

THE FINAL TOUCH

☒ الامتحان 9 أسئلة في 3 ورقات

☒ أوعى تنسى كل سؤال في صفحة و بنكتب الإجابة فقط

المسؤال الأول *Finish the following dialogue*

محادثة من 3 نقاط كل نقطة بدرجة

أهم حاجة علشان تضمن الدرجة النهائية

1- اقرأ راس السؤال كويس وحاول تعرف الكلام فين و مع مين و على إيه

2- اقرأ المحادثة ككل و خد بالك إذا كانت النقط آخرها (.) يبقى عاوز إجابة على السؤال اللي فوقها أما إذا كانت نهايتها ()

? (يبقى المطلوب سؤال على اللي بعده

3 إذا كانت الإجابة (Yes / No) أو

(... all right / of course)

لازم السؤال يبدأ بفعل مساعد

am/ is /are/ was/ were/ have/has/had/ shall /will /can/ may

لو مفيش منهم في الجملة

تستخدم does لو الفعل الاساسى آخره (s) و نستخدم do مع المضارع و did مع الماضي

☐ أوعى تنسى تستخدم الفعل بدون اى إضافات بعد الأفعال الناقصة

و (do/ does/did)

☐ طب لو الإجابة موش (Yes / No) أو ما شابه

1- شوف هتسال على إيه و حدد الأداة المناسبة من الكلمات اللي جاية

What للسؤال عن شيء غير عاقل

When للسؤال عن الزمن

Who للسؤال عن عاقل

Which للسؤال عن الاختيار مثل

Whose للسؤال عن الملكية

How للسؤال عن الوسيلة أو الحالة

How long للسؤال عن المدة الزمنية

How many للسؤال عن العدد مثلا

How much للسؤال عن الثمن أو الكمية

How often للسؤال عن عدد المرات

Where للسؤال عن المكان

Why للسؤال عن السبب

☒ أوعى تنسى تستخدم الفعل المساعد بعد أداة الاستفهام

تذكر استخدام how long في حالة وجود for /since /ago في الإجابة

DIALOGUES

1- Ayman and Ahmed are on the phone are talking about the football match they are going to see at the club next Friday.

Ayman : Hello, Ahmed.
Ahmed : Hi, Ayman!
Ayman :?
Ahmed : Yes, of course. I'll see it at the club.
Ayman : What time does the match start?
Ahmed :
Ayman :?
Ahmed : Let's meet in front of the club.

Model Answer

1. Are you going to see the football match?
2. It starts at 5 o'clock.
3. Let's see it together. Where shall we meet?

2- Mona and Sahar meet in the afternoon. Mona asks Sahar about what she is going to do in the evening.

Mona : Good afternoon, Sahar
Sahar : Good afternoon, Mona.
Mona :?
Sahar : I'm going to the airport this evening.
Mona :?
Sahar : To meet my father. He's coming from Kuwait.
Mona :?
Sahar : His plane will arrive at 10 pm.
Mona : I hope he arrives safely.
Sahar : Thanks, Mona. See you.

Model Answer

1. What are you doing this evening?
2. Oh, why?
3. When will he arrive?

3- Samy meets his friend Kamal in the street. Kamal tells Samy that he is going to travel to France this summer.

Kamal : Hello, Samy?
Samy : Hi, Kamal! How are things with you?
Kamal : I'm going to travel to France this summer.
Samy :?
Kamal : By plane.
Samy :?
Kamal : No, I'm not afraid because I traveled by plane before.
Samy :?
Kamal : I will spend a week with my uncle. He works in Paris.

Model Answer

1. That's great! How will you travel?
2. Are you afraid of flying?
3. How long will you stay?

4- Hany is meeting his English pen-friend, Fred.

Hany : Great to see you, Fred!
 Fred : It's great to be here.
 Hany :?
 Fred : About two weeks. We're going to be in Cairo for six days, then we're going to spend eight days visiting Luxor and Aswan.
 Hany :?
 Fred : Of course, we'll. Abu Simbel is an important thing in our plan.

Model Answer

1. Thanks a lot.
2. How long are you going to stay in Egypt?
3. Will you visit Luxor and Abu Simbel.

5- Samir invites his friend Ashraf to come to his birthday party.

Samir : Would you like to come to my birthday party tomorrow ?
 Ashraf :
 Samir : Why not?
 Ashraf :
 Samir : How long is your pen friend going to stay in Egypt ?
 Ashraf : For a week.
 Samir :?
 Ashraf : No, he's going to stay at Hilton Hotel. I've booked a room for him.

Model Answer

1. I wish I could but I can't.
2. I'm going to meet my pen friend at the airport.
3. Will he stay with you at home?

6- Maha is talking to her father.

Maha : Can I ask you some questions, Dad?
 Father : Of course, Maha.
 Maha :?
 Father : Export means that we sell goods to other countries.
 Maha : So, what does import mean?
 Father :
 Maha :?
 Father : Every time we buy or sell something, we are trading.

Model Answer

1. What does the word "export" mean?
2. They are goods that we buy from other countries.
3. What is trading?

7- Mona is talking to a shop assistant as she wants to buy a watch.

Assistant : How can I help you ?
Mona : Can you show me some watches, please?
Assistant : Certainly. What do you think of this one?
Mona : It looks nice.....?
Assistant : It's 500 pounds.
Mona : Oh,.....
Assistant : That one isn't so expensive. It's only 300 pounds.
Mona :?
Assistant : Yes, it is made in Japan.
Mona : OK. I'll take it.

Model Answer

1. How much is it?
2. It is too expensive.
3. Is it made in Japan?

8- Emad is back from school and his mother is opening the door.

Mother : Hi, Emad. How was your day at school ?
Emad :
Mother : Why not ?
Emad : My best friend Hatem felt ill suddenly.
Mother :?
Emad : During the history lesson.
Mother : What made him feel ill?
Emad : Nobody knows. He may.....from the restaurant near our school.

Model Answer

1. It wasn't fine
2. When did this happen?
3. have eaten some bad food.

9- Ramy comes while his sister Rasha is changing the light bulb.

Ramy : What are you doing up the ladder?
Rasha : I'm going to
Ramy : You don't have to do that. But who bought that strange bulb?
Rasha :
Ramy : But it looks expensive. Why did you choose this kind?
Rasha : These bulbs last a long time and they.....
Ramy : Yes, we should save it.

Model Answer

1. change the bulb.
2. I bought it myself.
3. save energy.

10- Hala meets a tourist in Luxor.

Hala : Do you speak English?
 Tourist : Yes, I do.
 Hala : Where are you from?
 Tourist :
 Hala : And where is Bangkok?
 Tourist : It is the capital of Thailand.
 Hala :?
 Tourist : Yes, we are used to the hot weather.
 Hala :
 Tourist : I'll be here for two days.

Model Answer

1. I'm from Bangkok.
2. Are you used to hot weather?
3. How long will you be here?

11- Salim and Ali are talking about the summer holiday.

Salim : The summer holiday starts next month.....?
 Ali : I'm going to spend it on my uncle's farm.
 Salim :
 Ali : I'm going to stay there for a month.
 Salim : You're lucky. The farm is a nice place to go to.
 Ali : Thank you. you?
 Salim : I'm going to spend it with my family.

Model Answer

1. Where are you going to spend it?
2. How long are you going to stay there?
3. Who is going to go with

12- Hany and Samy are talking about spending their weekend.

Hany : How do you spend your weekend ?
 Samy : I often stay at home.
 Hany :?
 Samy : I read books.
 Hany :?
 Samy : Short stories. What about you?
 Hany :
 Samy : Wonderful! Computer games are very exciting.

Model Answer

1. What do you do?
2. What kind of books?
3. I play computer games.

Write what you would say in each of the following situations

مواقف حياتية من 4 نقاط كل نقطة بدرجة

أهم حاجة تقرا الموقف من اولة لآخرة وتحددي إذا كنت هتسالي و الا هتجوبى واهم المواقف المقررة

- 1: *You see a boy hitting your brother.*
"Don't you dare do that"
رايت ولد يضرب اخيك تقول (أياك ان تفعل ذلك)
- 2: *You ask a policeman the way to the bank.*
Could you tell me the way to the bank please?
تسأل شرطي عن الطريق للبنك (هل تخبرني عن الطريق للبنك؟)
- 3: *You show the way to the bank to someone.*
Go straight on. Then turn left. The bank is on your left.
تبين الطريق لشخص (اذهب مباشرة ثم ادخل يسار . البنك علي يسارك)
- 4: *Your brother spilt coffee on your books. You were very angry*
"That's terrible".
أخيك سكب القهوة علي كتبك. أنت غاضب جدا . (هذا فظيع)
- 5: *Your friend accidentally spills some orange juice on you jacket. You aren't angry.*
'Never mind".
صديقك سكب بعض عصير البرتقال بدون قصد علي الجاكيث . وأنت لست غاضب . (لا عليك)
- 6: *You accidentally bump into a stranger in the street. You apologize*
"I'm so sorry".
بدون قصد صدمت في غريب في الشارع تقول (انني أسف جدا)
- 7: *Your friend tells you that his brother is very ill.*
"This is too bad".
صديقك يخبرك ان اخيه مريض . (هذا سيء)
- 8: *You arrived late at the railway station .but the train had left.*
"This is too bad".
وصلت متأخر للمحطة ،القطار كان قد غادر (هذا سيء جدا)
- 9: *You visit someone in hospital.*
"I hope you get better soon".
زرت شخص في المستشفى تقول (أمل ان تتحسن سريعا)
- 10: *You lent a pen to your friend. He lost it.*
"Never mind. I've got another one."
سلفت قلم لصديقك ولكنه فقده (لا تقلق لدي قلم آخر)
- 11: *You ask your brother's opinion about your new jacket.*
"What is your opinion of my new jacket" ?
تسأل أخيك عن رأيه في جاكيث جديد (ما رأيك في الجاكيث)
- 12: *Nancy asks your opinion about her new blouse.*
"I think it is nice".
نانسي تطلب رأيك في بلوزتها الجديدة (اعتقد انها جميلة)
- 13: *Your friend thanked you.*
"Not at all"
صديقك يشكرك (العفو)
- 14: *Your friend apologized for coming late .You aren't angry.*
"Never mind."
صديقك يعتذر لقدمه متأخر (لا عليك)
- 15: *Your friend thinks that the telephone is the most important invention. You agree.*

"I agree with you ."

صديقك يعتقد ان التليفون احسن اختراع (أنا متفق معك)

16: *Your friend thinks that man will be able to live on the space in the future. You disagree.*

(I disagree with you)

صديقك يعتقد ان الانسان سوف يعيش في الفضاء في المستقبل (لا اتفق معك)

17: *Somebody doesn't help an old woman to cross the road.*

"This is disgraceful"

شخص لا يساعد عجوز ان تعبر الطريق (هذا مشين)

18: *Your neighbour threw rubbish in front of your house .you were furious.*

"Don't you dare do that!"

جارك القي قمامة امام منزلك . وانت تائر (كيف تجرؤ ان تفعل ذلك !)

19: *You suggest going to the club.*

"What about going to the club?"

تقترح الذهاب الي النادي (ما رأيكم في الذهاب الي النادي؟)

20: *Your friend suggested going to the cinema. You disagree.*

"I'm not very keen."

صديقك يقترح الذهاب الي السينما وانت لا توافق . (لست متحمسا)

21: *Your friend suggested going to the theatre. You agree*

"A good idea"

22: *you offer to get your friend a cup of tea.*

"Shall I get you a cup of tea?"

تعرض أن تقدم فنجان شاي لصديق (سوف احضر لك فنجان شاي)

23: *You object to your friend's idea.*

"I disagree with you"

تعترض مع فكرة صديق (لا اتفق معك)

24: *You invite your friend to your birthday party.*

"I'd like to invite you my birthday party."

تدعو صديقك لحفلة عيد ميلادك (يسرني ان ادعوك الي حفلة عيد ميلادي)

35: *A friend invites you to spend a week in his farm. You accept the invitation.*

"I'd love to"

صديقك يدعوك لقضاء أسبوع في مزرعته وأنت تقبل (أريد ذلك)

36: *You want to express your opinion about the TV educational programmes.*

"In my opinion, the TV educational programmes are very useful"

تعبر عن رأيك في البرامج التعليمية (في رأيي البرامج التعليمية مفيدة) (جيدة)

36: *You've finished an exercise. You say to the teacher*

"I've finished my exercise".

انهيت تمرين نقول للمدرس (أنهيت تمريني .)

37: *You advise your friend to come on time to school.*

"You should come on time to school"

تنصح صديقك ان يأتي للمدرسة (يجب ان تأتي للمدرسة في الوقت المحدد)

38: *You greeted a person you met for the first time.*

"How do you do?"

تحیی شخص قابلته لأول مرة

39: *You congratulate your friend on passing his test.*

"Congratulations"

تهنيء صديقك علي نجاحه "تهانينا"

40- *You meet some tourists at the airport. You welcome them.*

Welcome to Egypt"

تقابل سائحين في المطار رحب بهم : " مرحبا بكم في مصر

41- *Someone asks you what your favourite hobby is.*

"My favourite hobby is reading novels".

شخص يسالك عن هوايتك المفضلة (قراءة الروايات)

42- *Someone asks you how good you are at maths.*

"I'm very good at Maths"

شخص يسالك عن مستواك في الرياضيات " جيد جدا"

43- *Someone invites you to his party, but you are busy and can't go.*

"I wish I could come but I'm too busy"
44: Someone asks you what job you want to do.
"I want to be a pilot"

شخص يدعوك لحفلته ولكنك مشغول " يا ليتني استطيع ولكني مشغول "

شخص يسأل عن الوظيفة التي تريدها " اريد ان اكون طيار "

45: The bus you were travelling in was in an accident and you are the only one who has a mobile phone and can call the police for help.

Our bus has an accident on the main road to Assuit. We need help.

الاتوبيس الذي تستقله للقاهرة تعرض لحادثة وانت الوحيد الذي تمتلك الموبايل وتتصل بالشرطة للمساعدة " اتوبيسنا تعرض لحادثة نريد المساعدة "

46: Someone asks you what you think the most important invention is.

I think mobile phones are the most important invention

شخص يسألك ما اعظم الاختراعات " اعتقد ان الموبايل اهم الاختراعات "

47: You ask your friend about the price of his new shoes.

How much are your new shoes?

تسأل صديقك عن سعر حذاءه " كم سعر الحذاء ؟ "

48: Your friend wants to go swimming this evening. You disagree and suggest another sport.

I'm not very keen on swimming .What about running?

صديقك يقترح الذهاب للسباحة هذا المساء وانت تقترح رياضة اخري " لست متحمسا للسباحة اقترح الجري "

49. You think that something your friend has just said is wrong.

I don't think so"

تعتقد ان ما قاله صديق ليس صحيح "لا اعتقد ذلك "

50 Your friend asks you what your plans are for today.

What are your plans for today?

يسألك صديق عن خططك اليوم " ما خططك لليوم "

51 You want permission from your father to go to the cinema tonight.

May I go to the cinema tonight?

تريد إذن والدك لتذهب للسينما الليلة ؟ هل اذهب إلي السينما الليلة ؟"

Read and match

السؤال الثالث

السؤال بدرجتان ونصف . كل جزئية بنصف درجة

سؤال التوصيل ممكن نوصل الكلمة وعكسها أو مرادفها أو نوصل عبارات مواقف أو قواعد

خد بالك عمود (a) عبارة عن (5) نقاط و عمود B عبارة عن 6 نقاط وصل المضمون الأول و فكر في الباقي بدقة

ومتسر عيش

Read the following, then answer

السؤال الرابع

سؤال قطعة الفهم يا حبيبي أنت و هو أهم سؤال دا سبع درجات ونص. يعنى نركز وإحنا بنحل.

عندك 3 أسئلة بأدوات استفهام كل سؤال بدرجة ونص و 3 أسئلة اختياري كل واحد بدرجة.

سيبك من طريقة الشبه. لازم تحاول تفهم الأسئلة الأول عاوزة أية . وبعدين اقرأ القطعة من غير م ترجع للأسئلة. وأنت

بتقرا خد بالك من الأسماء و الأرقام (طرح/قسمة/ جمع) وأدوات الربط (so/ because)

في السؤال (the underlined word) الكلمة اللي تحتها خط

لازم تقرا الفقرة كلها و منتسر عيش

يعتمد هذا السؤال على القواعد و الكلمات السؤال من 4 درجات عبارة عن 8 نقاط كل نقطة من نص درجة .

Choose based on Vocabulary

- 1- Mother asked Ali to look.....his little brother while she was away.
a- at **b- up** **c- after** **d- for**
- 2- We.....cotton to other countries.
a- receive **b- export** **c- get** **d- import**
- 3- Salma was very.....and wouldn't wait until her turn came.
a- patient **b- calm** **c- impatient** **d- successful**
- 4- The giraffe has a very long.....
a- tongue **b- tail** **c- neck** **d- head**
- 5- Ali has just gone to France for a week. He.....won't be here tomorrow.
a- probably **b- never** **c- definitely** **d- possibly**
- 6- Adel is my uncle's son. He is my.....
a- cousin **b- nephew** **c- grandson** **d- niece**
- 7- An elephant is..... than a dog.
a- thinner **b- less** **c- bigger** **d- smaller**
- 8- He is a photographer. His job is to photos.
a- draw **b- buy** **c- make** **d- take**
- 9- is an expensive kind of material for clothes.
a- Silk **b- Metal** **c- Gold** **d- Spice**
- 10- We buy vegetables at the.....
a- chemist's **b- greengrocer's** **c- baker's** **d- butcher's**
- 11-The baby is crying. I can hear my friend on the phone.
a- harder **b- hardest** **c- hard** **d- hardly**
- 12- People enjoy to many countries during summer holidays.
a- travelling **b- visiting** **c- arriving** **d- staying**
13. The airport..... sent a message to Flight 19.
a) chemist **b) controller** **c) customer** **d) driver**
14. The plane suddenly and was never found again.
a) disappeared **b) disappointed** **c) discovered** **d) disagreed**
15. When we flew to Paris, we had a meal and some drinks on.....the plane.
a) broad **b) bored** **c) board** **d) abroad**
16. is someone who draws or paints.
a) A scientist **b) An artist** **c) A chemist** **d) A leader**
17. The place which contains too many people inside is
a) ground **b) crowd** **c) crowded** **d) empty**
18. is an expensive metal.
a) Wood **b) Glass** **c) Wool** **d) gold**
19. My brother was very sick during our to Oman.
a) fly **b) flying** **c) flight** **d) flew**

20. An is a way to ask people to a party, a birthday, etc.
 a) **artist** b) **invitation** c) **important** d) **interest**
21. A place which is important in history is
 a) **historic** b) **artistic** c) **historian** d) **interested**
22. A is something you buy to remember a place.
 a) **prize** b) **present** c) **souvenir** d) **e-mail**
23. My mother put..... to the food to make it taste better.
 a) **sugar** b) **spices** c) **spaces** d) **spoons**
24. How long will this film ?
 a) **lost** b) **least** c) **last** d) **past**
25. Other planes were sent to for the lost plane.
 a) **take** b) **set** c) **put** d) **search**
26. The weather was very good when we off on our journey.
 a) **sit** b) **sat** c) **set** d) **solved**
27. The pilot said that he was ready to off.
 a) **turn** b) **take** c) **switch** d) **take care**
28. A is something that is impossible to understand.
 a) **mister** b) **master** c) **mystery** d) **monster**
29. I left you in the bedroom and now you are here! Do you ?
 a) **sleep** b) **walk** c) **sleep over** d) **sleepwalk**
30. When their radios stopped, they couldn't get in.....with the airport controller.
 a) **much** b) **touch** c) **such** d) **match**
31. Soha was because she hadn't finished her test.
 a) **happy** b) **pleased** c) **annoyed** d) **glad**
32. In my there are more good shops in cities.
 a) **opinion** b) **onion** c) **mind** d) **eyes**
33. Manal thinks this cake is nice, but Faten
 a) **agrees** b) **takes off** c) **disagrees** d) **disappears**
34. Some people like the of the country.
 a) **invitation** b) **disappointment** c) **anger** d) **silence**
35. There used to be a lot of.....but now the smoke from the factory is cleaner.
 a) **furniture** b) **spices** c) **pollution** d) **silence**
36. Satma was and cried because she had lost one of her toys.
 a) **stressful** b) **upset** c) **clever** d) **crowded**
37. Magdy thinks Egypt has a good football team. Ahmed.....with him.
 a) **wishes** b) **switches off** c) **sets off** d) **agrees**
38. The post office is ten kilometres away from here. There isn't one.....
 a) **nearly** b) **nearby** c) **on board** d) **goodbye**
39. In the country there aren't any traffic
 a) **bars** b) **jars** c) **jams** d) **dams**
40. There isn't much in my room, just a bed, a table and a cupboard.
 a) **food** b) **furniture** c) **information** d) **news**

41. In the city, there's much pollution. There's too muchas well.
a) **space** b) **fresh air** c) **nose** d) **noise**
42. In Egypt, Preparatory School..... for three years.
a) **past** b) **costs** c) **lasts** d) **casts**
43. Football is very..... with boys in most countries.
a) **population** b) **crowded** c) **popular** d) **boring**
44. The story was.....It didn't really happen.
a) **unhappy** b) **untrue** c) **unhealthy** d) **usual**
45. I was.....when I knew that my father wouldn't take me with him to Aswan.
a) **disappeared** b) **disappointed** c) **unusual** d) **untrue**
46. means sad and a little cross.
a) **Upset** b) **Upwards** c) **Unusual** d) **Pleased**
47. Many people like the life of the country.
a) **quite** b) **quiet** c) **noisy** d) **angry**
48. I can't go with you to the cinema. I have an.....with the dentist.
a) **apology** b) **appointment** c) **area** d) **artist**
49. The finished my suit and asked me to go and collect it.
a) **mechanic** b) **sailor** c) **dentist** d) **tailor**
50. The blouse was white and made of
- a) **spices** b) **goods** c) **silk** d) **suit**
51. are things which a country buys from another country.
a) **Exports** b) **Imports** c) **Trade** d) **Businesses**
52. A is someone who sells and buys.
a) **trade** b) **trader** c) **fisherman** d) **dentist**
53. Things that a country sells to other countries are called
- a) **spices** b) **imports** c) **exports** d) **trade**
54. I have ain which I write down all the important appointments.
a) **dairy** b) **diary** c) **daily** d) **dial**
55. My classmate gave me a full..... of the new teacher.
a) **description** b) **appointment** c) **penalty** d) **trading**
56. In the past, traders used to carry their goods in huge.....in the desert.
a) **lorries** b) **taxis** c) **caravans** d) **camels**
57. A is something which we put on the floor.
a) **silk** b) **caravan** c) **carpet** d) **spice**
58. Things which people make, buy or sell are called
- a) **goals** b) **goods** c) **good** d) **imports**
59. Please accept my for not coming to your party.
a) **apologise** b) **apology** c) **order** d) **pleasure**
60. Abu Trika became the.....of the match when he scored two goals.
a) **hero** b) **trader** c) **leader** d) **tailor**
61. There's no light inside. We'll have to change the light.....
a) **pulp** b) **hero** c) **bulb** d) **club**

62. I always turn off the lights when I leave the room, I want to.....energy.
a) safe b) save c) solve d) make
63. You mustn't touch the electric
- a) wears b) ladders c) wires d) energy
64. This new kind of light bulbs saves.....
- a) light b) energy c) ladders d) time
65. If land is from the desert, more crops will be planted.
- a) bought b) brought c) moved d) reclaimed
66. like cotton, tomatoes and wheat are being planted.
- a) Grapes b) Crops c) Farms d) Goods
67. The Nile is crowded, unlike other parts of Egypt.
- a) desert b) water c) valley d) factory
68. An is a very large block of ice floating in the sea.
- a) ice cream b) ice cube c) iceberg d) icebox
69. is meat from cows.
- a) Cheese b) Bean c) Beef d) Spice
70. The jacket and trousers in the same colour and material are called a.....
- a) uniform b) suit c) jumper d) dress
71. Theof a ship are the sailors working on it.
- a) pilots b) grow c) crow d) crew
72. The food tasted hot because Nadia put a lot of..... in it.
- a) beef b) beans c) pepper d) tobacco
73. is a very big sea.
- a) A lake b) An ocean c) A river d) A pool
74. This famous scientist..... an important medicine.
- a) consisted b) disagreed c) discovered d) disappeared
75. The were famous sailors from the north of Europe.
- a) Iceland b) Vikings c) Mexico d) Pharaohs
76. An is a place in the desert with water and palm trees in it.
- a) island b) ocean c) oasis d) area
77. A long concrete.....canal has been built to join the Toshka lakes with the Baris and Kharga oases.
- a) reclaiming b) agricultural c) valley d) irrigation
78. 25 million cubic metres of water a day are.....from the Toshka lakes.
- a) bought b) pumped c) exported d) sent
79. The sailors weren't worried because they thought their ship was.....
- a) sinking b) sinkable c) unsinkable d) destroyed
80. Another ship heard the message and.....the 700 people in the lifeboats.
- a) safe b) rescued c) reclaimed d) killed
81. My mother told me a story to me down.
- a) cry b) reclaim c) calm d) turn
82. The Titanic sank under the of the Atlantic.
- a) sand b) waves c) walls d) air

83. None of the on that ship was killed.
 a) drivers b) passengers c) pilots d) passages
84. There should have been for everyone on the ship.
 a) toilets b) radios c) cameras d) lifeboats
85. The asked the crew to get passengers to the lifeboats.
 a) driver b) pilot c) captain d) passenger
86. Columbus across the sea so that he could get to China.
 a) drove b) flew c) walked d) sailed
87. Ali has gone to France for a week. He.....won't be here tomorrow.
 a) probably b) never c) definitely d) possibly
88. When you walk on wet sand or earth, you leave on the ground.
 a) fingerprints b) footprints c) printing d) slippers
89. is a kind of tree which is found in desert areas.
 a) Calm b) Pam c) Palm d) Plan
90. You can see a where a river comes down a mountain.
 a) waterfall b) waterwheel c) watermelon d) water ball
91. If you prepare yourself before an exam, you'll be more.....
 a) worried b) disappointed c) confident d) upset
92. A is a drawing that shows how something works.
 a) dialogue b) form c) telegram d) diagram
93. A hot place with many trees and dangerous animals is called.....
 a) desert b) oasis c) jungle d) village
94. This hotel has a good near the airport.
 a) station b) location c) space d) area
95. He is a photographer. His job is to pictures.
 a) make b) bake c) take d) shake
96. Soha sounds.....She thinks she will do well.
 a) hopeless b) hopeful c) hobby d) hopes
97. Dangerous animals like lions and tigers are in the jungle.
 a) impossible b) uncommon c) common d) never
98. The opposite of nervous is
 a) calm b) quiet c) quite d) noisy
99. This book is very It tells you how to revise.
 a) hopeful b) careful c) helpless d) useful
100. The thief was afraid, so he ran in the.....of the police station by mistake.
 a) direction b) space c) room d) direct
101. The opposite of "dry" is.....
 a) hot b) hold c) humid d) cold
102. I cried for help because I thought I was
 a) last b) lost c) list d) least
103. Don't be so.....Calm down and everything will be OK.
 a) hopeful b) careful c) fearful d) beautiful

104. Don't play with that sharp knife. You may yourself.
- a) heart b) hurt c) burn d) close
105. Rahma wanted to play for her school, so she every day.
- a) slept b) studied c) practised d) ate
106. A is a scientist who studies plants and animals.
- a) geologist b) dentist c) artist d) biologist
107. Salma was when her father didn't buy her the toy she wanted.
- a) cross b) happy c) pleased d) careful
108. They say, "Silence is"
- a) cold b) wooden c) golden d) metal
109. Take this umbrella with you. It will..... you from the rain.
- a) communicate b) protect c) prepare d) point
110. To remember what you hear, you should read..... when you revise.
- a) quietly b) silently c) aloud d) secretly
111. After you finish writing the e-mail, "send".
- a) cross b) stand c) spell d) press
112. You'll need to use the to take photos at night.
- a) torch b) flash c) splash d) crash
113. Cards, coloured pens and notebooks are all..... for revision.
- a) healthy b) using c) useless d) useful
114. The science which studies plants and animals is called
- a) biologist b) biology c) geologist d) geology
115. An is a small living thing with six legs.
- a) animal b) insect c) elephant d) enemy
116. Can you the boy who took your ball?
- a) describe b) destroy c) discover d) disagree
117. There's a film about Salah El-Din on at the cinema.
- a) comic b) historian c) historical d) history
118. Your writing is full of mistakes. You have been very.....
- a) careful b) careless c) useful d) hopeful
119. Mustafa didn't revise. He was worried he'd
- a) pass b) win c) succeed d) fail
120. Samia is a person who always does things for her friends.
- a) helpless b) hopeful c) helpful d) hopeless
121. Taking breaks for five minutes every hour will help you
- a) communicate b) concentrate c) concrete d) discover
122. You should sure you begin to revise early.
- a) make b) take c) have d) know
123. You should always eat or drink right things. This is called the health
- a) dairy b) diary c) diet d) date
124. If you before an exam, you'll get the best results.
- a) mend b) mind c) repair d) prepare
125. I'm not going to the cinema. I have to stay home to get.....for the exams.
- a) reading b) ready c) read d) rude

Choose based on Structure

1- My teacher asked me.....talk in class.

- a- don't b- can't c- won't d- not to

2- Salma and Amina enjoyed.....at the Zoo.

- a- themselves b- ourselves c- herself d- yourselves

3- A secretary.....many e-mails and letters every day.

- a- write b- writes c- writing d- is writing

4- Primary school.....six years in Egypt.

- a- lasts b- last c- lasted d- was last

5- My school is the supermarket and the police station.

- a- inside b- between c- over d- in

6- We are sure that he.....by car.

- a- shall come b- might come c- are coming d- will come

7- He missed the train. He.....up earlier.

- a- should have got b- would get c- has got d- got

8- This is the place historians found the tomb.

- a- when b- why c- where d- while

9- I am worried my brother. He is very late.

- a- off b- about c- at d- on

10 -The policeman asked the boy if he anything.

- a- have lost b- losing c- had lost d- lose

11- The thief broke..... the shop to steal some money.

- a- on b- into c- at d- with

12- She is used to.....tennis at the club.

- a- playing b- played c- plays d- play

13. The teacher told me that..... written a good composition.

- a) I had b) have you c) had you d) you have

14. I told Samir..... wait for me.

- a) if b) to c) that d) don't

15. The policeman asked the boy if he anything.

- a) lose b) losing c) have lose d) had lost

16. He her what her favourite subject was.

- a) said b) told c) asked d) ordered

17. That's the man lost his money.

- a) who b) whom c) which d) whose

18. Ali asked me where I my last holiday.

a) spend b) will spend c) have spent d) had spent

19. Doctors always advise us.....a lot of exercise. It's useful for health.

a) not doing b) to do c) no to do d) doing

20. The man phoned yesterday didn't leave his name.

a) whose b) which c) whom d) who

21. She me that she had finished her homework.

a) replied b) told c) asked d) said

22. The car, he is driving, is fast.

a) what b) which c) when d) who

23. Our flat consists four rooms, a kitchen and a bathroom.

a) of b) from c) in d) by

24. I've got a friendfather works in England.

a) who b) whose c) where d) which

25. The divers searched the lost planes, but didn't find them.

a) of b) off c) for d) at

26. A dictionary is a book gives the meaning of words.

a) when b) which c) who d) where

27. Pilots that their radios had stopped working.

a) report b) reports c) reported d) is reporting

28. Are you from Matrouh ? Yes, that'sI live.

a) how b) when c) where d) which

29. The student..... that he loves his school.

a) ask b) said c) told d) tell

30. The computer I bought is very expensive.

a) which b) whose c) who d) whom

31. We went to the cinema see the new film.

a) to b) so c) because d) so that

32. It's possible that he needs help. He need help.

a) will b) should c) might d) can't

33. The teacher is angry. I have forgotten my homework.

a) can't b) must c) shouldn't d) might

34. I was watching TV the light went out.

a) while b) when c) therefore d) during

35. More rice to other countries next year.

a) will be exported d) will export c) is exporting d) exported

36. She telephoned me invite me to her wedding.

a) so b) so that c) because d) in order to

37. tourists come to Egypt every year.

- a) **A little** b) **Much** c) **A lot** d) **A lot of**

38. A new bridge in Cairo next year.

- a) **building** b) **builds** c) **will build** d) **will be built**

39. Many new canals in Egypt now.

- a) **are being dug** b) **are digging** c) **dug** d) **dig**

40 The phone rang I was having lunch.

- a) **during** b) **after** c) **before** d) **while**

41. My friend lent me his car while mine

- a) **is mending** b) **was mending** c) **is mended** d) **was being mended**

42. the two years that he spent at Luxor, Reda visited Karnak.

- a) **While** b) **During** c) **Although** d) **When**

43. It costs money to go round the world.

- a) **a lot** b) **many** c) **few** d) **much**

44. Samy went to the market he could buy some fruit.

- a) **in order to** b) **for** c) **so that** d) **because**

45. Sally has got money than Diana.

- a) **less** b) **fewer** c) **little** d) **many**

46. This field has rice than that field.

- a) **few** b) **fewer** c) **little** d) **less**

47. He attend the party as he is travelling at the same time.

- a) **must** b) **can** c) **might** d) **won't**

48. My brother has cassettes than I have.

- a) **less** b) **few** c) **fewer** d) **the least**

49. Which team scored the goals ?

- a) **less** b) **more** c) **most** d) **much**

50. In which year did Egypt export the rice ?

- a) **less** b) **least** c) **fewer** d) **fewest**

51. Although he was thirsty, he drank a water.

- a) **much** b) **few** c) **lot of** d) **little**

52. He has got..... friends.

- a) **many** b) **much** c) **a little** d) **a lot**

53. I..... lost my pencil because I can't find it and there's a hole in my bag.

- a) **may have** b) **might have** c) **must have** d) **can't have**

54. I sat next to my friend the party.

- a) **on** b) **during** c) **of** d) **along**

55. When the Toshka Valley Project is completed in 2017, more jobs.....

- a) **will be found** b) were found c) had found d) are found

56. Mona hurry because she was late for school.

- a) has to b) have to c) **had to** d) don't have to

57. Water from Lake Nasser..... to reclaim the desert.

- a) will have used b) will be using c) will use d) **will be used**

58. We play football in the classroom.

- a) should b) must c) **mustn't** d) might have

59. Hany spoken to his friend during the exam.

- a) **shouldn't have** b) can't c) shouldn't d) may have

60. A new school..... in our town now.

- a) **is being built** b) will be built c) building d) built

61. He's learning English he can get a better job.

- a) in order to b) **so that** c) because d) so

62. Why are you so late, Heba? You.....been here half an hour ago.

- a) must have b) shouldn't have c) can't have d) **should have**

63. It's very hot today. I'd rather at home.

- a) staying b) **stay** c) stayed d) stays

64. The boy was too short..... the basketball team.

- a) for joining b) to joining c) **to join** d) that join

65. We visited a lot of interesting places our holiday.

- a) **during** b) while c) when d) as

66.he was going home, he had an accident.

- a) **As** b) During c) Before d) So that

67. Soha pay for the light bulb.

- a) **doesn't have to** b) shouldn't have c) mustn't d) can't have

68. Let's sit at the

- a) park's cafe b) park cafe's c) **park cafe** d) parks' cafe

69. I dropped my book the English lesson.

- a) while b) as c) **during** d) so that

70. The number of people in Egypt.....by about one million every year.

- a) **is growing** b) was grown c) grew d) will grow

71. In the future, crops from the Toshka Valley.....inside and outside Egypt.

- a) are going to sell b) are selling c) **will be sold** d) sold

72. If you do too exercise, you will put on weight.

- a) much b) few c) many d) **little**

73. He missed the train. He..... up earlier.

- a) **should have got** b) would get c) got d) has got

74. The photographer wanted a photo of the lion.

- a) take b) to taking c) taking d) **to take**

75. The tourists were looking forward..... in Aswan.

- a) arrive b) **to arriving** c) arriving d) to arrive

76. Hesham..... water the plants because Soha had already done it.

- a) mustn't b) must c) had to d) **didn't have to**

77. Hany has been looking forward to..... this weekend.

- a) **relaxing** b) relax c) relaxed d) relaxes

78. My mother decided her aunt tomorrow.

- a) visit b) to visiting c) **to visit** d) visiting

79. I'm not used glasses.

- a) wear b) **wearing** c) to wear d) to wearing

80. My uncle used to swimming every Friday when he was young.

- a) **go** b) going c) went d) goes

81. I want..... a new mobile, please, Dad.

- a) **to buy** b) to buying c) buying d) buy

82. My father promised me a bike in the summer.

- a) **to buy** b) to buying c) buying d) buys

83. Did your father use to you to school ?

- a) **drive** b) driving c) drives d) drove

84. Salma likes biscuits, but she also likes sweets.

- a) doesn't b) **not only** c) only d) not alone

85. He hasn't only been to India, he's also been to Japan.

- a) and b) so c) **but** d) as well

86. Mr Ahmed is a good teacher. He always works

- a) **hard** b) hardly c) hardy d) hardness

87. Raise your voice! I can hear you.

- a) hard b) harder c) hardy d) **hardly**

88. Neither his mother..... his father spoke English.

- a) or b) and c) but d) **nor**

89. This man is a doctor or a teacher.

- a) neither b) **either** c) both d) not only

90. The journey was comfortable nor interesting.

- a) either b) both c) not only d) **neither**

91. During the exam you can.....read aloud nor speak to anyone.

- a) **not only** b) **both** c) **either** d) **neither**

92. You'd better for your exams.

- a) **preparing** b) **to preparing** c) **to prepare** d) **prepare**

93. "Can I have some more rice, please ?" - "Of course. Help"

- a) **myself** b) **herself** c) **himself** d) **yourselves**

94. Asmaa looked at..... in the mirror.

- a) **himself** b) **myself** c) **herself** d) **yourself**

95. If I you, I'd revise well for the exams.

- a) **am** b) **have** c) **were** d) **weren't**

96. My friend is fat to run fast.

- a) **so** b) **to** c) **too** d) **very**

97. The test was difficult that I couldn't finish it in time.

- a) **too** b) **as** c) **so** d) **also**

98. A lot of new buildings built in the Toshka Valley at the moment.

- a) **are being** b) **will be** c) **are** d) **were**

99. Soha told Ahmed that she.....a nice present for their mother's birthday.

- a) **was bought** b) **should bought** c) **had bought** d) **has bought**

100. Why are you watching TV until now ? You to bed now.

- a) **should go** b) **should have gone** c) **shouldn't go** d) **shouldn't have gone**

السؤال السادس

Rewrite the following

يعتمد هذا السؤال على القواعد و الكلمات السؤال من 4 درجات عبارة عن 4 نقاط كل نقطة من درجة .

للتحويل من **مباشر إلى غير مباشر** نلاحظ التالي لاحظ اختلاف نوع الجملة و اختلاف اداة الربط

that تربط "فاعل

1- "I can make a cake." (Shaimaa told Aya)

Shaima'a told Aya that she could make ...

مصدر to تربط "فعل

2- "Open your book , Dalia."(asked Rana)

- Rana asked Dalia to open her book.

if تربط " ?فعل مساعد "

3- "Can you swim, Ahmed?" (asked Amgad)

Amgad asked Ahmed if he could swim.

- "Did you make a cake, Reham?"(asked Salwa)

Salwa asked Reham if she had made a cake

بنفس الاداة تربط " ?اداة استفهام "

4- "How old are you, Shorok ?" (asked Ahmed)

Ahmed asked Shorok how old she was.

5 - "Why did you come late, Shereen?" (asked the teacher

The teacher asked Shereen why she had come late.

REMEMBER

يحول المضارع الى ماض بشرط ان لا يكون 1- فعل القول في المضارع □ - جملة القول حقيقة 3- وجود (just now)

تحذف (do /does /did) مع تحويل did إلى had + p.p

- "Did you phone Eman, Dalia?" (asked Rana)

3 - تحذف (Do not) مع استخدام not to

- She said , "Don't play in the street." (to)

□ - تحول هذه الكلمات

Today = that day - yesterday = the last day - tomorrow = the next day

5- في سؤال الاختيار

دائما نختار الإجابة المرتبة فاعل ثم فعل مباشرة بعد اداة الربط نستبعد الإجابة التي تحتوى على do /does/did

لاحظ أن prefer يأتي بعدها الفعل مضافا له ing و عند وجود فعل آخر في الجملة يوضع قبله to ثم ing بينما

would rather يأتي بعده الفعل في المصدر و عند وجود فعل آخر في الجملة يوضع قبله than ثم المصدر

He prefers going to the cinema to walking. ('d rather)

He'd rather go to the cinema than walk.

تستخدم neither قبل المختلف الاول و nor قبل المختلف الثاني

4- I did not see Ali. I did not see his brother. (neither...nor)

➤ I saw neither Ali nor his brother. / I neither saw Ali nor his brother.

32. He didn't phone me. He didn't write to me. (neither)

➤ He neither phoned nor wrote to me.

33. Safy didn't have a pen. She didn't have his books (neither)

➤ Safy neither had a pen nor her books.

تستخدم either قبل الاختيار الاول و or قبل الاختيار الثاني

11- Salem may be in Port Said. He may be in Alexandria. (either..... or)

➤ Salem may be either in Port Said or Alexandria.

31. I'm not sure. He may be at home. He may be at work. (either... or)

➤ He may be either at home or at work.

تستخدم not only قبل الاسم - الفعل الاول و but also قبل الاسم - الفعل الثاني

29 . Ahmed has been playing tennis. He been running, too. (not only)

➤ Ahmed hasn't only been playing tennis but he has also been running.

30. Samy did his homework and cleaned his room. (not only...)

➤ Samy didn't only do his homework, but he also cleaned the room.

5- The English travellers were crossing deserts and jungles. (not only...but)

➤ The English travellers were crossing not only deserts but also jungles.

تستخدم so امام صفة الجملة الاولى و that ورائها

6- The film was very interesting. I want to see it again. (so... that)

➤ The film was so interesting that I want to see it again.

34 . She is too short to play basketball. (so... that)

➤ She is so short that she can't play basketball.

35. The weather was very humid. We didn't want to walk. (so... that)

➤ The weather was so humid that we didn't want to walk.

تستخدم المصدر بعد to و لكن الفاعل ثم فعل ناقص بعد so that

Samia went to the market to buy vegetables. (so that)

➤ Samia went to the market so that she could buy vegetables.

I learn English so that I can travel overseas. (in order to)

➤ I learn English in order to travel overseas.

He ran quickly in order to catch the bus. (so that)

➤ He ran quickly so that he could catch the bus.

نستخدم أى فعل ناقص مع المصدر اذا كانت الجملة مضارع و لكن مع الماضى نضيف مع المصدر have+pp

20. I didn't do my homework last night. (should)

➤ I should have done my homework last night.

23. The thief didn't steal the money. The door was locked. (can't)

➤ The thief can't have stolen the money. The door was locked.

مع التاكيد نستخدم will – won't ومع الشك نستخدم may ومع عدم المعرفة نستخدم might

24. It is possible that we will win the final match. (might)

➤ We might win the final match.

Do you mind if I + inf. = Can I + inf.

1- Can I borrow your CD, please? (mind)

Do you mind if I borrow your CD?

توضع would you mind محل can you ولكن يأتي بعدها الفعل مضافا له ing

2- Can you close the window, please? (mind)

Would you mind closing the window, please?

توضع Despite محل Although ولكن يأتي بعدها اسم أو (v + ing)

3- Although she ran very quickly, Soha lost the race. (Despite)

Despite running very quickly, Soha lost the race

تحذف However من وسط الجملة وتوضع Although في أول الجملة

4- He is tired. However, he studies a lot. (Although)

Although he is tired, he studies a lot.

توضع so بدلا من because ولكن مع ضرورة عكس الجملتين

5 – He went to hospital because he was very ill. (so)

He was ill so he went to hospital.

توضع Why don't we بدلا من Let's دون تغيير في الفعل بعدها

6- Let's go for a walk in the afternoon. (Why)

Why don't we go for a walk in the afternoon?

يستخدم التعبير If I were you, I'd بدلا من You should

7- You should do exercise every day. (If I were)

If I were you, I'd do exercise every day.

تحذف Although من أول الجملة وتوضع but في وسط الجملة

8- Although he isn't rich, he's happy. (but)

He isn't rich but he is happy.

توضع Do you mind if I بدلا من Could I

9- Could I open the window, please? (mind)

Do you mind if I open the window?

يستخدم belongs to me بدلا من is mine

10- This new bag belongs to me. (mine)

This new bag is mine.

11- I think Hala is a polite girl. (opinion)

In my opinion

يستخدم In my opinion بدلا من I think

تستخدم Let's بدلا من Why don't we دون تغيير في الفعل بعدها

Why don't we play chess now ?

Let's play chess now .

تستخدم You shouldn't بدلا من I advise you to مع ملاحظة استخدام many محل few

I advise you to eat few sweets. (shouldn't)

You shouldn't eat many sweets.

تحذف but من وسط الجملة وتوضع Although في أول الجملة

They waited for an hour, but he didn't come.

(Although)

Although they waited for an hour, he didn't come.

عندما يكون الجملتين أو أحدهما في المستقبل وطلب استخدام If نستخدم الحالة الأولى مع ملاحظة جعل الجملة المثبتة

منفية و الجملة المنفية مثبتة

He will go to bed early, so he will get up early.

(If)

If he doesn't go to bed early, he won't get up early.

عندما تكون الجملتين أو أحدهما في المضارع و طلب استخدام If نستخدم الحالة الثانية مع ملاحظة جعل الجملة المنفية

مثبتة و الجملة المثبتة منفية

He isn't tall, so he can't play basketball.

(If)

If he were tall, he would play basketball.

إذا كانت الجملتين أو أحدهما في الماضي نستخدم الحالة الثالثة مع ضرورة جعل المثبت منفي

و المنفي مثبت و نستخدم الجملة التي تلي because بعد If مباشرة

She didn't go to school because she was ill.

(If)

If she hadn't been ill, she would have gone to school.

He couldn't catch the train because he walked slowly.

(If)

► If he had / hadn't walked faster (slowly), he would have caught the train.

تستخدم before - by the time في وسط الجملة علي أن يأتي قبلها الماضي التام (الحدث الأول) و بعدها الماضي

البسيط (الحدث الثاني) وتحذف كلمة then

16- Nadia cooked the food. Then her visitors arrived . (by the time)

Nadia had cooked the food by the time her visitors arrived .

20- The thieves left the supermarket. Then the police arrived . (before)

The thieves had left the supermarket before the police arrived .

عند استخدام After نحذف by the time من وسط الجملة ونأتي بجملة الماضي التام بعد After ثم جملة الماضي

البسيط بعدها

17- Nadia had cooked the food by the time her visitors arrived . (After)

After Nadia had cooked the food, her visitors arrived .

Ashraf saw his marks. Then he ran to tell his father. (as soon as)

► Ashraf ran to tell his father as soon as he saw (had seen) his marks.

Hala learned to use the computer. Then she taught her sister. (After)

► After Hala had learned to use the computer, she taught her sister.

تحذف Although من أول الجملة وتوضع However في وسط الجملة

18- Although Hesham wanted to go home, He hadn't finished his work. (However)

Hesham wanted to go home. However, he hadn't finished his work.

جمل عامة

37. I'm happy because I'll visit the pyramids. (looking forward to)

► I'm looking forward to visiting the pyramids.

38. I was very happy at the Zoo. (myself)

► I enjoyed myself at the Zoo.

39. I don't mind living in the country. (used to)

► I am used to living in the country.

40- Children go to primary school when they are 6 years old. (age)

► Children go to primary school at the age of 6 years old.

السؤال السابع

Read and correct the underlined words

يعتمد هذا السؤال على القواعد و الكلمات وحروف الجر. السؤال من 4 درجات عبارة عن 4 نقاط كل نقطة من درجة .

- 1- Samir has decided plays the match with the team. >to play
- 2- Salma is naughty. She always gets high marks. >clever
- 3- My sister's blouse makes of silk. >is made
- 4- Zaki swims in the sea. He is a good swimming. >swimmer
- 5- Salma hears the phone and looked up. >heard
- 6- Ahmed used to getting good marks. >is used
- 7- Mona is ill. She mustn't take her medicine. >must
- 8- Sami is fond of plays football at the club. >playing
- 9- Ahmed took an English test next week. >last
- 10- Sally went to the bakery to buy a book. >some bread
- 11- Nadia agreed to buy the toy because it was expensive. >although
- 12- I must buy goods for more money than I sell them for. >less
- 13 . We helped the man who son was ill. >whose
14. She wants to know why does he look sad. >he looks
15. Minia is the city when Ali lives. >Where
16. I like watching planes when they take for or land. >off
17. I'm sorry I can't come to the party. I which I could. >wish
18. There was a large crowded of people on the bus. >crowd
19. Mother told me that play in the street. >not to
20. He asked me of I had another pen. >if
21. Salma asked her father of taking her to the zoo. >to take
22. I finished the homework whose the teacher gave me. >which
23. E-mail is an easy way to get of touch with friends. >with
24. They decided buying a new car. >to buy
25. Always buy goods for more than you sell them for. >less
26. Mona is ill. She mustn't take her medicine. >should
27. My sister's blouse makes of silk. >is made
28. This watch is made of gold. It might be expensive. >must
29. We'll meet at six o'clock in the car's park. >car park
30. She went to the bookshop to she could buy a book . >so that

31. Father came **during** her mother was making a cake.
32. Amr saw many films. Samy saw **the most** than him.
- 33 . Egypt exported **less** oranges in 2004 than in 2003.
34. He is so clever **then** he finished the test first.
35. Nagy mended the car by **itself**, Nobody helped him.
36. We'd rather **watching** a video at home.
37. I'm sure he **may** come tomorrow.
38. The baby was crying. I could **hard** hear you.
39. Ali **shouldn't smoked** in the petrol station yesterday.
40. I got a dictionary **to** I could look up new words.
41. Salma **must** take a taxi to school. It is near.
41. If I were you, I'll help poor people.
42. Belal didn't **always** play well, but he also scored a goal.
43. Martin white was used to **go** into the jungle alone.
44. Samy was **too** upset that he refused to eat.
45. Ahmed **used** to getting good marks.
46. Soha sounds **hopeless**. She thinks she will do well.
47. Salma is ill. She **mustn't** take her medicine.
48. You should **saw** a doctor yesterday.
49. You'd better **studying** hard.
- 50 . Ahmed has visited neither India **or** China.
51. The opposite of "rude" is "**quiet**".

- **while**
- **more**
- **fewer**
- **that**
- **himself**
- **watch**
- **will**
- **hardly**
- **shouldn't have**
- **so that**
- **doesn't have to**
- **would**
- **only**
- **going**
- **so**
- **is sued**
- **hopeful**
- **should**
- **see**
- **study**
- **nor**
- **polite**

السؤال الثامن

Write paragraph (letter)

يعتمد هذا السؤال على كتابتي موضوع أو خطاب يعتمد أساسا على لغتك واستخدامك للقواعد والكلمات وحروف الجر. السؤال من 5 درجات
أوعى تجاوب على الأسئلة ب yes / no

Paragraph Writing

➤ Write a paragraph of five (5) sentences on: 1- " Shopping"

🧠 You may use the information provided:

- mother- shopping - week. ➤ butcher - meat. ➤ greengrocer - fruit - vegetables. ➤ baker - bread – cakes.
- grocer – buy.

Model Answer

"Shopping"

My mother goes shopping every week. She buys only a little meat at the butcher's. She buys lots of fruit and vegetables at the greengrocer's. She gets bread at the baker's, but she never buys cakes. Mum likes to bake her own cakes. Mum goes to the grocer's to buy milk, eggs, cheese and sugar.

2- "The Summer holiday"

🧠 Use the following questions for guidance:

- Where will you spend the Summer holiday? ➤ Where is the place located?
- Who will you go with? How will you go there? ➤ Why will you go there?
- How long will you stay there?

Model Answer

The summer holiday

I will spend the Summer holiday in Alexandria. It's located on the sea shore north of Egypt. I will go with my family. We will go there by train. We will go there to enjoy its fine weather and the beaches. We will stay there for a month.

3 - "Reading"

🧠 Use the questions below for guidance:

- Is reading important for students only or for all? ➤ Who advise students to read?
- Where do they go to borrow books? ➤ What do many people read every morning?
- What do young people like to read? Why?

Model Answer

Reading

Reading is important for all. Teachers and parents advise students to read. Students go to libraries to borrow books. Many people read newspapers every morning. Young people like to read stories and magazines. Some people read for pleasure but most of them read for knowledge.

4- "Egypt"

Location	north east Africa
Climate	hot and dry in Summer – warm and rainy in Winter
Main crops	cotton, rice and sugar cane
Capital	Cairo
Population	70 million people

Model Answer

Egypt

Egypt is located in north east Africa. Its climate is hot and dry in Summer but it's warm and rainy in Winter. Egypt's main crops are cotton, rice and sugar cane. Cairo is its capital. About 70 million of people live there.

5. "A visit to the zoo"

 Use the information in the table below:

When	With whom	How you went	What did you do	When...back
Last Friday	friends	By bus	Watch the high dam, took photos	evening

Model Answer

"A visit to the zoo"

Last Friday, I went on a school trip to the zoo. I went with my friends. We went by bus. We watched the animals there and took photos. We came back home at 8 o'clock in the evening.

6. "An interesting trip"

 Make use of the following questions:

- When did you go? ➤ Where did you go?
- Who did you go with? ➤ What did you take with you?
- How long did you stay there? How did you enjoy your time?

Model Answer

An interesting trip

Last Friday, we had an interesting trip. We went to Minia park. We went in a school trip. We took food and drinks with us. We stayed there for 6 hours. We enjoyed playing different games in the games city funfair (لملاهي)

7- “Your favourite sport”

 **Make use of the following questions:**

- What is your favourite sport?
- Where do you play it?
- Who do you play it with?
- How do you win at it?
- Who is your favourite player in it?
- Is it a popular sport or not?

Model Answer

Your favourite sport

My favourite sport is football. I usually play it in the club or at school. I play it with my friends. We win at football by scoring the most goals. Abu Trekaa is my favourite player. It is a very popular sport.

8- “Our school library”

 **Make use of the following questions:**

- When do you usually go to the library?
- Why do you go there?
- Who helps you there?
- Who do you go with?
- What kind of books do you prefer to read?
- Do you enjoy reading competitions there?

Model Answer

Our school library

I usually go to the library during the break. I go with my friends and classmates. I go there to read books and magazines. I prefer reading adventure stories and science books. The librarian helps me a lot there. I enjoy the reading completions there so much.

Letter and E-mail Writing

1- Write a letter to your cousin Amir

 Tell him that you have won a computer as a prize in a competition.

 Tell him how you won the prize, how many persons took part in the I competition, and who helped you to learn to use the computer.

➤ *Your name is Mohsen. You live at 20 Abbasia Street, Cairo.*

Model Answer

20 Abbasia Street,
Cairo.
19th May, 2008.

Dear Amir,

I've won a computer in a competition! We had a reading competition at school and I read the most books. Two hundred students took part in the competition. My older brother helped me learn to use the new computer. Now, I can write letters and e-mails to my friends.

The final touch

Mr. Ramadan eisa

Best wishes

Mohsen

- Write a letter to your friend Tamer, in Alexandria with his family.

- 🧠 Ask him to tell you about his school and his family.
- 🧠 Invite him to visit you in Cairo during the summer holidays.
- 🧠 Tell him how he will enjoy this visit.
- Your name is Sherif. You live at 30, Makram Ebaid Street, Nasr City, Cairo.

Model Answer

30 Makram Ebid Street,
Nasr city,
Cairo.
15th May, 2008.

Dear Tamer,

How is everything at school? How is your family? Tell me about them. Why don't you come to visit us in Cairo this summer? We can go to the museum and the pyramids. There are many other interesting things in Cairo. I hope you will stay with us for a week or more. Best wishes.

Your friend

Mohsen

1- Write an e-mail to your pen friend Allan, who lives in England inviting him to visit Egypt for a week.

- Tell him about yourself and your family.
- Invite him to come to visit Egypt during the summer holidays.
- Tell him about the places he'll visit.
- Finish the e-mail.
- Allan's e-mail address is : allan@eng.com.
- Your name is Mustafa and your e-mail address is: mustafa@finalexams.com.

Model Answer

To : allan@eng.com.
From : mustafa@finalexams.com.
About : Invitation.

Dear Allan

Greetings from Egypt. I'm writing to you to tell you about myself and my family. I have just finished my exams and I'm waiting for the results. I have had the summer holiday. Would you like to come to Egypt during the summer holiday? You will enjoy our beaches and monuments. Tell if would come. Best wishes.

Yours

Mustafa

[A]- Answer the following questions:

1- *What name did the professor give to the discovered sea?*

➤ *The Lidenbrock Sea.*

2- *What did Hans make to help them explore the sea?*

➤ *A raft.*

3- *What animals did they see on the sea shore?*

➤ *The mammoths.*

4- *Which character do you like best in the story? Why?*

➤ *Hans as he was brave, calm and sensible. He knows the way to Sneffles.*

5- *What was strange about the people that the group saw?*

➤ *They were very big and more than three metres tall.*

6- *Why did Arne Saknussemm, carve his initials A.S. on a stone at the entrance of the tunnel?*

➤ *To guide travellers on their way to the journey to the centre of the earth.*

7- *How did Axel blow the rock up?*

➤ *By using gunpowder.*

8- *What did the group lose while going down on water at a great speed?*

➤ *Everything they owned. The only thing left is biscuits and a piece of meat.*

9- *How did Hans and Axel make a huge hole in the rock?*

➤ *By Hans's pickaxe.*

10- *What happened after the explosion?*

➤ *A huge hole opened in the rock and the became one big wave.*

11- *Why did the P.L think they were in the middle of an active volcano?*

➤ *Because the compass was going crazy in all directions.*

12- *Where did the volcano throw the three men?*

➤ *The volcano threw them in Stromboli in the south coast of Italy.*

13- *What noise did Axel hear when he woke up?*

➤ *Waves crashing on the shore of a sea.*

14- *How was the noise that awakened Axel?*

➤ *It was like thunder.*

15- *Why did P.L ask Axel to call again? How far was him?*

➤ *To know the distance between them. 6 k.m.*

16- *Why did Axel faint on his way to meet his uncle and Hans?*

➤ *Because the path was steep so his head hit a sharp rock and fainted.*

17- What did the professor call the sea? Where was it?

➤ *Lidenbrock Sea. It was under the ground.*

18- What did the team see and find a long the sea shore?

➤ *Mushrooms, taller trees and bones of extinct animals.*

19- How were the plants under the ground different?

➤ *Taller and bigger.*

20- Who mad the raft? How? Why?

➤ *Hans. Cut down some trees and tied them together. To cross the sea.*

21- How did Hans try fishing? What did he catch?

➤ *He tied a hook with some meat into a rope. A strange fish.*

22- How did P.L. try to find out the depth of the sea?

➤ *He tied a pickaxe onto a long rope but it didn't reach the bottom.*

23- What name did the professor give to the island?

➤ *Axel Island.*

24- Why did the team leave the island quickly?

➤ *Because it was very hot and trembled under their feet.*

25- How was the storm useful to the team?

➤ *It helped them to reach the other shore.*

26- What did the team see on the other shore?

➤ *Mammoths, strange forest and a shepherd.*

27- What proves that men used to live in that sea shore?

➤ *They found a skull of a human and saw a giant man.*

28- Who recognized the mammoths? How?

➤ *Axel. He had seen pictures of them in his science books.*

29- What was strange about the knife they found? Why?

➤ *It was rough. Someone used it to write on a rock.*

30- Where did they find the letters "A.S" ? what did they mean?

➤ *On a rock near a tunnel. Arne Saknussem.*

31- Why did Saknussem carve his name on the rock?

➤ *To guide other scientists.*

32- How did Axel and Hans try to break the rock at first?

➤ *By pickaxes but it was too hard and huge.*

33- How did Axel and Hans break the rock that blocked their way?

➤ *By gunpowder.*

34- Why wasn't Axel worried about losing their food?

➤ *Because he thought that they would be killed soon.*

35- How did they know that they were inside an active volcano?

➤ *The compass was going crazy and the water was boiling.*

36- How was the active volcano useful to the team?

➤ *It took them to the surface of the earth.*

37- How did they know that they were in Italy?

➤ *They found a boy who spoke only Italian.*

38- How were the people in San Vincenzo helpful and kind?

➤ *They gave them food, drink and new clothes.*

[B]- Complete the following to make meaningful sentences:

1- While Axel was running along the shore, he sawin the sand.

➤ *something shining / a knife.*

2- The professor and Axel felt sorry when Hans decided to return to Iceland because

➤ *they loved him as he was calm and sensible.*

3- The knife which Axel found was rough because

➤ *someone had used to carve his name on a stone.*

4- There was lava everywhere, so Axel fainted because of.....

➤ *the heat. It was unbearable.*

5- They were not in Iceland because

➤ *the sun was very hot and the ground was dry.*

6- A volcano had thrown the team out of the crater and they returned to

➤ *the surface of the earth.*

7- The light inside the cave was.....

➤ *unlike sunlight or moonlight. It was cold and white.*

8- The fish that Hans caught was.....

➤ *extinct, it had a flat head but no tail or eyes.*

9- The giant mushrooms, they had seen, looked like

➤ *giant umbrellas.*

10- Although the sea monsters were terrifying, they

➤ *didn't attack the raft.*

11- The travelers were not afraid of the mammoths, but

➤ *they were afraid of the shepherd.*

12- As the raft continued to go up in the chimney

➤ *the water under it got hotter and hotter.*

13- Axel's doubts about the journey disappeared when

➤ *he saw the letters "AS".*

14- They had to break the rock in the tunnel because

➤ *it blocked their way to the centre of the earth.*

15- The pickaxe, the professor threw, didn't reach the bottom

➤ *because the sea was deeper.*

16- As soon as the gunpowder had exploded

➤ *a huge hole opened in the rock and the sea became one big wave.*

17- The team lost every thing they owned because

➤ *the waves swept them.*

18- The compass was going crazy because

➤ *they were inside an active volcano.*

19- Axel and the professor wanted Hans to stay in Hamburg but

➤ *he decided to go home in Iceland.*

20- The people in Hamburg believed the story of the journey because

➤ *Hans was with them and there was news from Iceland about the journey.*

21- Although the team had entered the centre of the earth through an extinct volcano, they came back

➤ *through an active volcano.*

22- As soon as the team saw the letters A.S, they knew

➤ *that Arne Saknussemm had been there before them.*

23- The team have to blow up the huge rock to

➤ *reach the centre of the earth.*

24- P.L. wasn't upset about being inside an active volcano as

➤ *it would take them to the surface of the earth.*

الامتحان التعليمي

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