
**Series**

## Life series

سلسلة مذكرات **لايف** للمرحلتين الابتدائية والاعدادية  
أقوى سلسلة شرح ومراجعات نهائية في اللغة الانجليزية

**الثمن جنيه ونصف**

تحتوى على كلمات كل وحدة منفصلة

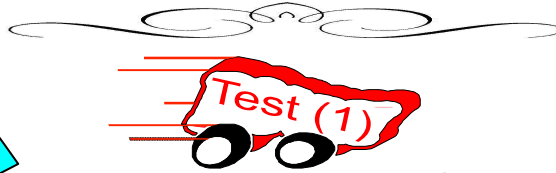
تمارين متدرجة على جميع اسئلة الامتحان

20 نموذج امتحان

إضافة الى كتاب المراجعة النهائية والذي يحتوى على 31 إمتحان

**بسعر 2.5 جنيه**

تطلب من 01009466563 / 01000533437



**① Listen and choose the correct answer from a, b or c :**

نص الاستماع الخاصة بهذا السؤال في نهاية الامتحان

- 1- Hani is at a .....  
a) **chemist**                      b) **restaurant**                      c) **baker**
- 2- Hani wants some .....  
a) **chicken**                      b) **meat**                      c) **fish**
- 3- Hani wants to drink .....  
a) **water**                      b) **orange juice**                      c) **salad**
- 4- Salad is good for .....  
a) **fish**                      b) **waiter**                      c) **Hani**

**② Finish the following dialogue with one word each :**

- Ahmed** : What (1) ..... your brother's job?  
**Amr** : He is a mechanic.  
**Ahmed** : (2) ..... does he work?  
**Amr** : He works in a (3) .....  
**Ahmed** : What does he do?  
**Amr** : He (4) ..... cars.

**③ Supply the missing parts in the following two mini-dialogues**

- 1) **Basma** : ..... ?  
**Rawan** : Take the second turning . The shop is next to the bank .  
**Basma** : Thank you for your help.
- 2) **Hatem** : Why did you go to the bakery ?  
**Maher** : .....

**④ Read the following , then answer the questions :**

In London and New York, there are areas that people call " Little Egypt" . You can buy Egyptian foods, such as falafel at many shops and restaurants **there** . You can also find ful medames in many countries. Broad beans have a long history in Egypt. The pharaohs of ancient Egypt loved them . People cook the beans for breakfast. Today , people still use the fourth-century recipe to cook ful medames.

**A) Answer the following questions:**

- 1- What does the word **there** refer to?
- 2- Where can you buy Egyptian foods outside Egypt ?



**B) Choose the correct answer :**

- 3- People cook beans for .....  
a) **lunch**      b) **breakfast**      c) **dinner**      d) **summer**
- 4- People still use the ..... recipe to cook ful medames.  
a) **fourth-century**      b) **fifth-century**  
c) **second-century**      d) **third century**
- 5- You can find " little Egypt " in .....  
a) **Egypt**      b) **England and America**  
c) **ancient Egypt**      d) **France and Italy**

\/

**5 Choose the correct answer from a , b or c :**

- 1- She was ..... a blue skirt yesterday .  
a) **wear**      b) **worn**      c) **wearing**      d) **wears**
- 2- We should keep the Nile .....  
a) **clean**      b) **dirty**      c) **polluted**      d) **pollution**
- 3- Sara learnt a lot ..... the New Suez Canal .  
a) **in**      b) **at**      c) **about**      d) **over**
- 4- Soha's mum ..... writing a letter now .  
a) **was**      b) **is**      c) **does**      d) **has**
- 5- On the metro, give your ..... to elderly people .  
a) **ticket**      b) **chair**      c) **seat**      d) **stool**
- 6- Sara looked ..... her mother when she was ill .  
a) **to**      b) **at**      c) **after**      d) **for**
- 7- A supermarket is a ..... store.  
a) **young**      b) **small**      c) **big**      d) **tall**
- 8- The ..... of ancient Egypt loved broad beans.  
a) **English**      b) **Arab**      c) **Pharaohs**      d) **German**

\/

**7 Write a paragraph of five sentences :**

- 1- Wait in a **quite** for the bus .
- 2- Do not **shouts** .
- 3- My favourite food is **lamp** .

\/

**6 Read and correct the underlined words :**

" My family "

**You may use these words.**

( sister – university – younger – brother)

My family consists of five members, I'm the youngest.....

.....

.....

**8 A ) Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :**

- 1- During the night Santiago could not .....  
a) **sleep**      b) **eat**      c) **sail**      d) **mail**
- 2- Santiago hoped to sell the fish for a good.....  
a) **spice**      b) **rice**      c) **wise**      d) **price**

**B) Answer the following questions :**

- 1- Who came to the old man's house the next day ?  
2- Do you think Santiago missed Manolin? Why ?

نص الاستماع الخاص بالسؤال الأول

**Waiter** : What would you like to eat ?

**Hani** : Some fish, please.

**Waiter** : Would you like` some salad ?

**Hani** : Sure . It's good for me . And orange juice , please.

Test (2)

**1 Listen and choose the correct answer from a, b or c :**

- 1- ..... helps you to sleep .  
a) **molokhia**      b) **koshari**      c) **kofta**
- 2- Magnesium in molokhia can stop ..... problems .  
a) **food**      b) **sleep**      c) **relaxed**
- 3- Molokhia makes you .....  
a) **fixed**      b) **mixed**      c) **relaxed**
- 4- The doctor tells us about ..... benefits .  
a) **koshari**      b) **lamb**      c) **molokhia**

**2 Finish the following dialogue with one word each :**

**Waiter** : What would you (1) ..... to drink ?

**Hisham** : (2) ..... like to drink juice .

**Waiter** : What (3) ..... of juice do you want ?

**Hisham** : I'd like mango juice .

**Waiter** : Anything (4) ..... ?

**Hisham** : No , thanks .

**3 Supply the missing parts in the following two mini-dialogues:**

1) **Nabil** : ..... ?

**Samy** : No , I do not like fish, but I like meat .



**6 Read and correct the underlined words :**

1- Egypt is a beautiful countryside .

2- Many people visits Cairo.

3- He has nine lessons in day.

**7 Write a paragraph of five sentences :**

" A day with my cousin "

You many use these words.

( age 28 – London – shopping – hundreds of – busier )

Last summer, my cousin Sami came to Cairo for the first time.

**8 A ) Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :**

1- The fish was too big to ..... in the boat.

a) wait                      b) swim                      c) put                      d) start

2- The sharks didn't stay because the marlin was only a.... .

a) dead                      b) half                      c) skeleton                      d) strong

**B) Answer the following questions :**

1- How many people saw Santiago when he arrived home?

2- Do you think it is possible to catch a very big fish with just a fishing line? What else might you need?

نص الإستماع الخاص بالسؤال الأول

**Reporter** : Can food help us to sleep ?

**Doctor** : Yes, magnesium in molokhia can stop sleep problems.

**Reporter** : Molokhia makes you relaxed .

Test (3)

**1 Listen and choose the correct answer from a, b or c :**

نص الاستماع الخاصة بهذا السؤال في نهاية الامتحان

1- How many people did we ask ?

a) Two                      b) Three                      c) Five

2- How many questions did we ask ?

a) Two                      b) Three                      c) Five

3- How many people never went to shopping centres?

a) Two                      b) Three                      c) Five

4-..... people think that shopping centres are too big.

a) Two                      b) Three                      c) Five

**2 Finish the following dialogue with one word each :**

Ola : What are your (1) ..... names?

Salma : My father is Youssef, and my mother is Warda.

Ola : What are your parents' (2) ..... ?

Salma : My father is a doctor and my mother works in an office.

Ola : Where is your (3) ..... ? Is it this woman ?

Salma : Yes, that's my aunt Heba. She's my father's (4)..... .

**3 Supply the missing parts in the following two mini-dialogues:**

1) Amir : Can I help you ?

Tourist : I'd like to take metro line one Where's the station ?

Amir : .....

2) Tourist : ..... ?

Sojoud : Turn left, the Museum is opposite the bank .

Tourist : Thank you .

**4 Read the following , then answer the questions :**

I'm Amir. My brother lives in Italy. When he came to Alexandria, I showed him a nice market that is not too expensive. We bought a sweatshirt for my brother's wife and a toy guitar for their son. We had lunch at a café and my brother loved it . While we were eating, we listened to some Egyptian music. A band was playing the oud, the flute and the drums. We took a lot of photos.

**A) Answer the following questions:**

1- What was the band playing ?

2- What did they buy for their son ?

**B) Choose the correct answer :**

3- The word it refers to a .....

a) **band**                      b) **market**                      c) **lunch**                      d) **toy**

4- We took a lot of .....

a) **guitars**                      b) **drums**                      c) **flutes**                      d) **photos**

5- Amir is the ..... of his brother's son.

a) **aunt**                      b) **uncle**                      c) **cousin**                      d) **father**

**5 Choose the correct answer from a , b or c :**

1- Look at this ..... ! He is building a new dam .

a) **architect**                      b) **engineer**                      c) **doctor**                      d) **teacher**

2- Is this a picture of your family ....., Salma?

a) **agree**                      b) **tree**                      c) **three**                      d) **free**



- 3- Your grandfather is the ..... of your mother or father.  
a) **mother**      b) **uncle**      c) **brother**      d) **father**
- 4- Hamed works in the bank. He's a / an .....  
a) **engineer**      b) **accountant**      c) **chef**      d) **teacher**
- 5- Those are my parents' DVDs. The radio is ....., too.  
a) **his**      b) **ours**      c) **theirs**      d) **mine**
- 6- ..... is a dish with no meat in it .  
a) **Koshari**      b) **Lamb**      c) **Kofta**      d) **Burgers**
- 7- Water stays ..... the walls of the dam.  
a) **in front of**      b) **between**      c) **next to**      d) **behind**
- 8- She always ..... fresh fish.  
a) **cook**      b) **is cooking**      c) **cooks**      d) **cooking**

**⑥ Read and correct the underlined words :**

- 1- I enjoyed watch the film .  
2- Who is the easiest way to go around Cairo ?  
3- Giza is famous four the Pyramids .

**⑦ Write a paragraph of five sentences :**

" My father's job "

**You may use these words.**

( job – bank – computer – numbers – hard-working)

My father works with money.....

**⑧ A ) Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :**

- 1- The old man ..... the fishing line and he waited.  
a) **cut**      b) **hurt**      c) **held**      d) **ruined**
- 2- "You are now ..... a fish," Santiago said.  
a) **have**      b) **half**      c) **had**      d) **all**

**B) Answer the following questions :**

- 1- How did the old man cut his hand?  
2- What do you learn from the story ?

نص الإستماع الخاص بالسؤال الأول

We asked five people two questions about shops. Three people said they never go to shopping centres. Two people said they think shopping centres are too big.



**① Listen and choose the correct answer from a, b or c :**

نص الاستماع الخاصة بهذا السؤال في نهاية الامتحان

- 1- A farmer works on a .....  
a) **corn**                      b) **form**                      c) **farm**
- 2- He plants .....  
a) **early**                      b) **animals**                      c) **seeds**
- 3- He works .....  
a) **hardly**                      b) **early**                      c) **hard**
- 3- A farmer keeps .....  
a) **plants**                      b) **animals**                      c) **seeds**

**② Finish the following dialogue with one word each :**

- Ayman : What were you (1) ..... at 9 o'clock yesterday ?  
Baher : I (2) ..... watching a film at the cinema .  
Ayman : (3) ..... was with you ?  
Baher : My family .  
Ayman : When (4) ..... you come back home ?  
Baher : At 12 o'clock .

**③ Supply the missing parts in the following two mini-dialogues:**

- 1) Hazem : ..... ?  
Mounir : A local shop is a place where you can buy cheap and fresh things.
- 2) Noura : Where did you go last weekend?  
Faten : .....  
Noura : Did you enjoyed it ?

**④ Read the following , then answer the questions :**

For the first time in Egypt's history a hundred Egyptians died because of hot weather in the summer of 2015 . What should we do to stop heat problems ? Do not drink very cold drinks because **they** cause stomachache . Drink two to four glasses of water each hour . Wear light clothes . Do your work early in the morning or in the evening . Stay cool . Don't eat very hot food .

**A) Answer the following questions:**

- 1- How many people died because of hot weather in Egypt in 2015 ?

2- Say three ways to avoid heat problems .

**B) Choose the correct answer :**

3- Stay ..... .

- a) **cold**      b) **hot**      c) **very cold**      d) **cool**

4- Drink two to four glasses of water each ..... in hot weather.

- a) **day**      b) **week**      c) **month**      d) **hour**

5- The underlined word **they** refers to ..... .

- a) **cold food**      b) **hot drinks**  
c) **very cold drinks**      d) **very hot food**

/\ /\

**5 Choose the correct answer from a , b or c :**

1- Young Sally ..... with her friends near the canal .

- a) **play**      b) **playing**      c) **was played**      d) **was playing**

2- The tourist was taking a ..... with his camera .

- a) **kite**      b) **camel**      c) **phone**      d) **photo**

3- He ..... very surprised .

- a) **does**      b) **has**      c) **was**      d) **am**

4- They agreed ..... collect money for the poor .

- a) **in**      b) **on**      c) **for**      d) **to**

5- We decided to do a six - ..... walk .

- a) **kilos**      b) **kilo**      c) **kilometres**      d) **kilometre**

6- A ..... cuts hair .

- a) **guide**      b) **chef**      c) **barber**      d) **teacher**

7- Sara drinks all kinds of juice except peach juice .

She ..... drinks it.

- a) **never**      b) **often**      c) **always**      d) **usually**

8- Hassan likes the violin, but he doesn't ..... the guitar .

- a) **mine**      b) **mile**      c) **mind**      d) **mend**

/\ /\

**6 Read and correct the underlined words :**

1- Who pencil is this ?

2- I get dress quickly .

3- The tea is enough hot. I can't drink it .

/\ /\

**7 Write a paragraph of five sentences :**

" Why I want to be a doctor "

**You may use these words.**

( important-help poor - examine patients - hospital - medicine)

I want to be a doctor. ....

.....

.....

**8 A )** Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :

1- Santiago killed ..... sharks .

- a) **six**      b) **seven**      c) **eight**      d) **nine**

2- When Santiago got home , it was .....

- a) **morning**      b) **noon**      c) **night**      d) **afternoon**

**B)** Answer the following questions :

1- What cut Santiago's hand ?

2- Why do you think Santiago went home at night ?

نص الإستماع الخاص بالسؤال الأول

A farmer works on a farm. He plants seeds. He keeps animals. He gets up early and goes to bed early . He works hard .

Test (5)

**1** Listen and choose the correct answer from a , b or c :

نص الاستماع الخاصة بهذا السؤال في نهاية الامتحان

1- Books are in ..... two .

- a) **aisle**      b) **puzzle**      c) **apartment**

2- You can borrow ..... book "s"

- a) **one**      b) **two**      c) **first**

3- A ..... helps people with book.

- a) **librarian**      b) **reader**      c) **borrower**

4- Which section does the reader want ?

- a) **Arabic**      b) **English**      c) **German**

**2** Finish the following dialogue with one word each :

**Ahmed** : What (1) ..... you doing from 2 to 3 pm ?

**Rawan** : I was (2) ..... the canal .

**Ahmed** : Who (3) ..... to clean the canal ?

**Rawan** : My classmates helped to (4) ..... it .

**Ahmed** : I wish I were with you.

**Rawan** : Thanks Ahmed .

**3** Supply the missing parts in the following two mini-dialogues:

1) **Hani** : What can you see in Cairo?

**Nouran** : .....

- 2) Amir : ..... ?  
 Ahmed : Because it is usually sunny and hot in the summer.  
 /\

**4 Read the following , then answer the questions :**

I'm Ahmad. I'm an architect. I love designing new buildings . My grandfather, Radwan is a farmer . He always gets up early and he has a big farm. I have two brothers , Tarek and Magdy . Tarek is a teacher of English in a prep school . Magdy is an accountant in a bank . At the moment I'm working in a city , but I live in a village . I'm designing a new library in Tanta.

**A) Answer the following questions :**

- 1- What's Tarek's job ?  
 2- What's the writer's surname ?

**B) Choose the correct answer:**

- 3- Ahmad is designing a new .....  
 a) school      b) bank      c) village      d) library  
 4- Tarek is a / an .....  
 a) farmer      b) accountant      c) teacher      d) architect  
 5- ..... is a farmer .  
 a) Radwan      b) Tarek      c) Magdy      d) Ahmad  
 /\

**5 Choose the correct answer from a , b or c :**

- 1- How ..... water do you waste?  
 a) many      b) often      c) much      d) long  
 2- It doesn't usually rain ..... in Aswan.  
 a) lot      b) a lot      c) lots      d) lot of  
 3- Dr Ahmad usually works in a .....  
 a) office      b) bank      c) school      d) hospital  
 4- ..... it raining when Grandma got up this morning?  
 a) Is      b) Was      c) Does      d) Did  
 5- He goes to school to .....  
 a) sleep      b) play      c) learn      d) eat  
 6- She was at the bank to get .....  
 a) letters      b) lunch      c) money      d) sandwich  
 7- The trains stop ..... 12.30.  
 a) on      b) at      c) in      d) for  
 8- You can change ..... at Sadat, Ataba or Al Shohadaa.  
 a) tickets      b) lines      c) stations      d) passengers

**6 Read and correct the underlined words :**

- 1- The roads in big cities are always two busy.
- 2- A calendar is used for making clothes.
- 3- Sawahli music comes from the south of Egypt.

**7 Write a paragraph of five sentences :**

" Water "

You may use these words. ( rain – teeth – shower – taps – money)

How can we save water ?

**8 A ) Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :**

- 1- The marlin was too ..... for Santiago to catch.  
a) **strong** b) **small** c) **easy** d) **high**
- 2- The old man pulled the fishing line, but the fish pulled.....  
a) **smaller** b) **weaker** c) **easier** d) **harder**

**B) Answer the following questions :**

- 1- Why did Santiago need to catch the marlin?
- 2- Would you enjoy being a fisherman? Why ? Why not?

نص الإستماع الخاص بالسؤال الأول

Reader : Where is English books section , please ?  
Librarian : They are in aisle 2.  
Reader : How many books can I borrow ?  
Librarian : Only one book .

Test (6)

**1 Listen and choose the correct answer from a, b or c :**

نص الاستماع الخاصة بهذا السؤال في نهاية الامتحان

- 1- How big are the windows?  
a) **too big** b) **too small** c) **too old**
- 2- The hotel is .....  
a) **modern** b) **not old** c) **not modern**
- 3- The rooms are too .....  
a) **light** b) **dark** c) **small**
- 4- What about prices?  
a) **cheap** b) **expensive** c) **sheep**



**5 Choose the correct answer from a , b or c :**

1- In the shopping centre, you can .....all your shopping in one place.

- a) **make**      b) **do**      c) **buy**      d) **give**

2- There isn't ..... honey in the fridge.

- a) **some**      b) **few**      c) **a few**      d) **any**

3- ....., rice and lentils are the main ingredients of koshari.

- a) **Lamb**      b) **Pasta**      c) **Lemon**      d) **Herbs**

4- I ..... some T-shirts from the shopping centre yesterday.

- a) **bought**      b) **buy**      c) **buys**      d) **buying**

5- I met Hassan while I ..... to school.

- a) **going**      b) **went**      c) **was going**      d) **am going**

6- When there isn't any rain for months, some places have .....

- a) **flood**      b) **charity**      c) **drought**      d) **draught**

7- We should ..... things with each other.

- a) **kind**      b) **say**      c) **hurt**      d) **share**

8- Hani went to the ..... to buy medicine.

- a) **chemist**      b) **bakery**      c) **florist**      d) **barber**

.....

**6 Read and correct the underlined words :**

1- What are you do now?

2- The mechanic works in a school.

3- This girl have got long hair .

.....

**7 Write a paragraph of five sentences :**

" **Cairo** "

**You may use these words.**

( 9 million – tourists – Museum – Old Cairo – ways )

Come to Cairo , the biggest city in Africa .....

.....

.....

.....

**8 A ) Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :**

1- The other fishermen ..... the old man .

- a) **disliked**      b) **excepted**      c) **respected**      d) **hated**

2- Manolin was ..... about the old man.

- a) **worried**      b) **not worried**      c) **big**      d) **difficult**

**B) Answer the following questions :**

1- Why did Manolin love the old man?



2- Why do you think Santiago wasn't afraid when the fish pulled his boat out to the sea ?

نص الإستماع الخاص بالسؤال الأول

The hotel isn't modern enough. Its windows are too small. They are not big enough. The rooms are too dark. Prices are cheap.

Test (7)

1 Listen and choose the correct answer from a, b or c :

نص الاستماع الخاصة بهذا السؤال في نهاية الامتحان

1- I am a ..... school student .

a) **prim**                      b) **prep**                      c) **secondary**

2- I do homework ..... lunch .

a) **before**                      b) **during**                      c) **after**

3- I go to bed at ..... o'clock .

a) **ten**                      b) **eleven**                      c) **twelve**

4- I log on internet after .....

a) **having lunch**                      b) **doing homework**                      c) **going to bed**

2 Finish the following dialogue with one word each :

Ali : How (1) ..... CDs have you got?

Amir : I have got fifteen CDs.

Ali : How (2) ..... time do you spend doing your homework?

Amir : I spend a (3) ..... time. Homework is important .

Ali : When do you usually start homework?

Amir : I usually do it (4) ..... night.

3 Supply the missing parts in the following two mini-dialogues:

1) Hala : How high is the Aswan Dam ?

Yomna : .....

Hala : Why is the Dam important?

Yomna : Because it protects Egypt from floods.

2) Rawan : ..... ?

Nada : Yes, I like lamb.

Rawan : Anything else?

Nada : Orange juice, please.

**4 Read the following , then answer the questions :**

My name is Waleed . I like music very much. All over Egypt there are many kinds of music and many local instruments. I listen to music in my free time. I like playing the guitar and the piano When I grow up . I want to be a great musician . My family gives me everything I want . They bought me a guitar , a violin ,a laptop and a lot of DVDs to help me practise my hobby.

**A) Answer the following questions:**

- 1- What's Waleed's hobby ?
- 2- When does he practise his hobby ?

**B) Choose the correct answer :**

- 3- Waleed plays the guitar and the .....  
a) **piano**                      b) **flute**                      c) **drum**                      d) **bass**
- 4- Waleed wants to be a .....  
a) **doctor**                      b) **teacher**                      c) **farmer**                      d) **musician**
- 5- His family ..... him many things to practise his hobby.  
a) **sold**                      b) **bought**                      c) **shared**                      d) **fixed**

\/

**5 Choose the correct answer from a , b or c :**

- 1- My favourite school subject ..... computer studies.  
a) **are**                      b) **has**                      c) **is**                      d) **does**
- 2- How do you ..... your name?  
a) **spell**                      b) **speak**                      c) **eat**                      d) **play**
- 3- I have got English ..... quarter past ten .  
a) **at**                      b) **on**                      c) **in**                      d) **of**
- 4- ..... time do you have maths on Monday ?  
a) **What**                      b) **Where**                      c) **When**                      d) **Who**
- 5- Hani wants to visit his ..... farm . They always invite me there.  
a) **uncles**                      b) **uncle**                      c) **uncle's**                      d) **uncles'**
- 6- The ..... works at the restaurant .  
a) **chef**                      b) **teacher**                      c) **doctor**                      d) **mechanic**
- 7- We study about Ahmad Orabi in .....  
a) **maths**                      b) **science**                      c) **history**                      d) **geology**
- 8- Polluted water isn't ..... to drink.  
a) **save**                      b) **unhealthy**                      c) **safe**                      d) **dangerous**

\/

**6 Read and correct the underlined words :**

- 1- Dalia was bear in Alexandria .

2- He start work at eight o'clock every day .

3- I won't buy it because it is too cheap .

7 Write a paragraph of five sentences :  
" The Nile "

You may use these words.

( throw – rubbish – clean – fish – trip by boat )

The Nile is important so we must keep it clean .....

8 A ) Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :

1- More ..... attacked the boat .

a) shirts      b) shorts      c) sharks      d) shares

2- The old man pulled the fish behind the .....

a) car      b) bus      c) plane      d) boat

B) Answer the following questions :

1- What would happen if sharks did not eat the marlin ?

2- What do you think would happen if Manolin went with Santiago?

نص الإستماع الخاص بالسؤال الأول

I'm 13 . I get home at 3 o'clock. After lunch I do my homework, and then I log on the internet. I go to bed at 10 pm.

Test (8)

1 Listen and choose the correct answer from a, b or c :

نص الاستماع الخاصة بهذا السؤال في نهاية الامتحان

1- The guitar belongs to .....

a) Moaz      b) Hesham      c) the music teacher

2- Hesham can move his ..... to play the guitar .

a) legs      b) arms      c) fingers

3- The guitar is a musical .....

a) machine      b) tool      c) instrument

3- Who helped Moaz move his fingers?

a) His father      b) His mother      c) His teacher

**2 Finish the following dialogue with one word each :**

Rabab : (1) ..... you like salad ?

Nancy : (2) ..... , I like it . It is very healthy .

Rabab : Do you eat it every day ?

Nancy : Yes , mum (3) ..... it every day .

Rabab : Are its (4) ..... expensive ?

للمتفوقين

Nancy : No , it is cheap to make .

**3 Supply the missing parts in the following two mini-dialogues:**

1) Mum : Do you want to go shopping with me ?

Daughter : .....

Mum : OK. Do your homework .

2) Amira : .....

Ahmed : The High Dam opened in 1971.

**4 Read the following , then answer the questions :**

Dukkah is an Egyptian spice mixture . Salt and pepper, has become a international favorite in Australian restaurants and other countries . It is served with bread and olive oil on everything : vegetables, pasta and cheese . Dukkah is easy to make at home with sesame seeds, and cumin .Dukkah is used for lamb, chicken and fish. It can be found in supermarkets, specialty stores and many farmers' markets .

**A) Answer the following questions:**

1- What is dukkah made of ?

2- Where is dukkah popular ?

**B) Choose the correct answer :**

3- Dukkah is served with .....

a) chocolate b) juice c) bread d) ice cream

4- Dukkah is used for .....

a) lamp b) jump c) lamb d) line

5- Dukkah can be found in .....

a) cinemas b) theatres c) school d) supermarkets

**5 Choose the correct answer from a , b or c :**

1- Fareeda wants ..... a dentist.

a) being b) to be c) be d) been

2- We must ..... at school on time.

a) arrive b) to arrive c) arriving d) arrived

- 3- What time do you ..... in the morning?  
a) **got up**      b) **get**      c) **get to**      d) **get up**
- 4- A doctor helps people who are .....  
a) **sick**      b) **sleeping**      c) **thick**      d) **singing**
- 5- It's hot today. Let's go to the swimming .....  
a) **pool**      b) **tool**      c) **goal**      d) **toad**
- 6- You look sad. What's the ..... ?  
a) **medicine**      b) **morning**      c) **matter**      d) **butter**
- 7- The school is ..... to the hotel.  
a) **behind**      b) **a long**      c) **next**      d) **opposite**
- 8- Mona often ..... her younger sisters.  
a) **looks after**      b) **looking after**      c) **looks**      d) **look for**

**⑥ Read and correct the underlined words :**

- 1- This phone is don't cheap enough.  
2- Maher is enough young to travel alone.  
3- There is too many cars on the roads.

**⑦ Write a paragraph of five sentences :**

" Application form "

**You may use these words.**

( name – age – school – hobby – favourite subject )

Here's some information about me. ....

**⑧ A ) Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :**

- 1- Santiago could ..... the fish for a lot of money.  
a) **buy**      b) **rent**      c) **sell**      d) **give**
- 2- "You are now ..... a fish," Santiago said.  
a) **have**      b) **half**      c) **had**      d) **all**

**B) Answer the following questions :**

- 1- Was it difficult or easy for Santiago to catch the fish?  
2- Do you think nature was friendly to Santiago ?Why ?

نص الإستماع الخاص بالسؤال الأول

Moaz : Who's guitar is this?  
Hesham : It is mine .  
Moaz : Who helped you move your fingers ?  
Hesham : A music teacher .



## Test (9)

### ① Listen and choose the correct answer from a, b or c :

نص الاستماع الخاصة بهذا السؤال في نهاية الامتحان

1- What's Fareeda's age ?

a) 13

b) 12

c) 14

2- What's Fareeda's favourite subject ?

a) maths

b) English

c) music

3- Where does Fareeda come from ?

a) Cairo

b) Giza

c) Tanta

4- Fareeda is in a ..... school.

a) prep

b) primary

c) secondary

### ② Finish the following dialogue with one word each :

**Tarek** : What time did you (1) ..... at the park ?

**Adel** : We arrived there before ten o'clock. From ten to half past twelve, we were (2) ..... all the rubbish.

**Tarek** : Were you working at half past twelve?

**Adel** : No, we (3) ..... We were having lunch then!

**Tarek** : What were you doing in the afternoon?

**Adel** : We were (4) ..... the rubbish bags to the car. When we finished work, the park was beautiful and clean!

### ③ Supply the missing parts in the following two mini-dialogues:

1) **Amr** : When do you get up in the morning ?

**Ahmed** : .....

**Amr** : When do you arrive at school?

**Ahmed** : I arrive at school at 7:50 .

2) **Hesham** : ..... ?

**Samy** : I was born in Cairo .

**Hesham** : I think Cairo is a noisy city.

**Samy** : I agree with you.

### ④ Read the following , then answer the questions :

There are four children in Hoda's family . She's the youngest . She has got two brothers and a sister . When they were young , they didn't use to have much money . Her father

was a farmer who used to work very hard . He was always busy with one job or another . Hoda's mother was very busy , too . She used to help Hoda's father or look after the children at home . The children had to do their homework and help with the housework , too .

**A) Answer the following questions :**

- 1- How many people are there in Hoda's family ?
- 2- What was the job of Hoda's mother ?

**B) Choose the correct answer :**

- 3- Hoda's father was a ..... farmer .  
a) **lazy**                      b) **rich**                      c) **bad**                      d) **hard-working**
- 4- Hoda is the ..... person in the family .  
a) **oldest**                      b) **happiest**                      c) **youngest**                      d) **tallest**
- 5- The underlined word "She" refers to .....  
a) **Hoda's sister**                      b) **the writer**                      c) **Hoda**                      d) **Hoda's mother**

**5 Choose the correct answer from a , b or c :**

- 1- A plane is ..... than a car .  
a) **fast**                      b) **faster**                      c) **fastest**                      d) **fastest**
- 2- Hurry ! The train leaves ..... five minutes .  
a) **on**                      b) **with**                      c) **at**                      d) **in**
- 3- Don't ..... lots of sweets . It's unhealthy .  
a) **eats**                      b) **ate**                      c) **eat**                      d) **eating**
- 4- You should be ..... when you cross the road .  
a) **angry**                      b) **careful**                      c) **careless**                      d) **dangerous**
- 5- Ahmad ..... the homework at the moment .  
a) **does**                      b) **did**                      c) **is doing**                      d) **was doing**
- 6- It's important to learn the ..... of the country you want to visit .  
a) **music**                      b) **food**                      c) **subjects**                      d) **language**
- 7- ..... you like to visit the Pyramids today ?  
a) **Would**                      b) **Have**                      c) **Are**                      d) **Will**

- 8- Hassan went to the ..... to have a haircut.

a) **barber is**                      b) **barber's**                      c) **barbers**                      d) **barbers'**

**6 Read and correct the underlined words :**

- 1- I go home at two clock .
- 2- I live at Cairo .
- 3- The main ingredients of koshari is pasta and rice .

**7 Write a paragraph of five sentences : " Molokhia "**  
**You may use these words.** (a kind of - healthy - rabbit - rice - bread)  
 My favourite soup is molokhia .

**8 A ) Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :**

- 1- Manolin said that Santiago is ..... fisherman.  
 a) **the worst**    b) **the fastest**    c) **the best**    d) **the rest**
- 2- Santiago knew that it was important to be ..... to catch fish .  
 a) **ill**    b) **patient**    c) **sick**    d) **illness**

**B) Answer the following questions :**

- 1- Who is the writer of " The Old Man and The Sea " ?
- 2- What do you think of the other fishermen ?

نص الإستماع الخاص بالسؤال الأول

My name is Fareeda and I am twelve years old. I come from Giza. My favourite subject is music.

Test (10)

**1 Listen and choose the correct answer from a, b or c :**

نص الاستماع الخاصة بهذا السؤال في نهاية الامتحان

- 1- There is a lot of ..... fish in Egypt .  
 a) **bad**    b) **ugly**    c) **good**
- 2- My aunt always cooks ..... fish .  
 a) **old**    b) **sad**    c) **fresh**
- 3- Sweets have got ..... and dates in them .  
 a) **nuts**    b) **dots**    c) **pots**
- 4- My aunt lives in .....  
 a) **Cairo**    b) **Port said**    c) **Alex**

**2 Finish the following dialogue with one word each :**

- Rawan : (1) ..... did you buy this T-shirt ?  
 Nada : I bought it yesterday .  
 Rawan : What (2) ..... is it ?  
 Nada : A (3) ..... small.  
 Rawan : Why do you buy the green one ?  
 Nada : (4) ..... it's fashionable .



**3 Supply the missing parts in the following two mini-dialogues:**

- 1) Hala : ..... ?  
Manar : I like the blue colour .  
Hala : Wow ! Me too.

- 2) Amany : Where can you buy flowers and bread ?  
Esraa : .....  
Amany : Where can you buy medicine ?  
Esraa : I can buy medicine from the chemist.

**4 Read the following , then answer the questions :**

It's important to learn about traditional music, because every place in Egypt has its style of music. People from Upper Egypt often play traditional music called Saidi. This music is very popular at weddings and special celebrations. Traditional instruments in Saidi music include the rebaba , a kind of violin and a drum called tabla baladi. Really, Egypt has wonderful things that we should all know.

**A) Answer the following questions:**

- 1- Which occasions is Saidi music popular at ?  
2- What's the rebaba?

**B) Choose the correct answer :**

- 3- People from ..... often play Saidi music.  
a) North of Egypt    b) Sinai    c) Upper Egypt    d) east of Egypt  
4- Tabla baladi is a kind of .....  
a) guitar    b) violin    c) drum    d) flute  
5- Egypt has its ..... of music .  
a) system    b) style    c) kind    d) popular

**5 Choose the correct answer from a , b or c :**

- 1- Was Nadia ..... a bag ?  
a) hold    b) holds    c) holding    d ) held  
2- Habiba looked ..... her mother when she was ill .  
a) up    b) after    c) for    d ) in  
3- You can read a magazine on the .....  
a) internet    b) floor    c) park    d ) roof

- 4- Yomna decided to help ..... kind mother .  
 a) **she**                      b) **hers**                      c) **her**                      d) **its**
- 5- I never laugh ..... people .  
 a) **in**                      b) **out**                      c) **on**                      d) **at**
- 6- He ..... an e-mail at the moment .  
 a) **writes**                      b) **writes**                      c) **is writing**                      d) **wrote**
- 7- Hassan is very .....  
 a) **friendship**                      b) **friends**                      c) **friendly**                      d) **friend**
- 8- Living in the countryside is more ..... than living in the city.  
 a) **unhealthy**                      b) **expensive**                      c) **relaxing**                      d) **noisy**

**6 Read and correct the underlined words :**

- 1- How much people are visiting the museum ?
- 2- I am 14 years age .
- 3- Last summer , my family and I went to the peach in Alexandria.

**7 Write a paragraph of five sentences :**

" At school "

**You may use these words.**

( friends – helpful – unkind – favourite – teachers )

I like my school very much. ....

**8 A ) Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :**

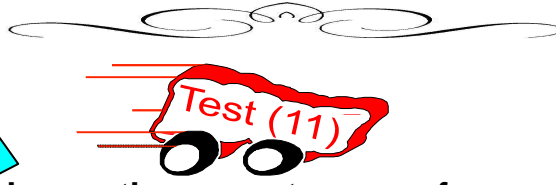
- 1- Santiago was ..... when he saw the skeleton.  
 a) **happy**                      b) **cheerful**                      c) **pleased**                      d) **sad**
- 2- The fish was .....  
 a) **small**                      b) **tiny**                      c) **little**                      d) **big**

**B) Answer the following questions :**

- 1- How do you feel about the Marlin and Santiago ?
- 2- What do you think of Santiago and Manolin ?

نص الاستماع الخاص بالسؤال الأول

There is a lot of good fish in Egypt. When we visit my family in Alexandria, my aunt cooks fresh fish and sweets with nuts and dates.



**1 Listen and choose the correct answer from a, b or c :**

نص الاستماع الخاصة بهذا السؤال في نهاية الامتحان

- 1- The water in the canal was not .....  
a) **polluted**                      b) **dirty**                      c) **clean**
- 2- People shouldn't ..... rubbish in the canal .  
a) **collect**                      b) **throw**                      c) **clean**
- 3- People should keep water .....  
a) **clean**                      b) **bad**                      c) **polluted**
- 4- People should collect rubbish from the .....  
a) **river**                      b) **dam**                      c) **canal**

**2 Finish the following dialogue with one word each :**

**Ahmed:** What did many people do when they (1) .....  
Egypt last year?

**Rawan :** They went on a boat on the river and visited the desert,  
and they all tasted our nice (2) .....

**Ahmed:** What did they want to (3) ..... about ?

**Rawan :** They wanted to learn about how people lived in the past.

**Ahmed:** Is there a (4) ..... city in Egypt than Cairo?

**Rawan :** No, it is the biggest.

**3 Supply the missing parts in the following two mini-dialogues:**

- 1) **Hind** : ..... ?  
**Nadia** : Heba's favourite subject is Arabic.  
**Hind** : What about you ?  
**Nadia** : My favourite subject is maths.

- 2) **Noha** : What is your favourite city in Egypt ?  
**Diana** : My favourite city is Alexandria .  
**Noha** : Why ?  
**Diana** : .....

**4 Read the following , then answer the questions :**

My name's Khaled. I'm twelve years old. My father is a farmer and we live on a farm near the River Nile. I haven't got

any brothers or sisters, but I've got four cousins. My uncle, his wife and my cousins live in Luxor. I usually spend my holidays there. There are a lot of tourists in Luxor and I often speak English to them! That's good because I want to visit England one day.

**A) Answer the following questions:**

- 1- How many sisters does Khaled have ?
- 2- Where do Khaled's cousins live ?

**B) Choose the correct answer :**

- 3- Khaled is ..... years old.  
a) 11                      b) 12                      c) 13                      d) 14
  - 4- Khaled lives near .....  
a) England              b) River Nile              c) Luxor                      d) tourists
  - 5- The underlined word there refers to .....  
a) farm                      b) England                      c) River Nile                      d) Luxor
- 6) Choose the correct answer from a , b or c :**
- 1- Where did you ..... and what did you do?  
a) went                      b) goes                      c) going                      d) go
  - 2- Thanks ..... answering my questions!  
a) to                      b) at                      c) for                      d) of
  - 3- It's raining now. But when I got up this morning, it .....  
a) rains                      b) raining                      c) was raining                      d) wasn't raining
  - 4- My mother wanted some flowers, so first we went to a.....  
a) bakery                      b) chemist                      c) shoe shop                      d) florist
  - 5- ..... family walked to the shopping centre.  
a) Tareks'                      b) Tarek's                      c) Tarek                      d) Tarek is
  - 6- Do you ..... listen to music?  
a) don't                      b) never                      c) ever                      d) hardly ever
  - 7- This dress ..... 200 pounds.  
a) is cost                      b) costs                      c) costing                      d) is costing
  - 8- Cairo streets are busier and noisier ..... London's streets.  
a) then                      b) thin                      c) than                      d) that

**6) Read and correct the underlined words :**

- 1- Please, complete your application from.
- 2- I'm proud to be Egypt.
- 3- What are their job ?

**7 Write a paragraph of five sentences : " My hobby "**  
**You may use these words.**(love -my father - hobby - slow - musician)  
 The guitar is my favourite instrument .....

**8 A ) Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :**

- 1- The shark was as ..... the marlin and wanted to eat it.  
 a) **as big**                      b) **big is**                      c) **big as**                      d) **big**
- 2- The boat was ..... than the marlin.  
 a) **bigger**                      b) **friendlier**                      c) **smaller**                      d) **stronger**

**B) Answer the following questions :**

- 1- Santiago loved nature. Find examples of this in the story.  
 2- Why do you think Santiago wasn't afraid of the sea?

نص الاستماع الخاص بالسؤال الأول

Teacher : What was the water like in the canal ?

Student : It was polluted and dirty .

Teacher : How can we clean it ?

Student : People should collect rubbish from it and keep water clean .

Test (12)

**1 Listen and choose the correct answer from a , b or c :**

نص الاستماع الخاصة بهذا السؤال في نهاية الامتحان

- 1- Why were the rooms very light ? - Because they .....  
 a) **had big doors**                      b) **had big windows**  
 c) **had big lamp.**
- 2- Some people don't ..... museums.  
 a) **mind**                      b) **like**                      c) **love**
- 3- This museum was very ..... for me .  
 a) **interested**                      b) **boring**                      c) **interesting**
- 4- When did they visit the museum ?  
 a) **Yesterday**                      b) **Today**                      c) **Everyday**

**2 Finish the following dialogue with one word each :**

**Mona :** Let's do this quiz. Do you agree that exams are too easy?

**Sara :** No, I don't (1) ..... with that.



- 2- The metro ..... about 3 million passengers every day.  
a) **carry** b) **to carry** c) **carries** d) **carrying**
- 3- What is ..... the supermarket?  
a) **under** b) **next** c) **opposite** d) **between**
- 4- At the metro gate, ..... your ticket .  
a) **shows** b) **show** c) **to show** d) **showing**
- 5- Egypt is a .....  
a) **town** b) **village** c) **country** d) **city**
- 6- There was a very bad ..... in India . Villages were under water.  
a) **blood** b) **floods** c) **flood** d) **food**
- 7- A mechanic ..... cars.  
a) **cuts** b) **repairs** c) **sells** d) **bakes**
- 8- A ..... is a group that helps poor people .  
a) **flood** b) **drought** c) **charity** d) **dam**

**6 Read and correct the underlined words :**

1- A nurse works in a tourist company.

2- This is my fathers' car.

3- My grandmother is calling Samira.

**7 Write a paragraph of five sentences : " A day in my life "**

**You may use these words.**

( prep – wake up – foot – a day – maths )

My name is Hani .

**8 A ) Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :**

1- Santiago thought the fish is a .....

- a) **Martin** b) **Million** c) **Manolin** d) **Marlin**

2- The fish swam fast and ..... the boat .

- a) **pulled** b) **kicked** c) **pushed** d) **held**

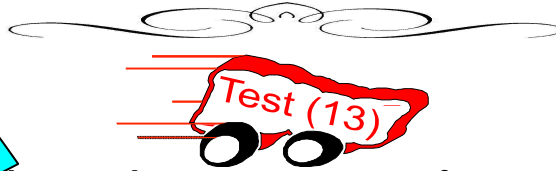
**B) Answer the following questions :**

1- What did Santiago think about at the second night ?

2- Why do you think Santiago wasn't afraid when the fish pulled his boat out to sea ?

نص الإستماع الخاص بالسؤال الأول

Today, we visited a museum. It had big windows, so the rooms were very light. Some people don't like museums, but this museum was very interesting for me.



**① Listen and choose the correct answer from a, b or c :**

نص الاستماع الخاصة بهذا السؤال في نهاية الامتحان

- 1- Hazem goes shopping at local shops because .....  
are friendly .  
a) **customers**      b) **buyers**      c) **assistants**
- 2- Prices are .....  
a) **expensive**      b) **not cheap**      c) **cheap**
- 3- ..... likes to go to local shops .  
a) **Islam**      b) **Hazem**      c) **None**
- 4- The assistants are very .....  
a) **cheap**      b) **friendly**      c) **unfriendly**

**② Finish the following dialogue with one word each :**

- Stranger : Excuse me ! (1) ..... is the nearest metro station?  
**Local** : The nearest metro station is a kilometer away .  
Stranger : Is it on the right or on the (2) ..... ?  
**Local** : It is on the right not the left .  
Stranger : (3) ..... you .  
**Local** : (4) ..... welcome.

**③ Supply the missing parts in the following two mini-dialogues:**

- 1) Teacher : ..... ?  
**Student** : Sorry . I did not do homework .  
Teacher : Why didn't you do your homework?  
**Student** : Because I was very ill.
- 2) Hady : Was the High Dam important for Egypt?  
**Mounir** : Yes, it was. But do you know why ?  
Hady : .....

**④ Read the following , then answer the questions :**

Molokhia has medium sized leaves .The first dish of molokhia was made in ancient Egypt. Molokhia leaves are chopped with garlic and is often served with chicken or rabbit . Serve the molokhia in a separate bowl to pour on the rice and chicken. Molokhia helps regulate the blood pressure . Molokhia contains a lot of vitamins and helps to stop anemia . It's very healthy for our bodies. Try to eat molokhia you'll find it delicious.





**A) Answer the following questions:**

- 1- Where was the first dish of molokhia made ?
- 2- What does Molokhia help ?

**B) Choose the correct answer :**

- 3- Molokhia is served with chicken or .....  
a) **lamb**      b) **bird**      c) **rabbit**      d) **cow**
- 4- Molokhia helps stop .....  
a) **animals**      b) **anemia**      c) **ancient**      d) **enemies**
- 5- Molokhia contains a lot of .....  
a) **vitamins**      b) **vets**      c) **voices**      d) **valleys**

**6) Choose the correct answer from a , b or c :**

- 1- Tourists like to get ..... Cairo .  
a) **over**      b) **on**      c) **above**      d) **around**
- 2- Do not ..... near the train .  
a) **stands**      b) **stand**      c) **standing**      d) **stood**
- 3- If something is amazing . It is really .....  
a) **good**      b) **far**      c) **silly**      d) **sad**
- 4- I like to go for a .....  
a) **talk**      b) **wake**      c) **walk**      d) **took**
- 5- Those bags are .....  
a) **we**      b) **our**      c) **ours**      d) **us**
- 6- I bought a van instead ..... a car .  
a) **to**      b) **in**      c) **with**      d) **of**
- 7- Your ..... is your father's wife.  
a) **mother**      b) **sister**      c) **aunt**      d) **daughter**
- 8- This is Hani's tennis racket . It is .....  
a) **he**      b) **him**      c) **his**      d) **he's**

**6) Read and correct the underlined words :**

- 1- Are there any milk ?
- 2- We buy cakes at the library .
- 3- What do you thought about the mobile ?

**7) Write a paragraph of five sentences :**

" A teacher "

**You may use these words.**

( important – students – school – hard working – proud )

I want to be a teacher .

.....  
.....  
.....

**8 A ) Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :**

- 1- Santiago told Manolin about the .....  
 a) **past**      b) **present**      c) **future**      d) **time**
- 2- People ..... Santiago as he came back home at night .  
 a) **saw**      b) **looked at**      c) **watched**      d) **didn't see**

**B) Answer the following questions :**

- 1- How should you be to catch fish?  
 2- Why do you think Santiago liked animals?

نص الاستماع الخاص بالسؤال الأول

Hazem : Why do you go shopping at local shops ?  
 Islam : Because the assistants are very friendly .  
 Hazem : What about the prices ?  
 Islam : They are cheap .

Test (14)

**1 Listen and choose the correct answer from a , b or c :**

نص الاستماع الخاصة بهذا السؤال في نهاية الامتحان

- 1- Where does Heba live ?  
 a) **In Cairo**      b) **In Banha**      c) **In Tanta**
- 2- Where does Heba's grandmother live?  
 a) **In Banha**      b) **In Cairo**      c) **In Aswan**
- 3- How often does Heba visit her grandmother?  
 a) **Twice a week**      b) **Once a week**      c) **one week**
- 4- How does Heba go to her grandmother?  
 a) **On foot**      b) **By plane**      c) **By train**

**2 Finish the following dialogue with one word each :**

**Mounir** : What can you (1) ..... in Cairo ?  
**Ragy** : You can see the Nile, museums, beautiful mosques and big markets.  
**Mounir** : And what can you see in (2) ..... ?  
**Ragy** : You can see the sea and a big library .  
**Mounir** : Why should people have (3) ..... and sun cream when they visit Egypt?  
**Ragy** : Because it is usually sunny and (4) ..... in the summer.

**③ Supply the missing parts in the following two mini-dialogues:**

- 1) Mum : Would you like some fish, Manal?  
Manal : Yes, please.  
Waiter : ..... ?  
Manal : Yes, please. Salad is good for me.
- 2) Tourist : Where can I buy a metro ticket?  
Magdy : .....  
Tourist : Thank you for your help.  
Magdy : You're welcome.

**④ Read the following , then answer the questions :**

We need water to grow food. We also need farms because Egypt is a very big country with a lot of people. The farms next to the Nile are very good for growing food . Farmers grow a lot of oranges, vegetables, dates and rice to keep us healthy. Farms need water, so save water and keep our canals clean. People shouldn't throw rubbish and paper in canals. Also charities should do their best to make our canals healthy.

**A) Answer the following questions:**

- 1- Why does Egypt need a lot of food?  
2- What do farmers usually grow ?

**B) Choose the correct answer :**

- 3- People shouldn't ..... rubbish in canals.  
a) grow                      b) keep                      c) need                      d) throw
- 4- We need water to ..... food.  
a) throw                      b) grow                      c) save                      d) keep
- 5- We should save water because ..... need water.  
a) farmers                      b) charities                      c) papers                      d) rubbish

**⑤ Choose the correct answer from a , b or c :**

- 1- What were the students doing when the teacher ..... ?  
a) come                      b) comes                      c) coming                      d) came
- 2- The metro is a ..... way to travel around Cairo.  
a) well                      b) bad                      c) good                      d) amazing
- 3- There isn't ..... chicken.  
a) many                      b) any                      c) a lot                      d) some
- 4- Does the sewing machine belong to ..... mother ?  
a) Ali's                      b) Alis'                      c) Ali                      d) Ali is

- 5- You can visit the beautiful buildings and learn about Egypt's ..... .  
 a) **last**                      b) **past**                      c) **present**                      d) **future**
- 6- There are ..... cm in 10 m.  
 a) **1,000 mm**                      b) **1,000 m**                      c) **1,000 km**                      d) **1,000 cm**
- 7- Turn left and walk straight on. It's on the right ..... the hospital.  
 a) **between**                      b) **long**                      c) **opposite**                      d) **next**
- 8- ..... much water did he have ? - One bottle.  
 a) **How**                      b) **What**                      c) **where**                      d) **Why**

**6 Read and correct the underlined words :**

- 1- It rains lot from June to October.  
 2- We all need clean water to stay unhealthy.  
 3- Stop. Turn right. Go straight on. Not walk here.

**7 Write a paragraph of five sentences :**

" My grandfather "

**You may use these words.**

(proud – get up – grow – animals – hard working )

My grandfather lives in the countryside. ....

.....

.....

.....

**8 A) Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :**

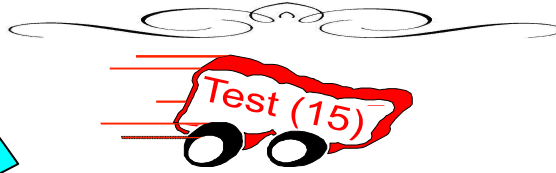
- 1- Santiago held the fishing line with ..... hand.  
 a) **two**                      b) **one**                      c) **double**                      d) **once**
- 2- The old man lived in an old house ..... the sea.  
 a) **in**                      b) **next**                      c) **opposite**                      d) **by**

**B) Answer the following questions :**

- 1- Why did the old man wake up?  
 2- What do you think about the marlin?

نص الإستماع الخاص بالسؤال الأول

Heba lives in Cairo. She goes to Banha by train once a week to visit her sick grandmother who takes medicine three times a day.



**① Listen and choose the correct answer from a, b or c :**

نص الاستماع الخاصة بهذا السؤال في نهاية الامتحان

- 1- When did they walk up a hill in a park ?  
a) **today**                      b) **yesterday**                      c) **tomorrow**
- 2- Where could they see all of London ?  
a) **from the hill**                      b) **from skyscrapers**                      c) **from plane**
- 3- Most of buildings are .....  
a) **tall**                      b) **high**                      c) **low**
- 4- The skyscrapers are .....  
a) **old**                      b) **ancient**                      c) **modern**

\/

**② Finish the following dialogue with one word each :**

**Mona** : What are you doing , Samia ?

**Samia** : I'm brushing my (1) .....

**Mona** : Do you brush your teeth every day ?

**Samia** : Yes , I (2) .....

**Mona** : How (3) ..... do you brush your teeth ?

**Samia** : After each meal and (4) ..... I go to bed .

\/

**③ Supply the missing parts in the following two mini-dialogues:**

1) **Noha** : Hello! I phoned you yesterday but you didn't answer .

**Basma** : Sorry. I was busy at that time.

**Noha** : ..... ?

**Basma** : I was helping my mother clean the garden.

2) **Soha** : Whose mobile is this ?

**Dina** : .....

**Soha** : Yours ! Who bought it for you ?

**Dina** : My dad bought it for me.

\/

**④ Read the following , then answer the questions :**

Last week I took my family to have lunch in a big restaurant in El Mansoura . It's a famous restaurant . The waiter brought us the menu . I ordered chicken with rice. My wife asked for meatballs with pasta. My son ordered fish with salad . My daughter wanted to eat meat with potatoes. At the end of the meal , I had to pay a lot of money .



**A) Answer the following questions:**

- 1- Where did the family have lunch?
- 2- What did the son order to eat?

**B) Choose the correct answer :**

- 1- The father asked for ..... to eat .  
a) **fish**      b) **meat**      c) **chicken**      d) **koshari**
- 4- The mother ordered meatballs with .....  
a) **pasta**      b) **rice**      c) **salad**      d) **mice**
- 5- The daughter ordered meat with .....  
a) **bread**      b) **okra**      c) **potatoes**      d) **yoghurt**

**6) Choose the correct answer from a , b or c :**

- 1- There aren't ..... vegetables in molokhia soup.  
a) **an**      b) **no**      c) **any**      d) **much**
- 2- May I ..... some mobile phones ?  
a) **see**      b) **saw**      c) **seen**      d) **to see**
- 3- A ..... is a person who sells tea and sugar .  
a) **baker**      b) **grocer**      c) **mechanic**      d) **farmer**
- 4- He walked ..... the street till its end .  
a) **down**      b) **a long**      c) **below**      d) **above**
- 5- The post office is ..... the bank and the park .  
a) **under**      b) **above**      c) **next**      d) **between**
- 6- My mother's mother is my .....  
a) **grandpa**      b) **aunt**      c) **daughter**      d) **grandmother**
- 7- I go swimming five times a week . I ..... do this.  
a) **never**      b) **often**      c) **occasionally**      d) **always**
- 8- Yesterday, I bought ..... from the chemist .  
a) **flowers**      b) **bread**      c) **laptop**      d) **medicine**

**6) Read and correct the underlined words :**

- 1- We must listen at each other .
- 2- The tickets are ten pounds every .
- 3- The waiter gave me the radio of food .

**7) Write a paragraph of five sentences :**

" Alexandria "

**You may use these words.**

( every summer – beaches – fish – shopping – weather )

Alexandria is my favourite summer place to spend the summer .

.....

.....

.....

**8 A )** Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :

1- A ..... rested on the boat .

- a) **bird**      b) **fish**      c) **whale**      d) **shark**

2- The old man saw the fish's ..... come out of water .

- a) **head**      b) **fin**      c) **nail**      d) **tail**

**B)** Answer the following questions :

1- What animals did Santiago see while he was sailing ?

2- What do you think of Santiago ?

نص الإستماع الخاص بالسؤال الأول

Yesterday, we walked up a hill in a park and saw all of London from there. There are some modern skyscrapers . Most of the buildings are high .

Test (10)

**1** Listen and choose the correct answer from a, b or c :

نص الاستماع الخاصة بهذا السؤال في نهاية الامتحان

1- Where's the underground? - in front of .....

- a) **the train station**      b) **the bank**      c) **the library**

2- He lives in a .....

- a) **city**      b) **town**      c) **village**

3- The post office is ..... the hospital.

- a) **between**      b) **next to**      c) **behind**

4- The library is between the school and the .....

- a) **hospital**      b) **school**      c) **bank**

**2** Finish the following dialogue with one word each .

Amal : I (1) ..... think the river in our town is dirtier than in the past.

Hala : I agree with that. It isn't very dirty. You can see fish in the river.

Amal : That's (2) ..... But do you think young children should swim in it?

Hala : No, I don't (3) ..... They shouldn't swim in it because the river is dangerous.

Amal : You're (4) ..... What do you think about the new dam on the river?

Hala : I think it's great.

**③ Supply the missing parts in the following two mini-dialogues:**

- 1) Menna : What is the problem?  
 Radwa : Some places don't have a lot of water.  
 Menna : Why do we need water?  
 Menna : .....
- 2) Hassan : How can I save water?  
 Fahd : Don't have a long shower!  
 Hassan : ..... ?  
 Fahd : Taps that drip waste water.

**④ Read the following , then answer the questions :**

Many people visit Cairo. This is the biggest city in Egypt. It is next to the Nile, the longest river in the world! There is a lot to see in Cairo. There are museums, beautiful mosques and big markets. You can also visit Alexandria. This city is next to the sea and has a very big library. Egypt has got many good beaches, too. The weather is usually warm in Egypt. It never rains in summer in Aswan and it is always sunny.

**A) Answer the following questions:**

- 1- What's the weather like in Egypt in summer ?  
 2- What can you see in Cairo?

**B) Choose the correct answer :**

- 3- The underlined word it refers to the ..... فائقين  
 a) library b) summer c) weather d) beach
- 4- Alexandria is next to the .....  
 a) museum b) mosque c) sea d) market
- 5- The biggest city in Egypt is .....  
 a) Cairo b) Aswan c) Tanta d) Alexandria

**⑤ Choose the correct answer from a , b or c :**

- 1- You should eat vegetables because they are .....  
 a) well done b) highest c) healthy d) unhealthy
- 2- Look and listen when you ..... the road.  
 a) run b) cross c) cut d) walk
- 3- Your father's mother and father are your .....  
 a) aunts b) uncles c) parents d) grandparents
- 4- There ..... some orange juice.  
 a) does b) is c) are d) were



5- ..... favourite TV programmes are about history and geography.

- a) **He**      b) **He's**      c) **Him**      d) **His**

6- There aren't any shops in ..... village.

- a) **Salma**      b) **Salmas'**      c) **Salma's**      d) **Salma is**

7- We always go to this shopping centre because there are a lot of ..... in one place.

- a) **schools**      b) **hospitals**      c) **shops**      d) **farms**

8- Ali's bus leaves in an hour, ..... he has a lot of time to buy his ticket.

- a) **so**      b) **to**      c) **for**      d) **because**

⑥ Read and correct the underlined words :

1- Ibrahim and Manar are good in English .

2- Hazem needs half a kilo of meet .

3- I'd like to eat fish and rise .

⑦ Write a paragraph of five sentences :

" Egyptian music "

You may use these words.

( simsimiya – shabbaba – Saidi – **rebaba** – tabla baladi )

Music is different in different parts of Egypt.....

⑧ A ) Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :

1- Santiago was a .....

- a) **pilot**      b) **taxi driver**      c) **fisherman**      d) **farmer**

2- Santiago travelled to ..... when he was a young man.

- a) **Asia**      b) **Africa**      c) **America**      d) **Cuba**

B) Answer the following questions :

1- Who wrote " The Old Man and The Sea " ?

2- If sharks didn't attack the marlin , what would happen ?

نص الإستماع الخاص بالسؤال الأول

I live in a town. The underground is in front of the train station. The library is between the school and the bank . The post office is behind the hospital.



is death. A man's body is about 50 percent water, and a woman's is 60 percent. The human brain is about 75 percent water. Water is life, so you shouldn't waste it. To know more about the importance of saving water, log onto the internet.

**A) Answer the following questions:**

- 1- How long can you live without water ?
- 2- How much water is a man's body ?

**B) Choose the correct answer :**

- 3- A 20 percent less water is .....  
 a) **life**                      b) **living**                      c) **happiness**                      d) **death**
- 4- The human brain is about 75 percent .....  
 a) **oil**                      b) **juice**                      c) **water**                      d) **sugar**
- 5- A woman is ..... water more than man .  
 a) **60 %**                      b) **20 %**                      c) **1 %**                      d) **10 %**

\/

**5) Choose the correct answer from a, b or c :**

- 1- What was the weather ..... in the summer in 2013?  
 a) **the same**                      b) **like**                      c) **love**                      d) **similar**
- 2- We were very hot yesterday ..... we were in the desert.  
 a) **so**                      b) **but**                      c) **because**                      d) **for**
- 3- Ahmad uses a computer once a month. He ..... uses it .  
 a) **always**                      b) **usually**                      c) **occasionally**                      d) **often**
- 4- What is your favourite ..... in Egypt?  
 a) **subject**                      b) **city**                      c) **hobby**                      d) **country**
- 5- The rubbish and the hot weather were making the canal .....  
 a) **polluted**                      b) **clean**                      c) **healthy**                      d) **fresh**
- 6- I am too late, so I'm ..... to a taxi driver.  
 a) **cleaning**                      b) **eating**                      c) **waving**                      d) **talking**
- 7- The family were having a picnic by the river ..... one and three o'clock yesterday.  
 a) **at**                      b) **in**                      c) **between**                      d) **on**
- 8- Another advantage for having a dam across the Nile. is providing .....  
 a) **fish**                      b) **floods**                      c) **electricity**                      d) **droughts**

\/

**6) Read and correct the underlined words :**

- 1- Did you met a friend after school yesterday?
- 2- How much hours did you spend in the airport?
- 3- Ali bus leaves in an hour, so he has a lot of time to buy his ticket.





**5 Choose the correct answer from a , b or c :**

- 1- The opposite of light is .....  
a) **mark**      b) **park**      c) **shark**      d) **dark**
- 2- They build a dam to ..... floods.  
a) **allow**      b) **let**      c) **stand**      d) **stop**
- 3- I am a .....  
a) **science**      b) **scientific**      c) **since**      d) **scientist**
- 4- I ..... go home for lunch . I ate in a restaurant  
a) **don't**      b) **won't**      c) **can't**      d) **didn't**
- 5- Farmers ..... cotton at the moment .  
a) **grows**      b) **are growing**      c) **grow**      d) **grown**
- 6- How ..... water do you need ?  
a) **many**      b) **much**      c) **old**      d) **far**
- 7- These are ..... books . They are hers.  
a) **Mona**      b) **Mona's**      c) **Monas'**      d) **Mona are**
- 8- Your bike is ..... than my bike.  
a) **fast**      b) **the fastest**      c) **fastest**      d) **faster**

**6 Read and correct the underlined words :**

- 1- Mahala is noisier then the countryside .
- 2- A long shower saves water .
- 3- The mosque is in the corner .

**7 Write a paragraph of five sentences :**

" The countryside and the city "

**You may use these words.**

( few days – boring – that's why – a lot of things – such as )  
I do not like living in the countryside. ....  
.....  
.....

**8 A ) Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :**

- 1- Fish, I'll stay with you until the end," said .....  
a) **the marlin**      b) **Manolin**  
c) **Santiago**      d) **Manolin's parents**
- 2- Santiago could sell the fish for a lot of .....  
a) **silver**      b) **money**      c) **food**      d) **notes**

**B) Answer the following questions :**

- 1- The fish and Santiago were similar . How was that ?

2- " A bed is my friend," said Santiago. How do you think he felt when he said this?

نص الاستماع الخاص بالسؤال الأول

Ammar : What is the best means of transport in Cairo ?

Halim : It is the metro .

Ammar : How many lines does it have ?

Halim : Three .

Test (19)

1 Listen and choose the correct answer from a, b or c :

نص الاستماع الخاصة بهذا السؤال في نهاية الامتحان

1- Where does Ahmed live ?

- a) **Upper Egypt**      b) **North Egypt**      c) **West Egypt**

2- He lives in a .....

- a) **city**      b) **town**      c) **village**

3- Ahmed lives in a ..... place.

- a) **quite**      b) **quiet**      c) **quit**

4- How much time does Ahmed take to go to different places ?

- a) **much time**      b) **few time**      c) **a little time** للمنفوقين

2 Finish the following dialogue with one word each :

Hadeer : What do we (1) ..... eat with kofta?

Sohir : We usually eat it with bread and yoghurt.

Hadeer : (2) ..... do people sometimes eat ful medames?

Sohir : People sometimes eat it (3) ..... breakfast.

Hadeer : What is in (4) ..... ?

Sohir : Yellow lentils, onions, tomatoes, potatoes.

3 Supply the missing parts in the following two mini-dialogues:

1) Ahmad : Were you working at half past nine?

Rabab : No, I wasn't. I was having lunch

Ahmad : .....

Rabab : Okra, lamb and rice.

2) Teacher : Why didn't you do your homework?

Enas : Because I was ill, yesterday. I visited a doctor.

Teacher : Did he give you medicine?

Enas : .....

**4 Read the following , then answer the questions :**

Last summer, my cousin Sami came to Cairo for the first time. He's 28 and he lives in London. We went to the shopping centre and the sports centre. On Saturday, we went to Khan al-Khalili, a big market in the centre of Cairo. Hundreds of people come to the market from all over the city. A lot of tourists visit in the afternoon, so it is busier.

**A) Answer the following questions:**

- 1- What's Sami's age?      2- What did they do on Saturday ?

**B) Choose the correct answer :**

- 3- A lot of tourists ..... Khan al- Khalili .

a) **came**      b) **visit**      c) **went**      d) **got**

- 4- Khan al- Khalili is in the ..... of Cairo.

a) **north**      b) **south**      c) **east**      d) **centre**

- 5- Sami lives in .....

a) **Egypt**      b) **Khan al-Khalili**      c) **Cairo**      d) **England**

**5 Choose the correct answer from a , b or c :**

- 1- We all need water .....

a) **drink**      b) **drank**      c) **drinking**      d) **to drink**

- 2- There isn't ..... rain.

a) **some**      b) **many**      c) **any**      d) **an**

- 3- These are our pens . They are .....

a) **our**      b) **we**      c) **us**      d) **ours**

- 4- The bank is next ..... the school .

a) **too**      b) **to**      c) **for**      d) **two**

- 5- Fresh water is .....

a) **health**      b) **heal**      c) **healthy**      d) **unhealthy**

- 6- I ..... TV at nine yesterday evening .

a) **watched**      b) **watch**      c) **watching**      d) **was watching**

- 7- The piano is ..... than the violin.

a) **butter**      b) **better**      c) **litter**      d) **letter**

- 8- This restaurant sells a lot of different kinds of .....

a) **flowers**      b) **tablets**      c) **medicine**      d) **food**

**6 Read and correct the underlined words :**

- 1- You shouldn't say lies .

- 2- How much years does this animal live ?

- 3- Water are used to wash our clothes .





**③ Supply the missing parts in the following two mini-dialogues:**

- 1) Hala : ..... ?  
Noha : My father is a businessman . What about yours?  
Hala : My father is a doctor.

- 2) Doha : What did you do to clean the canal ?  
Aisha : .....  
Doha : How helpful people were !  
/\ /\

**④ Read the following , then answer the questions :**

I love my family. There are five people in my family. I have one brother and one sister. My brother is seven and my sister is two. My mum and dad make the rules for my family. My little sister gets in trouble sometimes. Our favorite thing to do as a family is to play games together. We go to the park at the weekend and spend a nice time there. We're a happy family.

**A) Answer the following questions:**

- 1- How many people are in the family?  
2- How old is the sister?

**B) Choose the correct answer :**

- 3- My ..... gets in trouble sometimes .  
a) brother      b) dad      c) mom      d) sister  
4- ..... make ( s ) the rules .  
a) I      b) Dad      c) Mom and dad      d) Brother  
5- The family like to ..... every weekend.  
a) watch TV      b) swim in the sea  
c) play games      d) go to the park  
/\ /\ /\ /\ /\ /\ /\ /\ /\ /\ /\ /\ /\ /\ /\ /\ /\

**⑤ Choose the correct answer from a , b or c :**

- 1- I am good at maths ..... English .  
a) and      b) or      c) but      d) because  
2- He ..... helpful .  
a) always is      b) always does      c) does always      d) is always  
3- Everybody ..... healthy food .  
a) like      b) is liking      c) are liking      d) likes  
4- I met ..... yesterday .  
a) she      b) hers      c) herself      d) her  
5- I like falafel . It is .....  
a) bad      b) sad      c) delicious      d) mad

- 6- I ate an apple and two .....  
 a) **date**                      b) **dates**                      c) **date's**                      d) **dates'**
- 7- We learn about numbers in .....  
 a) **art**                      b) **geography**                      c) **music**                      d) **maths**
- 8- Look at the ..... to help you get around the city .  
 a) **kite**                      b) **calendar**                      c) **van**                      d) **map**

**6 Read and correct the underlined words :**

- 1- What did many people do when they visited Egypt **next** year?  
 2- There are a lot of tourists in Luxor and I often **speaks** English to them!  
 3- There isn't **some** chicken.

**7 Write a paragraph of five sentences :**

" Saving water "

**You may use these words.**

( wash cars – showers – taps – drought – earth )

Egyptians waste a lot of water in many ways .....

**8 A ) Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :**

- 1- A marlin is a big .....  
 a) **rock**                      b) **fish**                      c) **boat**                      d) **bird**
- 2- Santiago could sell the marlin for a lot of .....  
 a) **fish**                      b) **rice**                      c) **water**                      d) **money**

**B) Answer the following questions :**

- 1- How were birds helpful to Santiago ?  
 2- Do you think the old man and Manolin will go fishing again?

**نص الإستماع الخاص بالسؤال الأول**

Amir : Where does your grandfather live ?

**Hatem** : He lives in the countryside . He is a farmer .

Amir : When does he get up ?

**Hatem** : He gets up early because there are lots of jobs to do on the farm .

## Life series

سلسلة مذكرات **لايف** للمرحلتين الابتدائية والاعدادية  
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